

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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Prepared by:

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the City including: List of Principal Officials, Organization Chart, Transmittal Letter from the Finance Director and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2013

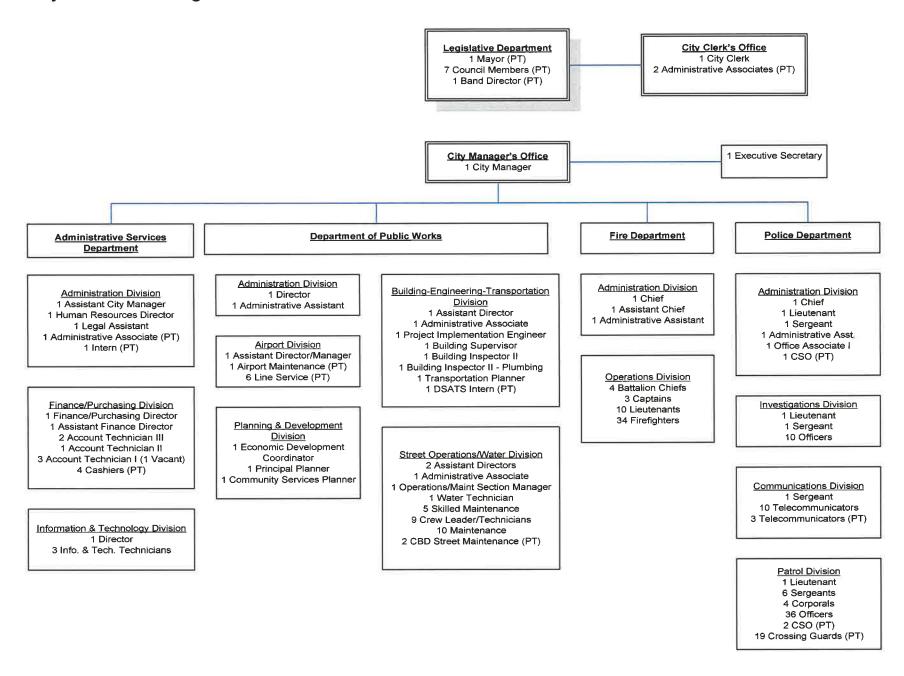
LEGISLATIVE

Mayor: John Rey

City Clerk: Elizabeth Peerboom

Ward 1:	David Jacobson, Alderman
Ward 2:	William Finucane, Alderman
Ward 3:	Kristen Lash, Alderman
Ward 4:	Robert Snow, Alderman
Ward 5:	Ronald Naylor, Alderman
Ward 6:	David Baker, Alderman
Ward 7:	Monica O'Leary, Alderman
ADMINISTR	RATIVE
Interim City Manager:	Rudy Espiritu
Police Chief:	Eugene Lowery
Fire Chief:	Eric Hicks
City Engineer:	Joel Maurer
Public Works Director:	T. J. Moore
Finance Director:	Laura Pisarcik
Assistant Finance Director:	Ted Kozinski

City of DeKalb Organizational Chart





DEKALB MUNICIPAL BUILDING 200 SOUTH FOURTH STREET. DEKALB, ILLINOIS 60115

Phone: (815) 748-2000 Fax: (815) 748-2304

December 9, 2013

Mayor John Rey & DeKalb City Council Mr. Rudy Espiritu, Interim City Manager Citizens of DeKalb

We are pleased to forward for your consideration the City of DeKalb's FY 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2013. It has been done so in accordance with generally accepted governmental accounting principles and the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of DeKalb's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Government Profile of the City of DeKalb, Illinois

General Information

The City of DeKalb, incorporated in 1856, is a home-rule municipality with an estimated population of 44,030. The community, comprised of some 12 square miles, is a 30-minute drive to the high growth cities of Aurora and Naperville, and only a little more than an hour away from both downtown Chicago and O'Hare International Airport. Yet, in spite of its proximity to the Chicago region, the City remains apart, maintaining its own unique character as a rapidly growing university community with both urban and rural roots. Many of its older neighborhoods have brick paved streets and well-kept historic homes while the edge of the City bustles with new residential and commercial development.

In 1961, a Council-Manager form of government was adopted. Seven aldermen are elected, one in each of the seven wards, and aldermanic elections are held every two years, at which time half of the City Council is elected. The Mayor is elected, at large, every four years. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and all other employees are appointed by the City Manager. The elected officials determine policy while professional appointed officials implement policy.

As a home-rule unit of government under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, the City has no tax rate limit or debt limit, nor is it required to seek referendum approval to raise its tax rate or to issue debt. The City Manager serves as the administrative head of the City and is in charge of the day-to-day operations of the City and its 181 full-time and 48 part-time employees. Hourly employees are represented by the Fraternal Order of Police Lodge #115, Local 1236 of the International Association of Firefighters, and Local 813 of the American Federation of State, County & Municipal Employees.

The DeKalb Public Library was established in 1893. Its present building, which was constructed in 1931, has been remodeled and an addition was constructed in 1979. In FY2011, the library participated in the Prairie Area Library System (PALS) which allowed patrons access to over 300 member agency collections. In July 2011, PALS will merge into the RAILS multi-regional library system to grant DeKalb residents access to more than 3,700 public, private, university, and school library members within a 27,000 square mile area covering northern and western Illinois.

For auditing purposes, the Library is considered a "discretely presented" component unit of government which, although a legally separate entity, is in substance a part of the City of DeKalb's operations. Therefore, in the CAFR, the Library's audited financial data is presented in a separate column in the entity-wide financial statements to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of DeKalb's financial planning and control. These controls are intended to ensure that there is compliance with the legal provisions of the annual budget approved by the Mayor and City Council. Activities of the governmental and proprietary funds are included in the approved annual budget. The level of budgetary control is established at the fund, department, and divisional levels. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end; however, encumbrances generally are re-budgeted as part of the following year's budget.

Historical Backdrop

Founded in 1837, DeKalb remained a small community until the arrival of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad in 1853. DeKalb's central location brought easier shipping of crops and access to larger markets.

The agricultural trade remained the primary economic activity until around 1873 when farmer Joseph Glidden developed barbed wire and began commercial mass production of his new invention. Glidden sold half of his interest to hardware merchant Isaac L. Ellwood and together the two formed the Barb Fence Company. Two months after Glidden filed his application for a patent, local lumber salesman, Jacob Haish, also applied for a patent and on June 25, 1874, ran interference papers against Glidden's patent. After 18 years of legal wrangling, Glidden's patent was declared the "Winner" and the subsequent boom in industry gave DeKalb a place in history and the nickname "Barb City".

The founding of Northern Illinois State Normal School in 1895 enhanced the DeKalb community by adding the academic and research atmosphere to the region. The oldest building on campus, Altgeld Hall, opened in 1899 and was rededicated in 2004 after undergoing substantial renovation and restoration work.

Agriculture still remained important through the years, and in 1912, the DeKalb County Farm Bureau was among the first to establish an organization and hire a farm advisor to carry out the responsibilities of farm bureau work. While in the 1930s, the DeKalb Ag Research Corporation marketed its first hybrid seed corn.

Economic Condition

Local economy

For Fiscal Year 2013 budget the Council continued its conservative approach, which has been reflective in this audit year. The effects of the global recession on our local economy were demonstrated through unemployment rates at historical highs; decline in overall EAV growth (particularly in industrial and residential categories); and reduced local taxable sales. With these conservative budget projections, the operations in the General Fund came in at a surplus of \$483,797 in Fiscal Year 2013. So, the total fund balance in the General fund ended with a positive balance of \$5,220,937 at the end of Fiscal Year 2013. This equates to 18.73 percent of expenditures.

Economic stability continues in the education and health industries in DeKalb. Northern Illinois University is a comprehensive teaching and research institution with student enrollment of more than 23,000. Kishwaukee Community Hospital also has a significant economic presence that provides employment to more than 1,200 healthcare professionals and staff. Other large private employers include 3M, Wal-Mart, the Target Distribution Center, Tegrant, American Marketing, and the Nestle Corporation.

Because of its location in a region with a diversified economic base, unemployment remains variable. During the past ten years, the unemployment rate has ranged from a low of 3.8 percent (2006) to a high of 10.3 percent (2013).

Long-term Financial Planning

Excluding amounts restricted, committed or assigned for various purposes, the ending fund balance in the General Fund's was 18.73 percent of actual expenditures. This amount continues toward the City's fund balance goal of 25%, which was recently adopted by the City Council in February 2010. In order to attain a 25% fund balance, the City is planning to accumulate 3% per year over a 5-year period and reach the 25% fund balance by FY 2016.

The City has shown with the conservative approach toward revenues and cuts with expenditures, it will achieve the goal of 25% of fund balance for the General Fund.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City Council has in place several key written financial policies including a fund balance policy, capitalization policy, investment policy, debt management policy and purchasing policy. In addition, the City has a multi-year plan for capital equipment purchases.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments during the Year

During FY2013, the City was able to initiate and/or complete a variety of projects, programs and activities designed to meet identified community needs. These included:

Legislative Department

- Provided over \$150,000 of general revenues for the Human Services Program, benefiting numerous local social service agencies
- Sponsored 12 summer concerts by the DeKalb Municipal Band. The band started in 1854 and has had the longest continuous service in the State of Illinois
- Continued sponsorship of the Senior Citizens Utility Assistance Program for local senior residents of limited income to receive reduced water rates, free refuse service,

and a rebate of all utility taxes they pay to the municipality

Office of the City Clerk

- Attended approximately 60 Committee of the Whole, Regular Executive and Special Council meetings and prepared Minutes for all;
- Prepared Agendas for Council meetings;
- Prepared ordinances and resolutions for Council approval and passage;
- Updated Municipal Code with amendments as passed by Council;
- Responded to Freedom of Information Act requests in a timely manner;
- Maintain filing system for City ordinances, resolutions, agreements, etc.
- Completed FOIA and OMA training with certifications;
- Issued renewal licenses for Fire Life Safety, Rooming House, Gas Stations, Tobacco, etc.; registered new businesses for licenses and coordinated with Fire Prevention Officer;
- Registered voters;

Administrative Services Department

- Achieved the Government Finance Officers Association Award "Excellence in Financial Reporting" for the 19th consecutive year
- Switch to new Financial Software Package
- Implemented Housing Task Force recommendations
- Finished Housing Study with Northern Illinois University
- Brought "Communiversity in Bloom" planters in conjunction with Northern Illinois University
- Worked with Public Library to obtain State Grant to build new library
- Issued \$8M bonds and contributed \$2M TIF funds toward construction of new library
- Issued \$12.7M bonds for Police Station construction
- Negotiated a new lease and operating agreement with Barb City Manor
- Studied TIF Feasibility for new TIF Districts on South Fourth Street and Sycamore Road
- Gave City 5-year progress report to City Council
- Updated Downtown Plan
- Updated Financial Consultant Report
- Established a graphic standards guide for the City
- Executed IGA to transfer parcels at Hopkins Park, Glidden/Taylor, and Dawn/David to Park District
- Implemented improvements to downtown parking
- Retained ISO rating
- Helped update Emergency Operations Plan
- Completed update of liquor code
- Implemented Administrative Tow Ordinance
- Executed new video gaming license
- Patented City logo
- Tested for entry level Patrol Officer
- Created testing process for lateral Patrol Officer
- Tested for entry level Firefighter/Paramedic
- Tested promotional for Battalion Chief, Fire Captain and Fire Lieutenant
- Established of Safety Committee
- Established of Wellness Committee
- Helped in Police and Fire Department promotions and reorganization
- Initiated 360 review process for police promotions
- Reviewed and revised hiring procedures

- Outsourced background investigations for Fire applicants
- Finalized FOP collective bargaining agreement from arbitration decision
- Reduced City's OPEB liability from \$40M to \$20M
- Retained bond rating from Moody's at AA2
- Joined the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) for investment options
- Executed IGA to join local government debt recovery program through State of Illinois
- Achieved the Government Finance Officers Association Award "Excellence in Financial Reporting" for the 18th consecutive year
- Achieved Certificate of Transparency from Illinois Policy Institute
- Upgraded Finance Software
- Upgraded Public Safety software
- Migrated to new GIS software
- Enhanced Channel 14 programming
- Set up Employee Access for Paychecks online

Police Department

- The Police Department moved in to their new headquarters located at 700 W. Lincoln Highway.
- Several police vehicles were replaced and the fleet also added a prisoner transport vehicle and a canine vehicle.
- The Police Department established formal joint policing initiatives with several regional law enforcement partners.
- The newly formed Domestic Violence Unit was deployed to address the increasing demands for service regarding domestic violence and to implement strategies to reduce repeat incidents and protect innocents from our most dangerous offenders.
- Several community based programs were introduced to include the Adopt a School Program, the formation of the Youth in Need Task Force, the Not on our Campus, Not in our Community program, the Resident Officer Program, the Crime Free Housing Program, IWatch, and a dedicated community relations officer were introduced.
- With the implementation of our new Records Management, Computer Aided
 Dispatch, and Field Based Reporting technology we took a significant step toward our
 Intelligence Driven Policing model, which puts police officer in the areas at the right
 time to address specific crime problems.
- Several community based grants were received from Target, Allstate Insurance, Nestle, 3M, Phi Sigma Kappa, Castle Bank, Wal-Mart, DeKalb County Community Foundation, and over \$52,000 dollar Illinois Department of Transportation grant for selective enforcement traffic details.
- The DeKalb Police Department received two community awards one from the Target Corporation for being in the top ten nationwide for our National Night Out program and another from the DeKalb County Partnership for a Substance Abuse Free Environment (DCP/SAFE) being given their Award of Excellence for 2013.

Fire Department

- Completed a rewrite of the City of DeKalb Emergency Operations Plan to make it up to date and NIMS compliant
- Completed ISO review for City of DeKalb and DeKalb Fire Protection District ratings
- Continued partnerships within the community and the region to enhance the service level to our citizens
- Continued partnership with NIU to coordinate and improved Public Safety at Special Events

- Continued working with DeKalb County LEPC to maintain and improve County's Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan to chemical incidents
- Continued working with DeKalb County Emergency Planning Committee to maintain and improve County's Emergency Planning
- Continued working with FEMA Region 5 and other members of RCPT to establish
 Nationally Regional Sheltering and Distribution sites in the event of a federal disaster
- Continued Citywide NIMS implementation.
- Continued to provide training for Resident Assistants at NIU
- Participated in the DeKalb County Hazard Mitigation Plan committee to update the County's plan
- Continued to inspect all rooming houses, restaurants, gas stations, and places of assembly
- Maintained status as a Level "A" TRT and Haz Mat Team under the MABAS Statewide Mutual Aid Plan
- Enhanced the level of training of many team members using resources available through state and federal funds to reduce local costs
- Completed reorganization of the fire department
- Successfully implemented hotel inspections
- Hired additional firefighters to fill vacant positions without increasing staffing costs to the city
- Began process to purchase a fire engine through a zero percent state loan
- Obtained a grant from OSFM to replace firefighter gear and began implementation of purchase
- Obtained a grant from IDPH and purchased two AEDs
- Obtained a grant from DeKalb County Community Foundation and purchased a Lucas compression tool to assist with CPR
- Purchased a semi-tractor
- Completed roof and wall repairs to Station 3
- Began process to remodel Fire Station #2
- Completed a rewrite of the Fire Department Rules and Regulations
- Implemented new CAD dispatching system, made changes to station response districts
- Implemented new fire reporting software program
- Implemented new training records management system

Public Works Department

- Received grant for Kishwaukee River bike path from Route 38 to Prairie Park
- Applied for funding of the missing sidewalk on Dresser Road between Annie Glidden Road through a Transportation Enhancement grant
- Finished replacing the two lane Bethany Road bridge with a four lane structure with bike path on one side
- Achieve a 16^t consecutive Tree City USA award from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources.
- Coordinate with architect and construction manager the construction of a new police station.
- Monitor the financial stability of Water Resources Division through analysis of various rate and service fees to meet the true cost of providing services Achieve full compliance with all Federal and State EPA water standards.
- Reduce unaccounted water loss to 7% or less.
- Achieve 17th consecutive year of compliance with the Illinois Fluoridation Act.
- Maintain the high standard of water quality for the City by achieving compliance with all State and Federal water quality standards.
- Continue to implement a comprehensive marketing plan with precise steps to reach out to the aviation community to foster growth in commercial and general aviation.

- Pursue land acquisition to complete the preservation of the Runway Protection Zone
- Continue to expand the NICE program to promote more volunteer assistance coupled with inspiring a positive relationship in resolving property maintenance issues in various parts of the City.
- Improve snow removal efficiency through training and scheduling revisions.
- Adopt hybrid code for the downtown.
- Update 2005s Comprehensive Plan.
- Establish a business license program.
- Incentivize green or sustainable development.
- Expand electronic communications with residents, businesses, students, and other groups within the City.
- Streamline development permitting process.
- GREEN UP the ELH Corridor.
- Implement new impact fees and criteria for public improvements.
- Continue to implement the vision for the 5th Ward North District.
- Review and evaluate the Planning & Development fee schedules.
- Research options for adopting overlay zoning districts in established neighborhoods.
- Complete the airport utility plan.
- Complete fiber optics installation at DTMA.
- Educate and train inspectors and the public on the newly adopted (1/28/10) State of Illinois 2009 Residential International Energy Conservation Code.
- Increase pre-construction meetings with contractors, architects, developers and property owners as a way to streamline the permitting.
- Coordinate Corn Fest 2012 event for a fifth consecutive year.
- Continue cooperation on fiber optics broadband infrastructure development; coordinate with NIU with West Campus street additions at John Huber Parkway.
- Coordinate with DeKalb School District for remaining transportation improvements to support the new Dresser Road High School.
- Annually update the 5-Year Capital Plan.
- Upgrade North First Street with street repairs between Sycamore Road and Ridge Drive.
- Assist with Commercial development such as Pappas subdivision improvements, airport commercial corner (Pleasant/Peace), Peace Road corridor (ShoDeen), and the proposed Irongate subdivision by the new high school.
- Build portions of Peace Road widening South of Pleasant Street.
- Coordinate with Illinois Department of Transportation officials for safety upgrades to 4th
 Street between Taylor Street and Sycamore Road.
- Finish construction of Bethany Road bridge replacement to accommodate four lanes and a bike path.
- Continue alley and sidewalk programs.
- Continue flooded home buyouts.
- Work toward funding and implementing improvement recommendations of the Storm water Task Force Committee Action Plan.
- Finish construction of Fairview Drive bike path between Heritage Drive and 4th Street.
- Phase in upgrades of new traffic signal controller.
- Coordinate construction of Gurler Road, rebuilt between South First Street and Corporate Drive. Coordinate with merchants and ReNew DeKalb for Downtown Streetscape improvements with downtown municipal parking lots 11 and 12.
- Continue residential and commercial plan reviews and new home foundation checks and occupancy grading compliance inspections.
- Inspect new subdivision construction if work begins on Irongate or South Industrial Park distribution center improvements.
- Adopt the 2009 International Building Code.

- Manage possible grant awarded projects for ADA bus stop upgrades and bike route sign additions.
- Provide property maintenance enforcement activities as recommended from the Quality Housing Task Force.
- Continue commercial and residential plan reviews and inspections as development and redevelopment occurs, such as NB&T, Pappas development, Park 88 development, and Rivermist development.
- Administer and maintain the Downtown Plan
- Complete Marketing Plans for various corridors to maximize retail and commercial business in underdeveloped areas.
- Attend ICSC show & publicize opportunities
- Implement Downtown Redevelopment Plan
- Explore creation of an Arts District
- Inspect six bridges for compliance with biennial bridge inspection program.
- Complete construction of the Bethany Road Bridge to four lanes.
- Complete construction of the Hollister Avenue watermain replacement project.
- Continue Public / Private Partnerships to the benefit of the residents.

Major Initiatives for the Future

Recognizing that the City of DeKalb continues to change and evolve, it remains the municipal government's challenge and obligation to likewise change and evolve to meet the needs of its residents. As such, some of the highlights in FY 2014 will include the following initiatives:

Goal 1. Enhance Public Safety for Our Community and Our Residents

- A. Continue to maintain DeKalb as a safe community for its citizens
- Continue working closely with various groups (Chamber, Renew, neighborhood watch groups, etc.) to promote and secure safe neighborhoods and a downtown environment
- Install security cameras in strategically located public places in selected neighborhoods and downtown
- Increase gang intervention efforts and presence in the community's neighborhoods
- Increase gang awareness presentations
- Reduce drug-related crime and increase prosecution of drug-related offenses
- Develop task force and target area response teams to address issues needing immediate and concentrated attention
- Develop technology and devices for public information sharing
- Develop public safety performance measures
- B. Continue to promote and provide opportunities for public education and awareness
- Continue presentations on fraud and scam to community
- Consider adopting a business registration program to improve our emergency response contact information
- Seek opportunity to provide life safety education information to the community in a cost effective manner
- Expand the use of the City's website for distributing public information
- C. Maintain fire safety, fire prevention, and other zoning/housing code programs
- Continue to inspect all rooming houses, restaurants, gas stations, and places of assembly
- Re-examine the need for a rental housing licensing and inspection program
- Participate in a crime free housing program
- Re-examine the need for the chronic nuisance property abatement ordinance
- Assess fire sprinkler and sprinkler application in the community
- Create hotel/motel inspection and licensing program

- D. Encourage community policing policies and practices
- Reinstitute the citizen's fire and police academy efforts as funding and staffing allow
- Continue the take-home-squad-car program and expand as funding is available
- Increase the number of "Neighborhood Watch" programs
- Implement the Resident Officer program and monitor its effectiveness
- Identify needs for specialized teams and units to address specific policing issues

E. Continue to strengthen community relationships, citizen contacts and other positive interaction

- Continue to maintain police foot patrol, motorcycle patrol and bike patrols in residential areas and increase where possible
- Continue Incident Management Team as inter-operational platform for agency information sharing
- Consider Public Safety focus meetings with community
- F. Promptly respond to the public's call for service
- Improve response times for police calls, fire suppression and EMS delivery
- Find funding avenue for public safety radio operations and interoperability
- Effectively staff for increasing call volume and consistent clustering of calls
- Seek alternative service delivery systems that keep citizens safe but does so in a more cost-effective and efficient manner.
- G. Enhance the level of training using resources available through state and federal funds to reduce local costs
- Continue training dedicated to the National Incident Management System and Homeland Security initiatives
- Assess staffing needs to continue to maintain state hazmat and technical rescue teams
- Develop a network in the region to support MABAS statewide team
- Seek interoperable communication funds for local and regional application

Goal 2. Create Safe and Quality Housing and Improved Environments in our Neighborhoods.

- A. Enhance the value, appearance, and vitality of our community's neighborhoods
- Continue to improve, expand, and provide financing for adequate property maintenance enforcement
- Identify resources to increase enforcement of housing occupancy and property maintenance codes
- Maintain and expand cooperative neighborhood improvement programs (NIU Cares day, NICE program, Adopt-a-street, Adopt-a-Neighborhood, etc.)
- Create a neighborhood improvement grant program in selected areas of the city
- Re-examine the need for a rental housing licensing and inspection program
- Participate in a crime free housing program with area landlords and property owners
- Continue Administrative Hearing Officer program
- Regularly prepare reports on property maintenance activities
- Create a Chronic Nuisance Property monitoring and enforcement program.
- Target problem properties for blight removal and remediation
- Build on the value of historic districts and neighborhoods with an initial focus on the 5th
 Ward North Historic District
- Continue brownfield assessments and remediation programs
- Institute a rooming house conversion pilot program
- Expand neighborhood planning and housing rehabilitation programs

- Continue alley and sidewalk programs
- Control stormwater and flooding issues (i.e. Dodge/Orr Farm, Pleasant Street, Dawn/David area, etc.)
- Reinstitute homeowner assistance programs as funds allow for sanitary service repair assistance, small drainage project upgrade, sump pump drainage improvement, parkway tree replacement, and sidewalk repair assistance
- Assess the appropriateness of a City-wide refuse tote program
- B. Encourage the development of high quality housing and residential subdivisions
- Develop a housing data base from which policy decisions can be made on future developments and ordinances
- Continue to fund infrastructure improvements to enhance the overall look and cleanliness of the City
- Continue various aesthetic improvements and code enforcement activities.
- Promote higher design criteria and raise the bar on the aesthetic and functional standards of development
- Encourage residential development that provides balance to the types and prices of our existing housing stock
- Encourage owner-occupied housing to better balance the owner/rental imbalance that exists
- Identify redevelopment plans and opportunities, with NIU as a possible partner, to address density and excess rental capacities
- Ensure all new housing growth pays for itself and does <u>not</u> impose a disproportionate burden on our taxing district partners
- Require high quality housing construction and design standards
- Maintain and keep safe our affordable housing stock but refrain from adding to the supply until an appropriate housing balance is achieved
- Adopt the code for "Existing Buildings" to encourage rehabs
- Promote quality and sustainable development
- Encourage the use of alternative energy sources
- Implement new design standards to pursue energy conservation best practices
- C. Continue to enhance the downtown and our entryway corridors with appropriate aesthetic and image enhancing projects and programs
- Continue to improve the pedestrian and aesthetic environment with the Downtown area
- Complete remaining public improvements in the downtown and regularly maintain them
- Support Re: New DeKalb and its various programs
- Market city owned vacant parcels for uses that complement the mix and growing vitality of the downtown
- Create and adopt design regulation and guidelines for future downtown buildings and additions
- Continue Architectural Improvement Programs
- Improve the image of the City entryway corridors, particularly East Lincoln Highway and South Fourth Street
- Encourage the addition of more trees and other landscaping features along the corridors
- Develop a business development plan for the re-utilization of downtown properties
- D. Regularly improve streets, maintain viable transportation alternatives, and control traffic to reasonable levels and locations
- Enhance and expand the public's mobility and transportation options
- Continue participation with the DeKalb Sycamore Area Transportation Study
- Implement the bicycle/pedestrian path plan

- Promote the construction of additional bike trails and lanes
- Implement effective access management strategies along corridors
- Reduce truck traffic and redirect to more appropriate streets and corridors
- Measure truck traffic volume and patterns and react accordingly
- Continue the Neighborhood Services Committee's review and recommendations on neighborhood traffic issues and control measures
- Improve neighborhood streets on an on-going basis
- Leverage State and Federal funds to improve our major roads and streets to accommodate our growing city
- Seek ways to eliminate reliance on state MFT funds to pay for operational activities such as purchase of deicing materials, street lighting and energy costs, etc.

Goal 3. Enhance the Overall Image and Perception of the Community

- A. Improve the overall image of the community
- Increase marketing, branding, and advertising efforts
- Explore hiring a Communication Manager/Public Information Officer
- Conduct a comprehensive survey of residents on their perceptions of the community
- Hold a summit at which various stakeholders identify image and perception issues and means to address them.
- Assess and deliver on the community's preferred forms of communications from its local governments
- B. Regularly communicate the range of City services, issues, policies, and programs and the challenges of delivering the same
- Develop a communication strategy to educate the community about the City's programs and policies
- Integrate and publish the City's strategic goals in all promotional materials, brochures, posters, etc.
- Continue web site improvement and user-friendliness and make more visually appealing
- Introduce search engine optimization techniques and methods
- Build on the current use of social media
- Establish a speaker's bureau where staff members make presentations to various interest groups on a rotating basis
- Produce new public service announcements and videos (water quality, waste disposal sites, code enforcement, etc.)
- Increase public information and outreach through brochures, neighborhood meetings, public forums, newsletters, and the City's website
- Promote City services through enhanced use of cable outlet, City website and enewsletter
- C. Maintain and enhance City services while recognizing and communicating the real financial constraints on the city government
- Regularly educate the public and the City's employees about financial challenges and constraints
- Hold "neighborhood coffees" in the wards to bring the City to the citizens and their neighborhoods to discuss city issues and programs
- Communicate the consequences of financial decisions to the public and City employees
- Create a strong and consistent communication program between City staff and Council members
- Continue Human Services funding levels

- D. Utilize the Citizen's Community Enhancement Commission to communicate and promote projects, programs and other City initiatives
- Continue to publish a communitywide e-newsletter
- Implement the City logo city-wide
- Continue to enhance the City's web site
- Explore the use of the new social media to assist in communicating city issues
- Continue the Yards of Distinction and Lights of Distinction awards program
- Regularly survey community residents to assess their opinions on quality of life and City services
- E. Promote public trust and credibility in all City operations and practices
- Maintain a high level of support and trust from the community by being involved in the community
- Monitor the public's expectations for quality service delivery
- Develop mutual understanding, trust, and positive public perceptions of the City and its operations
- Create accountability systems such as policy, procedure and audit reviews
- Assure fair, honest, open and responsive approach to community needs
- Provide public education opportunities such as "ride-alongs," police and fire station tours, classroom presentations, and related activities

Goal 4. Encourage Collaboration, Cooperation, and Partnerships with Area Governments, Agencies, and Not-For-Profit Organizations

- A. Maintain positive intergovernmental and City/University relations
- Collaborate with City and NIU officials at all levels
- Examine ways in which resources can be shared to address drug task force needs, EOC centers, and increased patrols.
- Implement an on-going and coordinated effort at co-policing the university area with NIU
 PD
- Monitor and enhance contractual relationships on fire and EMS services
- Support Communiversity Incident Management Team
- Maintain positive relationship with NIU athletics and participate in crime prevention education and career education with athletic recruits
- B. Continue to pursue partnerships within the community and region to enhance the service level to our citizens.
- Continue participation in multi-cultural and school safety committees
- Maintain the two school resource officer program in high school and middle schools
- Continue to partner with Target Corporation to promote National Night Out
- Evaluate further Public Safety opportunities to facilitate communication and information sharing with community
- C. Examine opportunities at consolidating services, co-sourcing, and/or resource sharing with other area taxing districts
- Hold a summit at which opportunities could be identified
- Examine consolidation opportunities among the various taxing districts
- Enter into intergovernmental agreements through which resources and services can be shared
- D. Encourage information and liaison activities to foster inter-agency partnerships
- Designate City Council liaisons with area taxing districts

- Invite other local government leaders to attend Council meetings to provide updates on their activities
- Open lines of communication to impact strategic decision making
- Secure reciprocal commitments from our partners

Goal 5. Ensure a Financially Stable, Sustainable, and Professional City Government

A. Enhance financial policies and programs

- Maintain the strategic financial plan and update as may be necessary
- Regularly administer financial and budget policies and modify as necessary
- Regularly assess all revenue sources and expenditure needs and modify where necessary
- Review financial and budget policies and modify when necessary
- Create and maintain a sustainable fund balance
- Improve on the City's Aa2 bond rating
- Continue to report on a quarterly basis the status of the municipal budget and identify trends, concerns and issues
- Regularly assess the financial implications of all decisions, programs, initiatives, and incentives
- Implement changes to the long-term liability of post-retirement health care and pensions
- Develop and finance a risk management strategy and program
- Create a core/non-core prioritization exercise
- Leverage local resources to obtain federal and state grant funding wherever feasible
- Ensure the accurate and prompt collection of revenues, consider spot audits
- Re-examine tax rates regularly
- Examine ways in which the City can become less sales tax reliant
- B. Maintain professional, well-trained staff and sufficient staffing levels but do so within the existing financial constraints and strategic needs
- Hire a new Police Chief and Fire Chief
- Maintain a standard of excellence for city personnel through retention and recruitment policies and practices
- Maintain and monitor a competitive compensation and benefit systems and adjust accordingly
- Maintain an effective performance award compensation system
- Develop a comprehensive succession planning and employee development training program.
- Adjust workforce resources to better align with and implement strategic needs
- Adequately fund staff training and professional development
- Look at programs and alternative service delivery systems to efficiently utilize existing staff resources
- Conduct regular customer service training for all employees
- Work with union leadership to enact fair and reasonable terms and conditions within future collective bargaining agreements
- Better distinguish roles and responsibilities between staff and Council on policy making versus daily operations

C. Maintain cost effective and efficient delivery of city services

- Reduce costs without reducing services
- Identify cost sharing and cost reduction opportunities
- Continue to examine the effectiveness and utility of all the boards and commissions and make adjustments if necessary
- Examine the possibility of regionalizing the airport

- Implement the marketing and business plan for the airport
- Outsource/privatize city services where feasible and practical
- Evaluate service delivery models to best meet the needs of the citizens of DeKalb with the available resources
- Reduce planned non-essential overtime
- D. Adequately provide and maintain public buildings and infrastructure
- Secure adequate resources and revenues to finance capital improvements and public infrastructure project
- Regularly update the 5 year financial and capital improvement plans
- Develop a long-range facility plan for the City
- Construct the new Police Station and remodel City Hall.
- Provide a positive return on investment for public infrastructure outlays and capital expenditures
- E. Adequately finance fleet and equipment replacement and maintenance
- Create and annually fund an equipment and vehicle replacement fund
- Consider alternative funding sources with proceeds dedicated to vehicles and equipment
- Seek funding for replacement of ladder truck through a grant from the Department of Homeland Security/U.S. Fire Administration

Goal 6. Increase Economic Growth and Further Diversify the Tax Base

- A. Promote and attract development that furthers the diversification of the tax base
- Promote the development of new commercial and industrial areas
- Prepare a retail attraction strategy
- Retain retail spending and reduce leakage of dollars outside of DeKalb
- Attract an economically viable mix of unique shopping, restaurant, professional service and other uses to the downtown
- Explore joint City/NIU/Kish College ventures to lure development (business parks, job training, engineering school, etc.)
- Encourage small business development
- Identify economic development opportunities to lure and retain knowledge-based industries and the "creative class"
- Encourage growth in the number of quality/high paying "career" jobs
- Actively market city-owned parcels in the downtown
- Maintain and annually implement the City's economic development outsource contract
- B. Maintain economic development programs, policies, and financial tools and update where necessary
- Continue tax abatement programs and update as necessary
- Update and revise incentives guidelines as necessary
- Encourage joint public/private partnerships on projects that generate a positive return on investment for our community
- Review internal processes to ensure staff delivers and creates a "business-friendly" environment
- Continue cooperation with DCEDC & Kishwaukee Community College on job training
- Market and better utilize fiber optic networks, transportation, and other infrastructure
- Promote the continued development and use of the DeKalb Taylor Municipal Airport in recognition of it being an economic engine for the area
- Complete taxiway reconstruction
- Continue efforts to secure Runway Protection Zone

- Explore creation of an "Airpark" Condo Hangar Program
- Explore ways to broaden the tax base from which funds are derived to pay for airport operations and improvements

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of DeKalb, Illinois for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the City who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Most especially, we wish to express our appreciation to the Mayor, City Council, and City Manager for their continued support of all of our financial management efforts.

Sincerely,

Laura Pisarcik Finance Director

Lam Prank

Ted Kozinski, CPA
Assistant Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of DeKalb Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the City's independent auditing firm.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 9, 2013

The Honorable City President Members of City Council City of DeKalb, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeKalb, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements. We did not audit the financial statements of the DeKalb Firefighters' Pension Fund and the DeKalb Police Pension Fund of the City of DeKalb, Illinois. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the DeKalb Firefighters' Pension Fund and the DeKalb Police Pension Fund is based on the report of the other auditors.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the report of other auditors is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

City of DeKalb, Illinois December 9, 2013 Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeKalb, Illinois, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2013, on our consideration of the City of DeKalb, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of DeKalb, Illinois', financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supplementary schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supplementary schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

Lauterlach & amen LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The City of DeKalb's discussion and analysis is designed to: (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position, (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (i.e., the approved budget) and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page iii) and the City's financial statements that follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net Position Summary The City of DeKalb had total net position increase from \$169,691,828 at June 30, 2012 to \$170,035,588 at June 30, 2013.
- Governmental Activity Summary Net position for governmental activities decreased from the FY12 balance of \$117,389,230 to the FY13 balance of \$117,207,208, an deficit of \$182,022.
- Business-type Activity Summary Net position for business-type activities rose \$525,782 from an FY12 balance of \$52,302,598 to the FY13 balance of \$52,828,380.
- General Fund Summary Due to conservative budgetary actions taken by the City, the General Fund's \$5,220,937 total fund balance represented a \$483,797 increase from FY12. The FY13 unassigned portion of fund balance is \$5,177,514 and represents a strong improvement over the FY12 unassigned balance of \$4,669,218.
- General Fund Budget vs. Actual Excluding the effects of transfers and other financing sources/(uses), the City's General Fund actual revenues were \$643,567 more than budgeted revenues while General Fund actual expenditures were more than budgeted expenditures by \$395,081.
- Capital Assets Total capital and infrastructure assets of Governmental and Business-Type Activities went from \$186,680,260 at the close of FY12 to \$193,393,526 in FY12, an increase of \$6,713,266. Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.
- Debt Service The long-term debt of the Governmental and Business-Type Activities went from \$28,836,185 in FY12 to \$38,998,923 in FY13, an increase of \$10,162,738. During the year the City issued \$12,285,000 in general obligation bond debt, \$625,969 in capital leases and \$179,954 in IEPA loans. A more detailed explanation of the City's long-term debt can be found in the following MD&A discussion as well as Note 3 of the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's financial section of the CAFR includes four primary components:

- MD&A This section is management's narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities that must be presented prior to the Basic Financial Statements.
- Basic Financial Statements The purpose of the financial statements is to focus on the City's financial condition as a whole ("Government-Wide") and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for year-over-year comparisons, and enhance the City's accountability:
 - A) Government-wide financial statements provide both short and long-term information about the City's overall financial status.
 - B) Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, i.e., reporting City operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
 - C) The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.
- Required Supplementary Information This section follows the Basic Financial Statements and provides financial information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. For example, management has provided sections for combining statements to provide detail on non-major funds. The auditors are required to perform certain limited procedures regarding this information.
- Additional Supplementary Information This section is meant to give the reader a better idea of the City as a whole by providing statistical information and additional financial and non-financial data.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns that add to a total for the Primary Government.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "unrestricted net position") is designed to disclose bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (both governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. The intent is to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including administration, financial services, police, fire, public works, and community development. Property taxes, sales taxes, local utility and telecommunications taxes, and state income tax distributions finance the

majority of these services. The business-type activities reflect private sector type operations (e.g., water and airport), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types.

Governmental funds are presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the budget is typically developed. Governmental funds provide a current resources (short-term) view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer current financial resources available to spend for City operations.

Proprietary funds account for services that are generally fully supported by user fees charged to customers. Proprietary funds are presented on a total economic resources basis. Proprietary fund statements, like government-wide statements, provide both short and long term financial information.

Fiduciary Funds are presented for certain activities where the City's role is that of trustee (i.e. Police and Fire Pensions) or agent. While Fiduciary Funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the total column on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements is the same as the Business-type column on the Government-wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds total column requires reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources/modified accrual versus total economic resources/full accrual) which is reflected on the page following each statement. The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds, gains/losses on capital asset disposals, and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital outlay expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations into the Governmental Activities column in the Government-wide statements.

The following table summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements:

	Government- Wide Statements	Fund Statements			
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
SCOPE	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component unit	Activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary such as public safety	Activities the City operates similar to private business such as the water and airport system	Activities in which the City is trustee or agent of another's resources such as pension plans	
REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary net position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net position 	
ACCOUNTING BASIS	Accrual	Modified Accrual	Accrual	Accrual	
MEASUREMENT FOCUS	Economic resources	Current financial resources	Economic resources	Economic resources	
TYPE OF ASSET & LIABILITY INFORMATION	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows; both financial and capital, short and long-term	Assets/deferred outflows expected to be used and liabilities/deferred inflows that come due during the year or shortly thereafter; no capital assets	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows; both financial and capital, short and long-term	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows; both short and long-term. Does not currently contain capital assets	
TYPE OF INFLOW & OUTFLOW INFORMATION	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or shortly thereafter; Expenditures for goods or services that have been received and payment is due during the year or shortly thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – streets, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB 34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach) that periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The City has elected to depreciate assets over their useful life. If a project is considered maintenance – a recurring cost that does not extend the asset's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed. For example, an "overlay" of a street will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a street will be capitalized.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS: A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:

Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

For the City of DeKalb, the largest portion of net position is net investment in capital assets. The capital assets amounts listed in Table 1 represent street construction, bridges, purchases of land, buildings, vehicles, major equipment, airport infrastructure, etc. (net of depreciation).

Restrictions on net position are typically imposed by outside creditors, Federal and State grant agencies, or by law (e.g., TIF money can only be spent within the TIF Districts). By far, the largest restriction for the City of DeKalb is the \$10.0 million in TIF District fund balances. These dollars can only be used according to Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
As of June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current/Other Assets/ Deferred Outflows	\$	39.284.121	34,753,980	7,829,389	7,255,704	47.113,510	42,009,684
Capital Assets	Ψ	138,507,668	131,110,708	54.885,858	55,569,552	193,393,526	186,680,260
Total Assets	_	177,791,789	165,864,688	62,715,247	62,825,256	240,507,036	228,689,944
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		41,859,253	30,985,325	7,055,352	7,535,301	48,914,605	38,520,626
Other Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		18,725,328	17,490,133	2,831,515	2,987,357	21,556,843	20,477,490
Total Liabilities	_	60,584,581	48,475,458	9,886,867	10,522,658	70,471,448	58,998,116
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		118,266,115	120,169,717	47,928,816	48,123,532	166,194,931	168,293,249
Restricted		12,182,850	12,358,010	(4)	940	12,182,850	12,358,010
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(13,241,757)	(15,138,497)	4,899,564	4,179,066	(8,342,193)	(10,959,431)
Total Net Position	_	117,207,208	117,389,230	52,828,380	52,302,598	170,035,588	169,691,828

Normal Impacts-Net position

There are six common types of transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

- <u>Net Results of Activities</u> Impacts (i.e., increases or decreases) current assets and unrestricted net position.
- Borrowing for Capital Increases current assets and long-term debt.
- Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital Reduces current assets and increases capital assets. Also, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt will not change the net investment in capital assets.
- Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital (a) Reduces current assets and increases capital assets; and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases the net investment in capital assets.
- <u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> (a) Reduces current assets and reduces long-term debt; and, (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases the net investment in capital assets.
- <u>Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation</u> Reduces capital assets and the net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts-Net position

Net position of the City's combined governmental and business-type activities grew from last year's balance of \$169,691,828 to the current year's \$170,035,588 balance.

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased \$182,022 from a FY12 balance of \$117,389,230 to a FY13 balance of \$117,207,208. In regards to Assets, the \$11,638,215 increase was almost entirely due to an influx of liquid cash from operations as well as the bond proceeds used to build a new Police Station. Regarding Liabilities/Deferred Inflows, this \$11,807,237 change was largely due to the increase related to the debt service obligations related to issuing debt.

The governmental unrestricted net position deficit of (\$13,228,757) largely represents the City's TIF debt obligation. This amount compares favorably to last year's (\$15,138,497) deficit.

Net position of the City's business-type activities improved \$525,782 from a FY12 balance of \$52,302,598 to a FY13 balance of \$52,828,380. The overall improvement was due to positive Water Fund operations partially offset by (\$461,877) from Airport and Refuse operations. The total FY13 expenses of these Funds (excluding transfers) was \$7,485,810 compared to \$7,148,930 in FY12, \$7,330,400 in FY11, \$7,213,854 in FY10, and \$7,493,617 in FY09.

Business-type unrestricted net position, which represent amounts available to finance the continuing operations, were \$4,899,564 in FY13 compared to \$4,179,066 in FY12. As noted in the previous paragraph, this 17% increase was provided primarily by the Water Fund.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION: The following chart shows the revenues and expenses of the City's activities:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governr Activi		Business Activi	• •	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
	2,969,759	3,150,573	8,370,846	7,971,265	11,340,605	11,121,838	
Operating Grants/Contributions	1,131,494	1,143,618	-	3	1,131,494	1,143,618	
Capital Grants/Contributions	4,843,630	6,075,050	130,658	562,770	4,974,288	6,637,820	
General Revenues	1,010,000	-,-,-,	,	,			
Property Taxes	12,900,601	12,961,236	*	÷.	12,900,601	12,961,236	
Sales Taxes	14,190,613	14,142,695		(.	14,190,613	14,142,695	
Utility Taxes	3,534,755	3,788,953	-	**	3,534,755	3,788,953	
State Income Taxes	4,130,363	3,745,298	2 0	323	4,130,363	3,745,298	
Other Taxes	816,866	822,434	-	:=0	816,866	822,434	
TIF Property and Sales Tax Surplu	s 679,642	715,450	(e)		679,642	715, 4 50	
Interest Income	124,029	37,782	4,338	380	128,367	38,162	
Miscellaneous	623,137	839,167	(6,038)	571	617,099	839,738	
Total Revenues	45,944,889	47,422,256	8,499,804	8,534,986	54,444,693	55,957,242	
.=							
Expenses							
General Government	11,865,375	8,859,145	500		11,865,375	8,859,145	
Public Safety	19,017,122	20,989,072	220	3	19,017,122	20,989,072	
Highways and Streets	1,449,053	2,207,978	5 ≜ 3	>=	1,449,053	2,207,978	
Community Development	13,208,902	10,738,364	(**)	370	13,208,902	10,738,364	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,080,709	1,016,815	3.53		1,080,709	1,016,815	
Water			4,081,382	4,159,836	4,081,382	4,159,836	
Airport	-	-	1,641,540	1,318,730	1,641,540	1,318,730	
Refuse _	42	(4)	1,756,850	1,670,364	1,756,850	1,670,364	
Total Expenses	46,621,161	43,811,374	7,479,772	7,148,930	54,100,933	50,960,304	
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(676,272)	3,610,882	1,020,032	1,386,056	343,760	4,996,938	
Transfers	494,250	225,400	(494,250)	(225,400)			
Change in Net Position	(182,022)	3,836,282	525,782	1,160,656	343,760	4,996,938	
Net Position-Beginning	117,389,230	113,552,948	52,302,598	51,141,942	169,691,828	164,694,890	
Net Position-Ending	117,207,208	117,389,230	52,828,380	52,302,598	170,035,588	169,691,828	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

Normal (common) Revenue and Expense Issues which cause Changes In Net position

Reflected below are eight common (basic) impacts on revenues and expenses.

Revenues:

- <u>Economic Condition</u> This factor reflects a declining, stable, or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on State income, sales, telecommunications and utility tax revenues as well as public spending habits for items such as building permits and user fees including volumes of usage.
- Increase/Decrease in City approved rates While certain tax rates are set by State statute, the City Council has authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, sales tax, property tax, building permit fees, etc).
- <u>Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring)</u> Certain recurring revenues (State shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.
- Market Impacts on Investment Income The City's investment portfolio is managed with an approach utilizing competitive pricing, laddering maturities up to two years for term investments, and meeting cash flow needs. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate more with a short-term portfolio than a long-term one.

Expenses:

- <u>Changes In Programs</u> Within the functional expense categories (General Government, Public Safety, Community Improvement, etc.) individual programs may be added, deleted or expanded to meet changing community needs.
- <u>Changes in Authorized Personnel</u> Changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing.
- <u>Salary Increases (annual adjustments and step increases)</u> The City strives to maintain a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.
- <u>Inflation</u> Although overall inflation increased 1.75% (the June 30, 2013 year-over-year change in the Consumer Price Index of All Urban Consumers), the City is a major consumer of certain commodities and services that typically experience inflation at a rate that can be significantly different from CPI. Examples of such items include insurance, fuel, electricity, and construction-related costs.

Current Year Impacts which caused Changes In Net position

Governmental Activities

Revenues:

FY13 revenues from governmental activities totaled \$45,944,889 versus \$47,422,256 last year. Although the 3.1% decrease cannot be attributed solely to any one factor, the majority (83.3%) of the decline was due to an expected \$1.23 million decrease in Capital Grants. Property tax revenues into the General Fund and Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Funds fell only by 0.48% despite the decrease in equalized assessed valuation (EAV). General Fund sales taxes along with TIF property taxes continue to be the City's largest sources of tax revenues and, combined, incurred an insignificant 0.047% decrease from FY12.

A continuing beneficial revenue source, initiated in FY11, has been the addition of distributions of surplus property taxes and sales taxes from the Central Area Tax Increment Financing Fund (TIF #1). These distributions also assist other affected taxing districts including the DeKalb school district, County, State, and the City's General Fund.

Since Sales and Other Taxes are the primary source of income, a short description of the major categories should be helpful:

- Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax This tax is collected by the State of Illinois and a portion is distributed back to municipalities based upon the point of sale. The City's portion of the rate is 1%.
- Home Rule Sales Tax: As an Illinois "Home Rule" community, the City is allowed by State statute to implement its own sales tax rate on sales within the incorporated area. The rate is set by the City Council and currently stands at 1.75%.
- Restaurant and Bar Tax: The City tax on gross receipts of restaurant and liquor retail sales is 2%.
- **Utility Tax**: This category includes taxes on the use of electricity, gas, and telecommunications within the City.
- Income Tax: The Illinois income tax is imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in, or as a resident of, the State of Illinois. It is collected by the State and remitted back to municipalities based on population.

Many individual revenue line items increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year due to the general condition of the overall State and local economy (e.g., State Income Tax sharing, local Utility Taxes). The City of DeKalb has a large number of these "elastic" revenues which, in order to be fiscally prudent, requires a conservative approach to budget estimates.

Expenses:

Expenses for FY13 governmental activities totaled \$46,621,161 compared to \$43,811,374 for FY13. FY12. Although expenses increase by 6.4%, when taken as an aggregate whole, the amount was anticipated and budgeted accordingly. Explaining the individual differences from year to year will nearly always prove problematic because the City may focus its resources toward improving streets one year and, during the next, concentrate more on community development projects. However, in general, big ticket capital outlays toward redevelopment of infrastructure and other community improvements is anticipated to boost the local economy through the attraction of new business and future residential growth.

Business Type Activities

Revenue:

Revenue from business-type activities totaled \$8,499,804 in FY13. The \$35,182 decrease from last year was primarily due to a \$448,072 decrease in Airport Fund capital grants which was partially offset by a water rate increase during the fiscal year. Despite Airport capital grants decreasing significantly in FY13, large variances are common and year-to-year fluctuations are anticipated in advance.

Expenses:

FY13 expenses for business-type activities totaled \$7,485,810 compared to \$7,148,930 last year. The most notable cause for this 4.71% increase occurred mostly due to an increase in Airport Fund expenses. Certain Airport expenses have increased as a result of initiatives to act as their own Fixed Based Operator (FBO). As part of this process, there have been added costs related to the purchase of jet fuel, of which the City plans to recoup its investment through fuel sale revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds: Overview

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$21,136,593 compared to \$17,495,511 in FY12. The increase was primarily due to two factors:

- (a) excellent financial results due to prudent fiscal management and,
- (b) a \$3.6-million dollar cash infusion of bond proceeds for the new Police Station which will be spent in FY14.

Like last year, the City can again report that there are no individual municipal funds with either fund balance deficits or net position deficits.

General Fund

The FY13 total fund balance was \$5,220,937. Of this balance, the unassigned portion of \$5,177,514 equals about 10-weeks of FY13 actual expenditures. In contrast, the FY12 and FY11 unassigned balances stood at \$4,669,218 and \$2,692,928, respectively. The continuing positive shift in the unassigned balance represents the commitment of the City Council and Management to prudently monitor and protect the City's financial well-being.

Currently, the action plan adopted by Council intends to establish, over a five-year period, an unassigned fund balance equating to 25% of actual expenditures. At 18.57% of FY13 actual expenditures, the City is on track with this five-year process.

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights

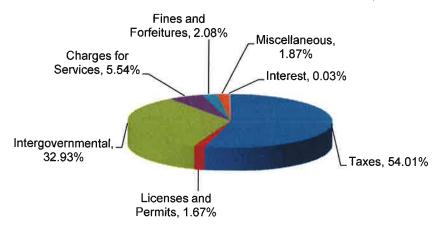
	FY13 Original	FY13 Final	FY13	FY12
: -	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 25,229,502	25,229,502	25,527,235	25,519,247
Licenses & Permits	369,662	369,662	483,375	396,095
Charges for Services	1,667,707	1,667,707	1,601,648	1,937,171
Fines & Forfeitures	657,200	657,200	678,942	605,075
Miscellaneous	330,800	330,800	607,238	684,285
Total Revenues	28,254,871	28,254,871	28,898,438	29,141,873
Expenditures				
General Government	4,873,601	4,873,601	5,189,549	3,797,538
Public Safety	18,624,603	18,624,603	18,603,710	19,340,637
Community Development	3,983,677	3,983,677	4,083,703	3,185,002
Total Expenditures	27,481,881	27,481,881	27,876,962	26,323,177
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	3			
Over (Under) Expenditures	772,990	772,990	1,021,476	2,818,696
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	1,636,820	1,636,820	1,739,942	1,742,322
Transfers Out	(2,110,486)	(2,110,486)	(2,277,621)	(2,573,997)
Change in Fund Balance	299,324	299,324	483,797	1,987,021

General Fund revenues came in more than original budgeted revenues by \$643,567 during FY13 due to conservative budget estimates based on the uncertainty of economic trends. General Fund expenditures were higher than the budget by \$395,081 due to greater than expected retirement and overtime personnel costs.

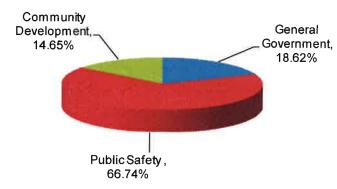
Unlike last year, when the General Fund was able to benefit from a large \$1,179,214 transfer from the Workers' Compensation Fund due to the phase-out of self-insurance, FY13 transfers essentially remained in-line with original budgetary estimates.

Overall, the net impact of General Fund revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources(uses) created a FY13 fund balance surplus of \$483,797 and brought the ending FY13 fund balance to \$5,220,937.

Revenues by Source - General Fund at June 30, 2013



Expenditures by Function - General Fund at June 30, 2013



Note: The percentages are derived from the data on pages 81-85 of this report.

Other Major Governmental Funds:

- Tax Increment Funds #1 and #2 had FY13 ending fund balances of \$3,349,486 and \$6,672,420, respectively as compared to FY12 balances of \$5,249,495 and \$5,435,922. Of particular note is that the Central Area TIF (TIF #1) distributes a significant portion of its property tax and sales tax revenues back to the various taxing districts (including the DeKalb School District, DeKalb Public Library, and others). TIF #1 will fully expire in 2020 while TIF #2 will expire in 2018.
- For the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Council continued the use of motor fuel tax money for specific MFT eligible road and bridge construction projects, street lighting, road salt, and other street-related maintenance activities. Of particular note was the completion of the Bethany Road replacement project, the widening design of Bethany Road east of First Street to four lanes and a bike path, the design/bid for the Taylor Street widening along Lions Park.

Proprietary Funds: Overview

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Proprietary funds reflect combined net position of \$52,828,380 compared to \$52,302,598 in FY12. The increase was entirely due to improved operating income from the Water Fund.

Airport Fund

The FY13 Airport net position ended at \$27,877,913 compared to \$28,083,610 last year. Of ongoing concern are the operating deficits which have continued for a number of years-namely \$(491,217) in FY13, \$(413,576) in FY12, (\$681,713) in FY11, (\$524,272) in FY10, (\$778,324) in FY09, (\$645,131) in FY08, (\$720,557) in FY07, and (\$467,332) in FY06. Through FY10, the cumulative operating deficits had an effect of creating an unrestricted net position deficit of (\$1,709,222)—however, in FY11, Council took action to resolve the situation by making a \$2,140,000 transfer from the General Fund and made FY12 budgetary commitments to eliminate the expected ongoing deficits by planning supplemental General Fund transfers in future years. Accordingly, the Airport Fund ended FY13 with a positive unrestricted net asset balance of \$91,032.

In order to reduce the Airport's reliance on transfers, management has taken steps to increase the participation of private partnerships and implemented mechanisms for revenue enhancement. For example, in FY12 the City began to operate as its own FBO and, in January 2011, started selling jet fuel directly to customers.

Water Fund

The FY13 ending net position of the Water Fund stands at \$24,948,554 compared to \$23,960,895 last year and \$23,028,320 in FY11. Water Sales showed some stabilization since last year and operating expenses declined. The impact of the change in assets could mostly be seen in significant improvements in cash and investments [i.e., \$4,282,251 in FY12 versus \$4,971,605 in FY13]. Overall, net position continues to increase and operating income continues to grow (as can be seen in the following chart):

Table 4
Water Fund Highlights

		FY13 Actual	FY12 Actual	FY11 Actual	FY10 Actual	FY09 Actual
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services	•	5 0 40 0 50	5 007 000	E 270 047	E 000 450	4 760 726
Water Sales	\$	5,340,253	5,237,993	5,372,917	5,020,452	4,769,726
Permits		96,580	103,901	81,379	115,741	18,665
Miscellaneous		66,216	23,865	21,845	31,868	33,622
Total Operating Revenues		5,503,049	5,365,759	5,476,141	5,168,061	4,822,013
Operating Expenses Operating Expenses		2,896,577	2,970,076 982,451	3,218,626 996,517	2,966,548 1,013,040	3,046,319 1,037,643
Depreciation and Amortization		994,129				4,083,962
Total Operating Expenses		3,890,706	3,952,527	4,215,143	3,979,588	4,065,962
Operating Income (Loss)		1,612,343	1,413,232	1,260,998	1,188,473	738,051
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(90,644)	(205,257)	(223,334)	(238,649)	(262,986)
Transfers Out		(550,000)	(275,400)	(289,840)	(321,836)	(330,526)
Contributions		15,960	-	324,671	41,454	
Continuations						
Change in Net Assets	_	987,659	932,575	1,072,495	669,442	144,539

Primarily due to planned water rate increases (which began in FY08), the unrestricted portion of net position has substantially improved over time—the balance now stands at \$4,806,619 compared to \$3,861,366 last year, \$2,545,360 in FY11, \$1,437,290 in FY10, and \$452,244 in FY09.

DEBT SERVICE

During the year the City issued \$12,285,000 in general obligation bond debt for construction of a new Police Station and \$625,969 in capital leases for the replacement of an old fire engine (\$250,000) and for public safety software (\$375,969). In addition, the City obtained a \$179,954 IEPA loan for water system improvements.

In regards to debt service limitations, Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin. Since the City of DeKalb is a home rule municipality, it is excluded from the limitations of the Act. Therefore, the City is not restricted as to the amount of debt it can issue.

More detailed information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Funds:

The City had invested \$193,393,526 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure as reflected in the following schedule:

Table 5
Governmental Funds
Change in Net Capital Assets

		Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation					
		Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type		
		Activ	ities	Activ	rities	To	tal
	_	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$	10,113,091	10,113,091	18,896,047	18,896,047	29,009,138	29,009,138
Land Right of Way		25,736,657	25,736,657	407,381	407,381	26,144,038	26,144,038
Construction in Progress		15,221,676	5,171,420	89,424	72,454	15,311,100	5,243,874
Buildings and Improvements		4,606,512	4,748,655	3,044,458	3,138,110	7,650,970	7,886,765
Equipment		2,701,950	2,656,148	208,979	88,842	2,910,929	2,744,990
Vehicles		2,297,179	2,156,860	216,361	207,102	2,513,540	2,363,962
Water Distribution System		:#B		23,493,771	23,957,973	23,493,771	23,957,973
Infrastructure	_	77,830,603	80,527,877	8,529,437	8,801,643	86,360,040	89,329,520
Total	_	138,507,668	131,110,708	54,885,858	55,569,552	193,393,526	186,680,260

Major additions to capital assets during the year included:

- > initial and continuing construction of a new Police Station
- > replacement of the Bethany Road Bridge

For more detailed information regarding capital assets, please see Note 3 of the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Finance Department, City of DeKalb, 200 South 4th Street, DeKalb, Illinois 60115.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - > Governmental Funds
 - > Proprietary Funds
 - > Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Pı	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business- Governmental Type		Unit Public		
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Library		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$ 25,388,345	5,459,347	30,847,692	13,927,181		
Receivables - Net of Allowances	6,939,081	2,211,250	9,150,331	898,139		
Internal Balances	(180)	180	a 1	9.0		
Due from Other Governments	6,405,999	50,123	6,456,122	Œ		
Prepaids/Inventories	37,161	86,954	124,115	11,132		
Total Current Assets	38,770,406	7,807,854	46,578,260	14,836,452		
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets Nondepreciable Capital Assets	51,071,424	19,392,852	70,464,276	1,608,428		
Depreciable Capital Assets	166,609,482	57,089,340	223,698,822	820,335		
Accumulated Depreciation	(79,173,238)	(21,596,334)	(100,769,572)	(438,863)		
Total Capital Assets	138,507,668	54,885,858	193,393,526	1,989,900		
Other Assets Net Pension Asset	26,886	<u> </u>	26,886	8		
Total Noncurrent Assets	138,534,554	54,885,858	193,420,412	1,989,900		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RI	ESOURCES					
Interest Rate Swap Agreement	6,457	-	6,457	£(
Loss on Refunding/Deferred Charges	480,372	21,535	501,907	#8		
T 114 1 17 2 10 15	486,829	21,535	508,364	-		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	177,791,789	62,715,247	240,507,036	16,826,352		
of Resources	1//,/91,/09	04,113,441	270,301,030	10,020,		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Pri	mary Governmen	t	Component
9	Governmental	Business- Type	×-	Unit Public
_	Activities	Activities	Totals	Library
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities			== 500	71 045
Accounts Payable \$		1,628,507	4,477,583	71,245
Accrued Payroll	274,140	26,808	300,948	21,598
Accrued Interest Payable	445,160	101,579	546,739	5
Claims Payable	577,194		577,194	*
Retainage Payable	442,058	25,997	468,055	=
Other Payables	357,775	292,397	650,172	¥8
Compensated Absences Payable	243,706	77,839	321,545	7,226
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	2,548,453	678,388	3,226,841	111,111
Total Current Liabilities	7,737,562	2,831,515	10,569,077	211,180
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences Payable	4,630,406	311,357	4,941,763	28,902
Net Pension Obligation Payable	200,591	36,561	237,152	27,236
Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Pay	a 7,137,959	428,780	7,566,739	24,403
IEPA Loan Payable		3,267,347	3,267,347	(*)
Capital Lease Payable	527,697	7,038	534,735	-
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	•	3,004,269	32,366,869	6,685,000
Loans Payable	, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	:=:	-	3,000,000
Debt Certificates Payable	=		- ÷	777,778
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	41,859,253	7,055,352	48,914,605	10,543,319
Total Liabilities	49,596,815	9,886,867	59,483,682	10,754,499
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES	•			
Swap Agreement	6,457		6,457	-
1 0	10,981,309	<u>u</u>	10,981,309	1,798,552
Property Taxes	10,987,766		10,987,766	1,798,552
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	10,707,700			
	60,584,581	9,886,867	70,471,448	12,553,051
of Resources NET POSITION	00,564,561	2,000,007		
	118,266,115	47,928,816	166,194,931	1,101,011
Net Investment in Capital Assets	110,200,113	47,720,010	100,12 1,2 1	, ,
Restricted	107,212	-	107,212	(# 3)
Specific Purpose	2,006,007	55V2	2,006,007	3 0
Maintenance of Roadways	10,021,906	_	10,021,906	5=0
Economic Development			47,725	-
Public Safety	47,725	-	71,123	228,11
Endowments	(-	. ■ .	5	2,857,87
Culture and Recreation	(10.041.555)	4 000 564	(8,342,193)	86,300
Unrestricted	(13,241,757)	4,899,564		4,273,30
Total Net Position	117,207,208	52,828,380	170,035,588	7,413,30

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenue	s
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants/	Grants/
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 11,865,375	330,222	-	4,284,578
Public Safety	19,017,122	2,090,752		=======================================
Highways and Streets	1,449,053	125,794	1,131,494	559,052
Community Development	13,208,902	422,991	Ē	÷
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,080,709		-	
Total Governmental Activities	46,621,161	2,969,759	1,131,494	4,843,630
Business-Type Activities				
Water	4,081,382	5,503,049	**	15,960
Airport	1,641,540	1,094,127	•	114,698
Refuse	1,756,850	1,773,670		
Total Business-Type Activities	7,479,772	8,370,846	- F	130,658
	54,100,933	11,340,605	1,131,494	4,974,288
Component Unit - Public Library	2,120,528	32,193	;•;	70,747

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

Home Rule Sales Taxes

Utility Taxes

Restaurant/Bar Taxes

Other Taxes

Intergovernmental - Unrestricted

State Sales Taxes

Income Taxes

Local Use Taxes

Replacement

Other

Interest Income

Miscellaneous

Transfers - Internal Activity

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

	Net Expense	/Revenue	
	Primary Government		Component
	Business		<u>Unit</u>
Governmental	Type		Public
Activities	Activities	Total	Library
(7,250,575)	*	(7,250,575)	(€)
(16,926,370)	:-	(16,926,370)	3
367,287	ļ <u>ē</u>	367,287	3 ≥
(12,785,911)	#:	(12,785,911)	•
(1,080,709)	<u> </u>	(1,080,709)	_(#)
(37,676,278)	-	(37,676,278)	
-	1,437,627	1,437,627	
o ≔ .	(432,715)	(432,715)	:=:
·	16,820	16,820	¥
595	1,021,732	1,021,732	ÿ¥
(37,676,278)	1,021,732	(36,654,546)	0 = 0
	¥)	•	(2,017,588)
12,673,310	: . €	12,673,310	3,858,748
5,874,828	-	5,874,828	-
3,534,755		3,534,755	<u> </u>
1,626,071	•	1,626,071	-
643,853	:•	643,853	A
5 202 716		5,203,716	<u>~</u>
5,203,716 4,130,363	-	4,130,363	-
715,660		715,660	= 0
140,694		140,694	35,337
1,709,590	2	1,709,590	30,5 0 €
, ,	4,338	128,367	5,745
124,029 623,137	(6,038)	617,099	269,799
494,250	(494,250)	017,022	200,,700
37,494,256	(494,230)	36,998,306	4,169,629
(182,022)	525,782	343,760	2,152,041
,	52,302,598	169,691,828	2,121,260
117,389,230			
117,207,208	52,828,380	170,035,588	4,273,301

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

			Special Reven	ue
		•	•	Tax
		Motor	Mass	Increment
	General	Fuel Tax	Transit	Financing #1
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,037,048	2,076,587	110,183	6,903,944
Receivables - Net of Allowances	* *,***,****	_,,.	,	
Taxes	2,225,036	13 4 1	:- :-	3,237,260
Accounts	513,075	710	(<u>*</u>	<u>=</u>
Accrued Interest	71,548	0 := 0	(:€:	45,009
Other	1,635		<u> </u>	-
Due from Other Governments	4,604,245	94,514	764,448	207,144
Due from Other Funds	134,202	3#	V <u>a</u>	=
Inventories	37,161	5 = 3		
Total Assets	10,623,950	2,171,811	874,631	10,393,357
LIABILITIES	-			
A consumta Doughla	1,134,421	142,225	822,948	332,867
Accounts Payable	269,204	142,223	1,854	332,607
Accrued Payroll Retainage Payable	209,204		1,054	8,929
Other Payables	1,238,601	=	49,829	0,525
Due to Other Funds	24,564	23,579	-7,027	89,558
Total Liabilities	2,666,790	165,804	874,631	431,354
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	2,736,223	<u></u>	_	6,612,517
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	5,403,013	165,804	874,631	7,043,871
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	37,161	_	_	:=:
Restricted	6,262	2,006,007	9	3,349,486
Committed	()=	_,,	-	:=
Unassigned	5,177,514	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·
Total Fund Balances	5,220,937	2,006,007	-	3,349,486
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	10,623,950	2,171,811	874,631	10,393,357

	Debt	Capital		
	Service	Projects		
Tax	Tax	Public		
Increment	Increment	Safety		
Financing #2	Financing	Building	Nonmajor	Totals
7,500,360	2	3,906,485	718,642	24,253,249
814,406	<u>u</u>	2	3,281	6,279,983
	-	=		513,785
-	*	12,186	3 0	128,743
•	₩ ₩	<u></u>	9,977	11,612
·•):		48,622	119,178	5,838,151
	4,300	31,504	55,000	225,006
30)		-		37,161
8,314,766	4,300	3,998,797	906,078	37,287,690
11,442	4,300	197,997	191,429	2,837,629
-	-	<u>.</u>	7	271,058
-	<u> </u>	433,129	₩	442,058
-	<u></u>		105,427	1,393,857
4,923			82,562	225,186
16,365	4,300	631,126	379,418	5,169,788
1,625,981	2	<u> </u>	6,588	10,981,309
1,642,346	4,300	631,126	386,006	16,151,097
-	-	-	-	37,161
6,672,420	*	F = 1	148,675	12,182,850
	-	3,367,671	371,397	3,739,068
28 27 28	=======================================		*	5,177,514
6,672,420		3,367,671	520,072	21,136,593
8,314,766	4,300	3,998,797	906,078	37,287,690

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities

June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	21,136,593
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		138,507,668
Certain revenues are deferred in the fund financial statements because they are not available but are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.		1,036,082
Unamortized deferred debt charges are not considered to represent a financial resource and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		480,372
A net pension asset is not considered to represent a financial resource and therefore, is not reported in the funds.		26,886
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of operating and maintaining vehicles to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,116,179
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable		(445,160)
Compensated Absences Payable		(4,874,112)
Net Pension Obligation Payable		(200,591)
Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation Payable		(7,137,959) (31,587,600)
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net Capital Leases Payable	_	(851,150)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	117,207,208

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Special Revenue)
				Tax
		Motor	Mass	Increment
	General	Fuel Tax	Transit	Financing #1
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 15,607,187	u e :	-	6,679,893
Licenses and Permits	483,375	·	-	:#1
Intergovernmental	9,920,048	1,355,820	3,864,903	1,330,744
Charges for Services	1,601,648	2 4 5	:#:	
Fines and Forfeitures	678,942	-	16	-
Interest	67,944	2,312	(=	45,181
Miscellaneous	539,294	7	35	608
Total Revenues	28,898,438	1,358,139	3,864,903	8,056,426
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government	5,189,549		3,808,836	
Public Safety	18,603,710) <u></u>	3,000,030	-
Highways and Streets	10,000,710	750,074	375 9 4 9	35% 7 2 6
Community Development	4,083,703		_	_
Capital Outlay	.,000,700	93,258	30,063	7,806,213
Debt Service		30,200	50,005	7,000,215
Principal Retirement		-	-	:=:
Interest and Fiscal Charges			: <u>-</u>	<u> -</u>
Total Expenditures	27,876,962	843,332	3,838,899	7,806,213
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				 ,
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,021,476	514,807	26,004	250,213
•	1,021,170	314,007	20,004	250,215
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance	1940	(=)	7 € 3	-
Discount on Debt Issuance		(=)	· ·	•
Premium on Debt Issuance	**	•	-	(5.)
Disposal of Capital Assets	7 . €1	3€3	11,400	
Transfers In	1,739,942	: - -:		-
Transfers Out	(2,277,621)	(23,639)	(37,404)	(2,150,222)
	(537,679)	(23,639)	(26,004)	(2,150,222)
Net Change in Fund Balances	483,797	491,168	~	(1,900,009)
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,737,140	1,514,839	*	5,249,495
Fund Balances - Ending	5,220,937	2,006,007		3,349,486

	Debt	Capital		
	Service	<u>Projects</u>		
Tax	Tax	Public		
Increment	Increment	Safety		
Financing #2	Financing	Building	Nonmajor	Totals
			100 401	24 220 856
1,851,355		S.	192,421	24,330,856
Ē	<u></u>	200.000	1 004 045	483,375
2	=	298,330	1,094,045	17,863,890
₹	=		125,794	1,727,442
<u>=</u>	<u>≅</u>	80,000	*	758,942
*1	18	5,001	64	120,520
	<u> </u>	78	83,228	623,137
1,851,355	18	383,331	1,495,552	45,908,162
<u>.</u>	¥	92,523	1,405,805	10,496,713
≔ :		-	38,973	18,642,683
-	-	=	(B)	750,074
-	¥1	¥	2₩	4,083,703
468,552	*)	9,418,681	815,211	18,631,978
_	1,400,000	_	868,121	2,268,121
3	324,372	_	510,837	835,209
468,552	1,724,372	9,511,204	3,638,947	55,708,481
	-3	, ,		
1,382,803	(1,724,354)	(9,127,873)	(2,143,395)	(9,800,319)
		12,285,000	625,969	12,910,969
•	# //	(157,296)	023,909	(157,296)
.)		245,078		245,078
:•1	-	243,076		11,400
(<u>=</u>)	1.520.071		1,859,871	5,138,884
(146.205)	1,539,071			(4,707,634)
(146,305)	1 520 071	12,372,782	(72,443) 2,413,397	13,441,401
(146,305)	1,539,071	12,372,762	2,413,397	13,771,701
1,236,498	(185,283)	3,244,909	270,002	3,641,082
5,435,922	185,283	122,762	250,070	17,495,511
6,672,420	~	3,367,671	520,072	21,136,593

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	3,641,082
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Disposals - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		11,293,902 (3,882,628) (14,314)
Revenues not collected as of the year end are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. These are the amounts that were not considered available in the current year.		33,218
A decrease in a net pension asset is not considered to be a decrease in financial assets in the governmental funds.		(28,955)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Additions to Compensated Absences Payable Additions to Net Pension Obligation Payable Deductions to Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation Payable Debt Issuance Retirement of Debt		(216,604) (20,763) 21,479 (12,998,751) 2,190,569
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(167,948)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of liability insurance and vehicle and equipment management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	(32,309)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(182,022)

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	9 <u></u>	Ві	usiness-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise		Governmental Activities
				Nonmajor_		Internal
	.—	Water	Airport	Refuse	Totals	Service
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$	4,971,605	187,756	299,986	5,459,347	1,135,096
Receivables - Net of Allowances						
Accounts		1,882,499	13,834	217,678	2,114,011	5 π
Other		93,724	1,250	32	94,974	2₩
Accrued Interest		2,265	(B)	₹.	2,265	4,958
Due from Other Governments		æ	50,123	~	50,123	2
Due from Other Funds		34	180	:#:	180	165,000
Inventories			86,954		86,954	567,848
Total Current Assets		6,950,093	340,097	517,664	7,807,854	1,872,902
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets						
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		528,648	18,864,204	0=	19,392,852	=
Depreciable Capital Assets		43,255,023	13,834,317	22	57,089,340	-
Accumulated Depreciation	_	(17,787,467)	(3,808,867)		(21,596,334)	<u> </u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	25,996,204	28,889,654	195	54,885,858	-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Loss on Refunding/Deferred Charges	-	17,800	3,735	-	21,535	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	32,964,097	29,233,486	517,664	62,715,247	1,872,902

					Governmental
	B	usiness-Type Activ	rities - Enterprise		Activities
			Nonmajor		Internal
	Water	Airport	Refuse	Totals	Service
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	1,232,572	98,664	297,271	1,628,507	11,447
Accrued Payroll	23,090	3,718	*	26,808	3,082
Accrued Interest Payable	73,494	28,085	-	101,579	:)
Claims Payable					577,194
Retainage Payable	25,997	·	; - :	25,997	: - :
Due to Other Funds					165,000
Other Payables	52,470	21,447	218,480	292,397	-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	705,501	50,726	3	756,227	-
Total Current Liabilities	2,113,124	202,640	515,751	2,831,515	756,723
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated Absences Payable	275,441	35,916	=	311,357	(<u>~</u>
Net Pension Obligation	32,880	3,681		36,561	: = :
Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Payable	376,470	52,310	(=)	428,780	92
IEPA Loan Contracts Payable	3,267,347			3,267,347	377
Capital Lease Payable	:=:	7,038	-	7,038	-
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	1,950,281	1,053,988	: - -	3,004,269	1
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,902,419	1,152,933	:=:	7,055,352	
Total Liabilities	8,015,543	1,355,573	515,751	9,886,867	756,723
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,141,935	27,786,881		47,928,816	(2)
Unrestricted	4,806,619	91,032	1,913	4,899,564	1,116,179
Total Net Position	24,948,554	27,877,913	1,913	52,828,380	1,116,179

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Water
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 5,436,833
Miscellaneous	66,216
Interfund Services	
Total Operating Revenues	5,503,049
Operating Expenses	
Administration	0.006.577
Operations	2,896,577
Depreciation and Amortization	994,129
Total Operating Expenses	3,890,706
Operating Income (Loss)	1,612,343
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	4,318
Disposal of Capital Assets	(3,286)
Grants	99,000
Interest Expense	(190,676)
	(90,644)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	1,521,699
Capital Contributions	15,960
Transfers In	₩.
Transfers Out	(550,000)
Change in Net Position	987,659
Net Position - Beginning	23,960,895
Net Position - Ending	24,948,554

Business-T	Type Activities - Enterprise		Governmental Activities
	Nonmajor		Internal
Airport	Refuse	Totals	Service
1,050,768	1,748,670	8,236,271	
43,359	25,000	134,575	¥
-		.	6,535,585
1,094,127	1,773,670	8,370,846	6,535,585
-	2	-	6,634,403
1,235,939	1,756,850	5,889,366	<u> </u>
349,405	些	1,343,534	
1,585,344	1,756,850	7,232,900	6,634,403
(491,217)	16,820	1,137,946	(98,818)
20	=	4,338	3,509
(2,752)	=	(6,038)	-
15,698		114,698	<u></u>
(56,196)	<u> </u>	(246,872)	
(43,230)		(133,874)	3,509
(534,447)	16,820	1,004,072	(95,309)
<u>~</u>	¥	15,960	* :
328,750	_	328,750	63,000
	(273,000)	(823,000)	<u>**</u>
(205,697)	(256,180)	525,782	(32,309)
28,083,610	258,093	52,302,598	1,148,488
27,877,913	1,913	52,828,380	1,116,179

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Water
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 5,485,494
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	=
Payments to Employees	(1,124,713)
Payments to Suppliers	$\frac{(1,913,581)}{2,447,200}$
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers In	(550,000)
Transfers Out	(550,000)
	(330,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	2505 1115
Purchase of Capital Assets	(587,144)
Debt Issuance	179,954 (614,298)
Debt Repayment Interest Payments	(190,676)
interest i ayments	(1,212,164)
Cook Flows from Investing Activities	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received	4,318
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	689,354
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	4,282,251
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	4,971,605
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	
(Used) by Operating Activities	1 612 242
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Income to Net Cash	1,612,343
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	994,129
Other Income	99,000
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	(116,555)
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(141,717)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,447,200
Noncash Activity	
Capital Contributions	15,960

Business-T	ype Activities - Enterprise		Governmental Activities
D dollied 1	Nonmajor	——————————————————————————————————————	Internal
Airport	Refuse	Totals	Service
	101000		
1,132,278	1,809,029	8,426,801	LS.
1,132,270	1,809,029	8,420,801	6,261,704
(193,981)	7 -	(1,318,694)	0,201,704
(1,030,758)	(1,773,552)	(4,717,891)	(6,461,203)
(92,461)	35,477	2,390,216	(199,499)
(92,401)	33,477	2,370,210	(177,477)
		200 550	(2.000
328,750	(328,750	63,000
7	(273,000)	(823,000)	(2.000
328,750	(273,000)	(494,250)	63,000
(67,105)	0.27	(654,249)	19
7.E.	(e.	179,954	13
(46,731)	year .	(661,029)	7.
(56,196)		(246,872)	
(170,032)	()#	(1,382,196)	.(y :
20	(e)	4,338	3,509
66,277	(237,523)	518,108	(132,990)
121,479	537,509	4,941,239	1,268,086
187,756	299,986	5,459,347	1,135,096
(491,217)	16,820	1,137,946	(98,818)
349,405	: =	1,343,534	0=6
15,698	-	114,698	·
22,453	35,359	(58,743)	(273,881)
11,200	(16,702)	(147,219)	173,200
(92,461)	35,477	2,390,216	(199,499)
:#		15,960	

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013

	Pension
	Trust
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,561,194
Investments	10.024.071
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	19,834,271 625,302
Corporate Bonds	102,810
Certificates of Deposit	744,745
Money Market Mutual Funds	27,040,839
Mutual Funds	,,
Receivables	101,582
Accrued Interest	101,362
Prepaids	5,710
Total Assets	50,016,453
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	17,571
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	1,734,493
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,752,064
NET POSITION	
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	48,264,389

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Pension
	Trust
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,886,706
Contributions - Plan Members	913,175
Total Contributions	3,799,881
Investment Income	
Interest Earned	1,048,206
Net Change in Fair Value	2,773,047
	3,821,253
Less Investment Expenses	(102,737)
Net Investment Income	3,718,516
Total Additions	7,518,397
Deductions	
Administration	74,391
Benefits and Refunds	4,973,612
Total Deductions	5,048,003
Change in Net Position	2,470,394
Net Plan Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	
Net Position - Beginning	45,793,995
Net Position - Ending	48,264,389

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The more significant of the City's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

City of DeKalb

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

DeKalb Public Library

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the City is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the City, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary City because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the City's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

REPORTING ENTITY – Continued

Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's sworn firefighters participate in the Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS). FPERS functions for the benefit of those employees and is governed by a five-member pension board, with two members appointed by the City President, two elected from active participants of the Fund, and one elected from the retired members of the Fund. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the City is obligated to fund all remaining FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the City, the FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the City's sworn firefighters. The FPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the FPERS.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending.

DeKalb Public Library

The DeKalb Public Library (the Library) operates and maintains the City's public library facilities. The Library's board is appointed by the Mayor with the consent of the City Council. The Library may not issue bonded debt, and its annual budget and property tax levy requests are subject to the City Council's approval. Separate financial statements for the Library are not available.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's police and fire safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's water, airport, and refuse services are classified as business-type activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements - Continued

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations.

The City's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, highways and streets, etc). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges for services, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, permits and charges for services, etc).

The City does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which either have debt outstanding or a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City maintains eleven special revenue funds. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the operations of street maintenance programs and capital projects as authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided by the City's share of restricted gasoline taxes. The Mass Transit Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the restricted grant revenues for the tow community mass transit services: Northern Illinois University's Huskies Line and Voluntary Action Center's Trans Vac Service. The Tax Increment Financing #1 Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the restricted property taxes for the redevelopment activities within another defined area of the community in order to eliminate blighted conditions in that area. The Tax Increment Financing #2 Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the restricted property taxes for the redevelopment activities within another defined area of the community in order to eliminate blighted conditions in that area.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The City maintains two debt service funds. The Tax Increment Financing Fund, a major fund, is used to account for accumulation of resources and payment of bond principal and interest on the tax increment financing areas.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The City maintains four capital projects funds. The Public Safety Building Fund, a major fund, is used for construction, and debt for the new police station and any other public safety building in the future.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The City maintains three enterprise funds. The Water Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the provision of water service to the residents of the City. All activity necessary to provide such services is accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operation, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection. The Airport Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the operations of the Taylor Municipal Airport. Financing may be provided from a number of sources including user fees as well as property taxes.

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains three internal service funds. The Workers' Compensation Fund is used to account for payment of workers' compensation insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from other funds. The Health Insurance Fund is used to account for payment of health insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from employees, retirees and other funds. The Liability/Property Insurance Fund is used to account for payment of liability insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from other funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity by the City for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity by the City for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the government through an annual property tax levy. The Firefighters' Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay retirement and other related benefits for sworn members of the City's Fire Department.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, this fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70.

A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Income tax will exceed the sixty day recognition period due to the State of Illinois and the long delay with releasing these funds. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows", cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report utility charges as their major receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids/inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 to \$25,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by the governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Building Improvements	40-50 Years
Equipment	10 – 20 Years
Vehicles	3 – 20 Years
Infrastructure	40 – 50 Years
Water Distribution System	40 – 65 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported expenditures/expenses at the time of issuance. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets—Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Net Position - Continued

Restricted—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted—All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted for all governmental, proprietary and pension trust funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental and proprietary funds. All outstanding encumbrances lapse at year end and do not carry forward into the subsequent fiscal year unless they are reappropriated.

All department of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, department and division, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. The budget may be amended by the governing body. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

The budget officer can transfer amounts between departments within a fund; however, transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY – Continued

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses, exclusive of depreciation, over budget as of the date of this report:

Fund	 Excess
General	\$ 395,081
Tax Increment Financing #1	869,541
Knolls Special Service Area #4	2,300
Capital Projects	260,369
Equipment	512,680
Fleet Replacement	424,728
Refuse	26,244
Police Penison	259,846
Firefighters' Pension	364,952

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the City to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

The deposits and investments of the Pension Funds are held separately from those of other City funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Funds to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois Bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer, or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies and separate accounts of life insurance companies provided the investment in separate accounts does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's net position. Pension Funds of at least 5 million that have appointed an investment advisor may, through that investment advisor, invest up to thirty-five percent of the plan's net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the SEC, Illinois Funds operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a non-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IMET are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

City Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$14,569,389 and the bank balances totaled \$15,734,753.

Investments. The City has the following investment fair values and maturities:

	10	Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	8	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type		Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
Illinois Funds	\$	590,455	590,455	-	*	÷
IMET		5,637,280	5,637,280	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds		10,050,568	9,625,916	424,652	•	=
	_	16,278,303	15,853,651	424,652		

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions, the City's investment policy requires that deposits with financial institutions in excess of FDIC be collateralized with collateral in excess of the uninsured deposits with the collateral held by a third party acting as the agent of the City. At year-end, the City's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The IMET Convenience Fund is rated AAAf by Standard & Poors and the 1-3 year Fund is rated AAf by Standard & Poors.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy does not mitigate custodial credit risk for deposits. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

City Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk – Continued. For investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not mitigate custodial credit risk for investments and the City's investment in the Illinois Fund is noncategorizable. The IMET Convenience Fund is a depository vehicle that is 110 percent collateralized with obligations of the United States Treasury and its agencies. All collateral securities are held in the name of IMET Convenience Fund at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy limits its investment to the safest types of securities, prequalifies financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City does business and diversifies the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. At year-end, the City's investment in negotiable certificates of deposit and in the IMET Convenience Fund represents more than 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio.

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$1,081,300 and the bank balances totaled \$1,081,300.

Investments. At year-end, the Fund has the following investments and maturities:

			Investment	Maturities (in Y	(ears)	
		Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type		Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
U.S. Agencies	\$	10,129,339	1,313,481	7,439,382	994,669	381,807
Corporate Bonds	-	625,302		625,302		
		10,754,641	1,313,481	8,064,684	994,669	381,807

Interest Rate Risk. The Fund's investment policy limits exposure to interest rate risk by requiring that assets remain sufficiently liquid to meet the Fund's disbursement requirements for the payment of operating expenses and benefits.

Credit Risk. The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuers of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. As of June 30, 2013, the ratings of the agency's corporate bonds are AA+ as rated by Standard and Poor's.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, it is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Funds deposits may not be returned to them. The Fund's investment policy requires the pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. Flow-through FDIC insurance is available for the Fund's deposits with financial institutions. The Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by requiring third party safekeeping for all securities owned by the Fund. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Fund will not able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration Risk. Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk that the Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk. It is the policy of the Fund to invest 52% of its portfolio in fixed income securities, 55% in equities and the remaining 3% in cash and cash equivalents. The Fund has hired a fund manager to manage the fixed income portfolio and utilizes its consultant to assist with the equity investments. In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$14,896,362 invested in mutual funds. At year-end the Fund had greater than 5% of its overall portfolio invested in FHLB and FFCB U.S. agency obligations which is in accordance with the Fund's investment policy.

At June 30, 2013, the Fund had approximately 43% of its investment portfolio in fixed income holdings. The investment policy diversifies its fixed income holdings with a range of 45% to 75% with a target of 52%.

The Fund had approximately 55% of its funds invested in equities. The Fund's investment policy defines the strategy in which the Board follows for the equity investments. The Board diversifies its equity holdings by the following allocation guideline:

	Target	Range of
	Allocation	Allocation
Equity Securities:		
International	35%	0% - 50%
Domestic	65%	20% - 100%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Firefighters' Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$1,327,449 and the bank balances totaled \$1,327,449.

Investments. At year-end, the Fund has the following investments and maturities:

			Investment	Maturities (in Y	(ears)	
	-	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type		Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
U.S. Agencies	\$	2,300,165	_	1,460,888	839,277	.
U.S. Treasuries		7,404,767	501,465	6,903,302	Ä	<u> </u>
		9,704,932	501,465	8,364,190	839,277	

Interest Rate Risk. The Fund's investment policy limits exposure to interest rate risk by requiring that assets remain sufficiently liquid to meet the Fund's disbursement requirements for the payment of operating expenses and benefits.

Credit Risk. The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuers of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. As of June 30, 2013, the overall ratings of the agency's long-term debt, except for subordinated debt of which the Firefighters' Pension Fund does not own any, is AAA as rated by Moody's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, it is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Funds deposits may not be returned to them. The Fund's investment policy requires the pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. Flow-through FDIC insurance is available for the Fund's deposits with financial institutions. The Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by requiring third party safekeeping for all securities owned by the Fund.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Fund will not able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Firefighters' Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Concentration Risk. Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk that the Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk. It is the policy of the Fund to invest 60% of its portfolio in fixed income securities, 35% in equities and the remaining 5% in cash and cash equivalents. The Fund has hired a fund manager to manage the fixed income portfolio and utilizes its consultant to assist with the equity investments. In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$12,144,477 invested in mutual funds.

At June 30, 2013, the Fund had approximately 427% of its investment portfolio in fixed income holdings. The investment policy diversifies its fixed income holdings with a range of 40% to 80% with a target of 60%. The Fund had greater than 5% of its fixed income holdings in U.S. Treasury Notes and FMNAs.

The Fund had approximately 52% of its funds invested in equities. The Fund's investment policy defines the strategy in which the Board follows for the equity investments. The Board diversifies its equity holdings by the following allocation guideline, 5% to 45%, with a target of 35%.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2012 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2013, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2013, and September 1, 2013. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 10,113,091	=	i L	10,113,091
Land Right of Way	25,736,657	¥	1 <u>#</u>	25,736,657
Construction in Progress	5,171,420	10,050,256	×=	15,221,676
Ç	41,021,168	10,050,256	:(#	51,071,424
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	7,965,068	-	-	7,965,068
Equipment	4,728,551	412,105	167,845	4,972,811
Vehicles	6,502,075	519,636	21,850	6,999,861
Infrastructure	146,359,837	311,905	<u>×</u>	146,671,742
	165,555,531	1,243,646	189,695	166,609,482
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	3,216,413	142,143	≅	3,358,556
Equipment	2,072,403	351,989	153,531	2,270,861
Vehicles	4,345,215	379,317	21,850	4,702,682
Infrastructure	65,831,960	3,009,179		68,841,139
	75,465,991	3,882,628	175,381	79,173,238
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	90,089,540	(2,638,982)	14,314	87,436,244
Total Net Capital Assets	131,110,708	7,411,274	14,314	138,507,668

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$	89,670
Public Safety		289,797
Highways and Streets		378,593
Community Development	<i></i>	3,124,568
	\text{\$\frac{1}{2}}	3,882,628

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning		Decreases/	Ending
	Balances	Increases	Transfers	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 18,896,047	: ■0	-	18,896,047
Land Improvements	407,381		=	407,381
Construction in Progress	72,454	16,970	_≡	89,424
	19,375,882	16,970	#	19,392,852
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	4,804,864	:-:	-	4,804,864
Water Distribution System	39,166,351	432,755	ĝ	39,599,106
Vehicles	1,042,963	68,335	18,346	1,092,952
Equipment	630,873	152,150	78,863	704,160
Airport Infrastructure	10,888,258		- 	10,888,258
	56,533,309	653,240	97,209	57,089,340
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	1,666,754	93,652	_	1,760,406
Water Distribution System	15,208,378	896,957	-	16,105,335
Vehicles	835,861	56,324	15,594	876,591
Equipment	542,031	28,727	75,577	495,181
Airport Infrastructure	2,086,615	272,206	#	2,358,821
	20,339,639	1,347,866	91,171	21,596,334
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	36,193,670	(694,626)	6,038	35,493,006
Total Net Capital Assets	55,569,552	(677,656)	6,038	54,885,858

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$	998,460
Airport		349,405
	_	1,347,865
		1,577,005

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into contracts for the construction or renovation of various facilities as follows:

	Aıı	Project thorization	Expended To Date	Remaining Commitment
	110	111101122111011	10 Dute	Communicat
Hollister Avenue Main Replacement	\$	361,257	233,976	127,281
Route 23 Caroll Avenue Signal		482,797	108,907	373,890
Bethan Road Widening (between N. 1st abd Meadow Trail W)		898,000	**	898,000
Taylor Street Widening		385,144	H S	385,144
Locust Street Widening		73,183	56,332	16,851
Augusta Avenue Widening		49,616		49,616
Total		2,249,997	399,215	1,850,782

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Motor Fuel Tax	\$	23,579
General	Tax Increment Financing #1		85,258
General	Tax Increment Financing #2		4,923
General	Nonmajor Governmental		20,442
Tax Increment Financing	Tax Increment Financing #1		4,300
Public Safety Building	General		24,384
Public Safety Building	Nonmajor Governmental		7,120
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental		55,000
Airport	General		180
Internal Service	Internal Service		165,000
			390,186

Interfund balances are advances in anticipation of receipts.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
General	Motor Fuel Tax	\$ 23,639
General	Mass Transit	37,404
General	Tax Increment Financing #1	611,151
General	Tax Increment Financing #2	146,305
General	Nonmajor Governmental	72,443
General	Water	550,000
General	Nonmajor Business-Type	273,000
Tax Increment Financing Debt Service	Tax Increment Financing #1	1,539,071
General Debt Service	General	1,011,680
Capital Projects	General	398,500
Fleet Replacement	General	265,691
Nonmajor Governmental	General	184,000
Airport	General	328,750
Internal Service	General	63,000
		5,504,634

The purpose of significant interfund transfers is as follows:

- \$1,539,071 transferred from the Tax Increment Financing #1 Fund to the Tax Increment Financing ("TIF") Debt Service Fund covered current year TIF debt service payments. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$1,011,680 transferred from the General Fund to the General Debt Service Fund covered current year general debt service costs. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$611,151 transferred from the Tax Increment Financing #1 Fund and \$146,395 transferred from the Tax Increment Financing #2 to the General Fund represent surplus distributions. These transfers will not be repaid.
- \$550,000 transferred from the Water Fund to the General Fund is a Payment in Lieu of Taxes (aka "PILOT"). This transfer will not be repaid.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds issued for business-type activities are reported in the proprietary funds as they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation Bonds of 2002A, due in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$215,000 plus interest at 1.30% to 3.85% through December 30, 2013.	Tax Increment Financing	\$ 425,000	_	210,000	215,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2003A, due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$445,000 plus interest at 1.00% to 3.625% through December 1, 2013.	Tax Increment Financing	150,000	±	75,000	75,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004, due in annual installments of \$15,000 to	General Debt Service	1,810,000	-	335,000	1,475,000
installments of \$15,000 to \$1,365,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 4.50% through	Water	2,355,000	-	225,000	2,130,000
January 1, 2021.	Airport	480,000	-	5,000	475,000
General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005, due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$560,000 plus interest at 5.70%					
through January 1, 2015.	Airport	635,000	#	30,000	605,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

General Obligation Bonds - Continued

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation Bonds of 2010A, due in annual installments of \$755,000 to \$1,145,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00% through December 1, 2021.	Tax Increment Financing	\$ 9,225,000	=	770,000	8,455,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010B, due in annual installments of \$150,000 to \$955,000 plus interest at 4.25% to 4.75% through January 1, 2028.	General Debt Service	3,905,000	æ		3,905,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010C, due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$755,000 plus interest at 1.90% to 5.90% through January 1, 2023.	General Debt Service	5,020,000	*	180,000	4,840,000
General Obligation Bonds of 2012A, due in annual installments of \$505,000 to \$865,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 2.50% through January 1, 2030.	General Debt Service	4	9,905,000	=	9,905,000
General Obligation Bonds of 2013B, due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$745,000 plus interest at 0.80% to 3.00% through January 1, 2022.	General Debt Service		2,380,000	- F	2,380,000
		24,005,000	12,285,000	1,830,000	34,460,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Revenue Bonds Payable

The City enters into revenue bonds payable to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for the tax increment financing district. Revenue bonds payable have been issued for governmental activities. Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

_	Fund Debt	Beginning	5		Ending
Issue	Retired by	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
Tax Increment Financing Revenue Bonds of 2003, due in annual installments of \$110,000	T.				
to \$775,000 plus interest of varied rates through January 1,	Tax Increment				
2013.	Financing	\$ 345,000	#Y	345,000	0 € 1

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2013, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended in the 2013 financial statements are as follows:

Governmental	Changes in F	air Value*	Fair Va	lue a	at June 30	, 201	3
Activities	Classfication	Amount	Classfication	A	mount	N	otional
Cash Flow Hedges:	Deferred		Fair Value				
Pay - Fixed	Outflow		of Swap				
Interest Rate Swap	(Asset)	\$ 17,808	(Asset)	\$	6,457	\$	-

^{*}Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments: the City has recorded the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement as a deferred outflow (asset) on the Statement of Net Position with a corresponding liability for the fair value of the swap agreement as the City has determined that the interest rate swap is an effective hedge.

Objective. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at time of issuance in January 2003, the City entered into an interest rate swap in connection with its \$4,350,000 Tax Increment Financing Revenue Bonds of 2003. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the City's variable interest rate to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.90%.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Revenue Bonds Payable - Continued

Terms. The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on January 1, 2013 and the swap's notional amount of \$4,350,000 matched the \$4,350,000 variable-rate bonds. The swap was entered into at the same time the bonds were issued (January 2003). The notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt decline beginning in fiscal year 2005 by equal principal amounts as noted in the debt service requirements to maturity schedule. Under the swap, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 3.90% and receives a variable payment equal to the Bond Market Associated Municipal Swap Index (BMA). The bond's variable rate coupons are based on the BMA. As of June 30, 2013, rates were as follows:

Interest Rate Swap		
Fixed Payment to Counterparty	Fixed	3.90 %
Variable Payment from Counterparty	BMA Index	(0.21)
	-	
Net Interest Rate Swap Payments		3.69
	=	

Fair Value. As of June 30, 2013, the swap had a negative fair value of \$6,457. The negative fair value of the swap may be counted by reductions in interest rate payments required under the variable-rate bond, creating a lower synthetic rate. Because the coupons on the government's variable-rate bonds adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value increase. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments were then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve to hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swap.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2013, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The swap counterparty was rated AA by Fitch Ratings and Standard and Poor's and Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2013.

Termination Risk. The City or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Debt service requirements to maturity for the debt are disclosed on page 50 at the net interest rate of 3.69% at June 30, 2013. As rates vary in the future, variable rate bond interest payments will change.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan Contracts Payable

The City, through the IEPA, received low interest loans for the construction of a water treatment facility. Loan contracts payable have been issued for business-type activities. Loan contracts currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
IEPA Loan #L17133700 Contract Payable of 1999, due in semi annual installments of \$133,239 including interest at 2.535% through January 8, 2021.	Water	\$ 2,132,381	, -	213,768	1,918,613
IEPA Loan #L17161400 Contract Payable of 2000, due in semi annual installments of \$109,406 including interest at 2.535% through May 30, 2021.	Water	1,750,951	-	175,530	1,575,421
IEPA Loan #L174045 Contract Payable of 2012, due in semi annual installments of \$5,749 including interest at 2.295% through October 26, 2032.	Water	: ;e :	179,954	•	179,954
		3,883,332	179,954	389,298	3,673,988

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Capital Leases Payable

The City is committed under leases for various equipment purchases as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Equipment	Capital Projects	\$ 53,842	199	53,842	=
Equipment	Capital Projects	524,460	·	173,956	350,504
Equipment	Capital Projects	-	250,000	 0	250,000
Police Software	Equipment	=	375,969	125,323	250,646
Equipment	Airport	5,263	1	5,263	*
Equipment	Airport	20,253	=	6,468	13,785
		g 			
		603,818	625,969	364,852	864,935

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Lease Payment
2014	Φ	227.050	7.265	244 115
2014	\$	336,850	7,265	344,115
2015		316,888	7,265	324,153
2016		16,667	#	16,667
2017		16,667	=	16,667
2018		16,667	#	16,667
2019		16,667	₹:	16,667
2020		16,667	=	16,667
2021		16,667	-	16,667
2022		16,667	#	16,667
2023		16,667	=	16,667
2024		16,667	=	16,667
2025		16,667	-	16,667
2026		16,667	=	16,667
2027		16,667	-	16,667
2028		16,662	€	16,662
		870,404	14,530	884,934
Interest Portion		(19,254)	(745)	(19,999)
Principal Balance		851,150	13,785	864,935

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 4,657,508	433,208	216,604	4,874,112	243,706
Net Pension Obligation	179,828	20,763		200,591	//B
Net Other Post-Employment					
Benefit Obligation	7,159,438	-	21,479	7,137,959	- 5
General Obligation Bonds	20,535,000	12,285,000	1,570,000	31,250,000	2,225,000
Plus/Less Unamortized Items:					
Premium	331,010	245,078	46,134	529,954	1.5
Discount	(37,476)	(157,296)	(2,418)	(192,354)	<u>=</u>
Loss on Refunding	(394,074)	: = :	(92,188)	(301,886)	₩.
Revenue Bonds	345,000	-	345,000	**	#
Capital Leases	578,302	625,969	353,121	851,150	323,453
	33,354,536	13,452,722	2,457,732	44,349,526	2,792,159
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	359,370	59,652	29,826	389,196	77,839
Net Pension Obligation	35,844	717	1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	36,561	H
Net Other Post-Employment					
Benefit Obligation	426,964	1,816	180	428,780	-
General Obligation Bonds	3,470,000		260,000	3,210,000	265,000
Plus Unamortized Items:	2,		,	-,,	
Premium	67,172		7,903	59,269	_
IEPA Loan Contracts	3,883,332	179,954	389,298	3,673,988	406,641
	25,516	179,934	11,731	13,785	6,747
Capital Leases	23,310		11,/31	13,703	0,747
	8,268,198	242,139	698,758	7,811,579	756,227

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, the net pension obligation, and the net other post-employment benefit obligation are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The General Obligation Bonds are being liquidated by the Tax Increment Financing and General Debt Service Funds. The General Debt Service Fund makes payments on the Revenue Bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity - Continued

For the business-type activities, compensated absences, the net pension obligation, and the net other post-employment benefit obligation are being liquidated by the Water and Airport Funds. The Water and Airport Funds make payments on the general obligation bonds. The IEPA loan contract is being liquidated by the Water Fund.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Governmenta	l Activities	В	Business-Type	Activities	
	General O	bligation	General O	bligation	IEP	Α
Fiscal	Bon	ds	Bon	ds	Loan Co	ontract
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$ 2,225,000	1,048,180	265,000	146,632	406,641	90,504
2015	1,985,000	1,036,140	870,000	135,522	416,996	79,793
2016	2,045,000	1,023,551	315,000	89,900	427,617	69,172
2017	2,100,000	1,010,742	330,000	75,725	438,506	58,283
2018	2,165,000	997,612		60,875	449,676	47,114
2019	2,355,000	984,186	695,000	60,875	461,125	35,664
2020	2,440,000	969,136	360,000	33,075	472,869	23,920
2021	2,545,000	948,136	375,000	16,875	484,911	11,878
2022	2,645,000	926,386	-	¥	8,895	2,603
2023	1,560,000	904,036	72	₽	9,100	2,398
2024	1,620,000	888,736	IE:	=	9,311	2,188
2025	1,670,000	873,136	+	-	9,526	1,973
2026	1,725,000	856,036	-	-	9,746	1,753
2027	1,785,000	841,036	9	<u> </u>	9,971	1,529
2028	1,015,000	823,398	<u> </u>	94	10,201	1,298
2029	865,000	805,442	=	(#):	10,436	1,063
2030	505,000	785,978	-	₩):	10,677	821
2031	-	i=	=	-	10,924	575
2032			¥	₩)	11,176	323
2033	<u> </u>	:=	=	=	5,684	65
	-					
Total	31,250,000	15,721,867	3,210,000	619,479	3,673,988	432,917

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs the computation of legal debt margin. "The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent:...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts." To date the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities. The City is a home rule municipality.

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2013:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 138,507,668
Plus Unspent Bond Proceeds	2,904,967
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004	(1,475,000)
General Obligation Bonds of 2010B	(3,905,000)
General Obligation Bonds of 2010C	(4,840,000)
General Obligation Bonds of 2012A	(9,905,000)
General Obligation Bonds of 2012B	(2,380,000)
Unamortized Premium	(280,632)
Unamortized Discount	192,354
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	297,908
Capital Leases	(851,150)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	118,266,115
•	118,266,115
Net Investment in Capital Assets Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	118,266,115 54,885,858
Business-Type Activities	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt:	54,885,858
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004	54,885,858 (2,605,000)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004 General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005	54,885,858 (2,605,000) (605,000)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004 General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005 Unamortized Premium	54,885,858 (2,605,000) (605,000) (59,269)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004 General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005 Unamortized Premium IEPA Loan #L17133700 Contract	54,885,858 (2,605,000) (605,000) (59,269) (1,918,613)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004 General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005 Unamortized Premium IEPA Loan #L17133700 Contract IEPA Loan #L17161400 Contract	54,885,858 (2,605,000) (605,000) (59,269) (1,918,613) (1,575,421)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Committed Fund Balance. The City reports committed fund balance in the Economic Development Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Public Safety Building Fund, Equipment Fund, and Fleet Replacement Fund. Formal City Council action (ordinance and/or resolution) is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City Council, through formal board action, has committed the funds in this portion of the fund balance for multiple priorities based on how these funds were received, these priorities include improvements to City facilities, parking in the City Center, street improvements, and bikeway improvements.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The City's policy manual states that the Corporate Fund should maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 25% of annual expenditures.

						Debt	Capital		
		Special Revenue				Service	Projects		
		Tax Tax				Tax	Public		
		Motor	Mass	Increment	Increment	Increment	Safety		
,	General	Fuel Tax	Transit	Financing #1	Financing #2	Financing	Building	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable - Inventories	\$ 37,161	16			374	<u> </u>		-	37,161
Restricted									
Specific Purpose	6,262	9.€3	((*)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:	88	100,950	107,212
Maintenance of Roadways	-	2,006,007			7 <u>2</u>	€	1/20	12	2,006,007
Economic Development	-	0.00	(e)	3,349,486	6,672,420	=	0.50	25	10,021,906
Public Safety		8.2			-	<u>(4</u>	0.55	47,725	47,725
	6,262	2,006,007		3,349,486	6,672,420)•	148,675	12,182,850
Committed									
Economic Development	•	(·		: <u>*</u>	15	9	1.5	23,418	23,418
Capital Projects		72			(<u>~</u>		3,367,671	347,979	3,715,650
		\(\\mathbb{\eta}\)?	5.5	5.00	3.00		3,367,671	371,397	3,739,068
Unassigned	5,177,514	(₩:	: - :		19		325		5,177,514
Total Fund Balances	5,220,937	2,006,007	(#K)	3,349,486	6,672,420		3,367,671	520,072	21,136,593

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the City's employees. The City has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds.

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC)

Risks for medical and death benefits for employees and retirees are provided for through the City's participation in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC acts as an administrative agency to receive, process and pay such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. IPBC maintains specific reinsurance coverage for claims in excess of \$50,000 per individual employee participant. The City pays premiums to IPBC based upon current employee participation and its prior experience factor with the pool. Current year overages or underages for participation in the pool are adjusted into subsequent years experience factor for premiums. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City has established the following internal service funds to account for these activities: Workers' Compensation, Liability/Property Insurance and Health Insurance Funds. Each participating fund makes payments to the insurance funds. Such payment are displayed on the financial statements as revenues and expenses to the extent that the charge to the other funds is based on the actual expense of the funds plus an additional amount for catastrophic losses. Payments in excess of these amounts, if any, are reported as transfers.

The City has contracted with third party administrators (TPAs) to administer the workers' compensation program and to review and process claims. In addition, the City has contracted with third party carriers for specific and aggregate stop loss coverage to limit the City's exposure to losses. The specific and aggregate stop loss coverage are as follows:

Workers' Compensation – Prior to May 2012, the City was completely self-insured with no specific or aggregate stop loss policies. However, as of June 30, 2013, the City is self-insured up to \$600,000 in potential claims losses while any additional claims liabilities are covered by a policy purchased from a national insurance provider.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

RISK MANAGEMENT – Continued

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC) - Continued

A reconciliation of claims payable for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2013 are as follows:

	Workers' Compensation	Liability/ Property Insurance	Totals
Claims Payable - June 30, 2011	\$ 1,214,877	51,228	1,266,105
Incurred Claims	352,016	-	352,016
Claims Paid	(1,051,850)	(50,228)	(1,102,078)
Claims Payable - June 30, 2012	515,043	1,000	516,043
Incurred Claims	318,232	104,054	422,286
Claims Paid	(257,081)	(104,054)	(361,135)
Claims Payable - June 30, 2013	576,194	1,000	577,194

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Property Tax Rebates

The City has entered into a development agreement whereby it has committed to abate 90%, 80%, 70% 60% and 50% respectively, of a certain company's TIF and non-TIF property taxes for years 1 through 5 after the issuance of occupancy permits. In addition, the company is entitled to property tax rebates of 50% for the TIF property for years 6 through 10 after the issuance of occupancy permits but no later than December 31, 2017. As of June 30, 2013, the City has incurred \$1,040,113 in rebates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for all three plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and Firefighters' Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the City at 200 South 4th Street, DeKalb, IL 60115. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois.

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

Illinois Municipal Retirement System

All employees (other than those covered by the Police and Firefighters' Pension plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Participating members hired before January 1, 2011 who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. For participating members hired on or after January 1, 2011 who retire at or after age 67 with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 at January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly pension of a member hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 62, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years of credited service may retire at or after age 62 and receive a reduced benefit. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits.

These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Employees participating in the plan are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary to IMRF. The employees' contribution rate is established by state statute. The City is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to fund the IMRF plan as specified by statute. For the calendar year 2012, the employer contribution rate used by the employer was equal to the employer annual required contribution rate of 19.71 percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies - Continued

Police Pension Plan

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At June 30, 2013 the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	46
Current Employees	
Vested	42
Nonvested	19
	107

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly benefit of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, but the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including administrative costs, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2040 the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded.

Firefighters' Pension Fund

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn firefighter personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At June 30, 2013 the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	55
Current Employees	
Vested	30
Nonvested	22
	107

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank at the date of retirement. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the monthly salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such salary.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies - Continued

Firefighters' Pension Plan - Continued

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly pension of a firefighter hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a firefighter hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees, if any, are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including administrative costs, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2040 the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is 90% funded.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters - Continued

Significant Investments

There are no investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government - guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of net position available for benefits for either the Police or Firefighters' Pension Plans. Information for IMRF is not available.

Related Party Transactions

There are no securities of the employer or any other related parties included in plan assets.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The net pension obligation (asset) for each plan is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal		Police	Firefighters'	
	Retirement		Pension	Pension	Totals
Annual Required Contribution	\$	1,279,073	1,097,501	1,837,536	4,214,110
Interest on Net Pension Obligation (Asset)		18,017	71	(4,188)	13,900
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	_	(12,879)	(48)	2,863	(10,064)
Annual Pension Cost		1,284,211	1,097,524	1,836,211	4,217,946
Actual Contribution).)	1,279,073	1,079,450	1,807,256	4,165,779
Change in NPO/(NPA)		5,138	18,074	28,955	52,167
NPO/(NPA) - Beginning	·-	240,233	943	(55,841)	185,335
NPO/(NPA) - Ending	_	245,371 *	* 19,017	(26,886)	237,502

^{*} The DeKalb Public Library's portion of \$27,236 is included.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - Continued

The City's actuarial assumptions and related information for each plan are as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	
Contribution Rates Employer Employee	19.71% 4.50%	21.92% 9.91%	42.32% 9.46%	
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2013	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Amortization Method	Level % of Projected Payroll Open Basis	Level % of Projected Payroll Closed Basis	Level % of Projected Payroll Closed Basis	
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years	28 Years	28 Years	
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market	Market	Market	
Actuarial Assumptions Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Compounded Annually	7.50% Compounded Annually	7.50% Compounded Annually	
Projected Salary Increases	.4 to 10.0%	4.50%	4.50%	
Inflation Rate Included	4.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Trend Information

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

		Illinois			
	Fiscal	Municipal	Police	Firefighters'	
	Year	Retirement	Pension	Pension	
Annual Pension Cost	2011	\$ 1,249,560	\$ 1,347,651	\$ 2,007,794	
(APC)	2012	960,014	1,333,941	2,060,476	
	2013	1,284,211	1,097,524	1,836,211	
Actual Contributions	2011	1,012,131	1,342,558	2,001,368	
	2012	922,618	1,306,414	2,019,607	
	2013	1,279,073	1,079,450	1,807,256	
Percentage of APC	2011	81.00%	99.62%	99.68%	
Contributed	2012	96.10%	97.94%	98.02%	
	2013	99.60%	98.35%	98.42%	
Net Pension Obligation/	2011	202,810	(26,584)	(96,710)	
_			, , ,	` , ,	
(Asset)	2012	240,233	943	(55,841)	
	2013	245,371	19,017	(26,886)	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The City's funded status for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2013	
Percent Funded	59.66%	53.06%	41.95%	
Accuarial Accrued Liability for Benefits	\$23,311,116	\$49,148,427	\$52,889,722	
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$13,907,453	\$26,078,318	\$22,186,069	
Over (Under) Funded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(\$9,403,663)	(\$23,070,109)	(\$30,703,653)	
Covered Payroll (Annual Payroll of Active Employees Covered by the Plan)	\$5,919,833	\$4,923,730	\$4,270,692	
Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll	158.85%	468.55%	718.94%	

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions, Provisions, and Funding Policies

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the City offers post-employment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the City's General Fund.

The City offers post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's retirement plans. Elected officials are not eligible for benefits.

All health care benefits are provided through the City's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the City's plan becomes secondary.

All retirees contribute 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, retirees contributed \$362,561 to the plan. Active employees do not contribute to the post-employment health care plan until retirement.

At June 30, 2013, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	133
Active Employees	196
Total	329
Participating Employers	1

The City does not currently have a funding policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of June 30, 2013, was calculated as follows:

Annual Required Contribution Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to the ARC	\$	882,122 304,349 (253,624)
Annual OPEB Cost Actual Contribution		932,847 (950,439)
Increase in the Net OPEB Obligation		(17,592)
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning	-	7,608,734
Net OPEB Obligation - Ending*	22	7,591,142

^{*}The DeKalb Public Library's portion of \$24,403 is included.

Trend Information

The City's annual OPEB cost, actual contributions, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

	Annual			Percentage		Net
Fiscal	OPEB		Actual	of OPEB		OPEB
Year	Cost	Contributions		Cost Contributed	Obligation	
-						
2011	\$ 2,703,854	\$	1,112,666	41.15%	\$	6,116,053
2012	2,306,156		813,475	35.27%		7,608,734
2012	932,847		950,439	101.89%		7,591,142

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress – Continued

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 21,666,777
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	21,666,777
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	=
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	13,631,798
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	158.94%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, with an ultimate rate of 6.0%. Both rates include a 3.0% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the City has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013, was 30 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

COMPONENT UNIT – DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Library's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and Illinois Funds.

Library Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$13,835,298 and the bank balances totaled \$13,787,506.

Investments. At year-end, the Library has the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
		Fair	Less Than			More Than		
Investment Type		Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10		
U.S. Bonds	\$	59,437	Œ	59,437	3	€		
U.S. Treasuries	-	32,446	72	32,446	<u> </u>	#		
	-	91,883	12 9 1	91,883	•	Ē		

Interest Rate Risk. The Library's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit Risk. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions, the Library's investment policy requires that deposits with financial institutions in excess of FDIC be collateralized with collateral in excess of the uninsured deposits with the collateral held by a third party acting as the agent of the Library.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

COMPONENT UNIT - DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Library Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. The Library's investment policy limits its exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits by utilizing an independent third party institution, selected by the Library Board. At year-end \$11,589,729 of the bank balance of the deposits was not covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance, and \$137,358 represents cash at paying agent for debt service payments.

The Library's investment policy does not mitigate custodial credit risk for investments.

Concentration Risk. The Library's investment policy limits its investment to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifies financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Library does business and diversifies the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The investment policy does not include any limitations on individual investment types. At year-end, the Library has no investments that represent more than 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2012 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2013, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2013, and September 1, 2013. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost in excess of \$10,000 are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by the governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

COMPONENT UNIT – DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Building Improvements

40 Years

Equipment and Furniture

10 Years

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

]	Beginning			Ending
		Balnces	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets					
Land	\$	1,558,032	•	(= 7)	1,558,032
Construction in Progress		15,028	35,368	9	50,396
·		1,573,060	35,368	3	1,608,428
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Buildings and Improvements		593,325	: -	;•:	593,325
Equipment and Furniture		216,310	10,700		227,010
	_	809,635	10,700		820,335
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements		329,857	10,023	3 5 5	339,880
Equipment and Furniture		82,318	16,665		98,983
	_	412,175	26,688	•	438,863
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets		397,460	(15,988)	; e i	381,472
Total Net Capital Assets		1,970,520	19,380) <u>=</u>	1,989,900

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

COMPONENT UNIT - DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The Library issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Library. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Enging Balances
General Obligation Bonds of 2013, due in annual installments of \$265,000 to \$470,000 plus interest at 3.00% to 4.00% through Janaury 1, 2033.	Library General	\$ -	6,685,000	2 0	6,685,000

Loans Payable

The Library enters into loans payable for the acquisition of capital equipment. Loans payable are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Library. Loans payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Enging Balances
Loan Payable of 2013, due in one payment of \$3,000,000 including interest at 3.25% on June 18, 2015.	Library General	<u>\$ -</u>	3,000,000	-	3,000,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

COMPONENT UNIT - DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Certificates

The Library issues debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Debt certificates have been issued for general governmental purposes and are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the Library. Debt certificates currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Enging Balances
Debt Certificates of 2011, due in annual installments of \$111,111 plus interest at 2.960% through July 1, 2020.	Library General	\$ 1,000,000		111,111	888,889

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Compensated Absences	27,211	17,833	8,916	36,128	7,226
Net Pension Obligation	25,504	1,732	-	27,236	(#)
Net Other Post-Employment					
Benefit Obligation	22,332	2,071	1 9 .5	24,403	1.5
General Bonds Obligations Payable	1=3	6,685,000		6,685,000	3
Loans Payable	÷.	3,000,000		3,000,000	뀰
Debt Certificates	1,000,000	2	111,111	888,889	111,111
		_			
-	1,075,047	9,706,636	120,027	10,661,656	118,337

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

COMPONENT UNIT - DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Fiscal		General Obl Bond	•	Loa Paya		Deb Certific	
Year	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$	= ,,	121,201	: : :::	97,500	111,111	26,311
2015	*	265,000	226,076	3,000,000	97,500	111,111	23,022
2016		270,000	218,126	.=:	-	111,111	19,733
2017		280,000	210,026		·=	111,111	16,444
2018		285,000	201,626	~	.(₩	111,111	13,156
2019		295,000	193,076	(: - :	=	111,111	9,867
2020		305,000	184,226	(=	5	111,111	6,578
2021		315,000	175,076	7.≅	<u>.</u>	111,112	3,289
2022		325,000	165,626	i i	2	(**	15
2023		335,000	155,876	2	-	1.55	-
2024		345,000	145,826	~	* 0	=	=
2025		355,000	135,476	-	. 	=	<u>=</u>
2026		365,000	124,826			<u>~</u>	**
2027		375,000	112,962	8		-	 .
2028		390,000	99,838	: : ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	5 = 5	= 2	
2029		405,000	86,188	 €		7	-
2030		420,000	71,000	(=)	-	<u></u>	385
2031		435,000	54,200	-	7	:=:	100
2032		450,000	36,800	-	-	9=0	:=:
2033		470,000	18,800	3 4 1	0₩.		
Total		6,685,000	2,736,851	3,000,000	195,000	888,889	118,400

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
 - > Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)
 - > Police Pension Fund
 - > Firefighters' Pension Fund
 - > Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB)
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - ➢ General Fund
 - ➤ Motor Fuel Tax Special Revenue Fund
 - ➤ Mass Transit Special Revenue Fund
 - ➤ Tax Increment Financing #1 Special Revenue Fund
 - > Tax Increment Financing #2 Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

June 30, 2013

Funding Pi	rogress					
9						(6)
						Unfunded
						(Overfunded)
				(4)		Actuarial
		(2)		Unfunded		Accrued
	(1)	Actuarial		(Overfunded)		Liability as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(3)	Actuarial	(5)	Percentage
Valuation	Value	Liability	Funded	Accrued	Annual	of Covered
Date	of Plan	(AAL)	Ratio	Liability	Covered	Payroll
Dec. 31,	Assets	- Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$	(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
2007	\$ 16,802,732	\$ 20,883,283	80.46%	\$ 4,080,551	\$ 7,566,326	53.93%
2008	13,768,272	22,686,206	60.69%	8,917,934	8,000,291	111.47%
2009	15,100,855	24,160,464	62.50%	9,059,609	7,416,122	122.16%
2010	11,842,818	21,715,267	54.54%	9,872,449	7,451,165	132.50%
2011	12,508,651	21,665,655	57.73%	9,157,004	6,151,371	148.86%
2012	13,907,453	23,311,116	59.66%	9,403,663	5,919,833	158.85%
Employer	Contributions					
Employer	Contributions			Annual		
Fiscal		Employer		Required		Percent
Year		Contributions		Contribution		Contributed
1 cai		Controducions				
2008		\$ 1,106,440		\$ 1,106,440		100.00%
2009		985,603		985,603		100.00%
2010		1,054,391		1,054,391		100.00%
2011		1,012,131		1,213,295		83.42%
2012		922,618		955,703		96.54%
2013		1,279,073		1,279,073		100.00%

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

June 30, 2013

Funding P	rogress					
Actuarial Valuation	(1) Actuarial Value	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability	(3) Funded	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued	(5) Annual	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage
Date	of Plan	(AAL)	Ratio		Annual	of Covered
Jun. 30,	Assets	` ,		Liability	Covered	Payroll
	Assets	- Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$	(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
2008 2009	\$ 22,366,852 20,462,341	\$ 34,739,394 36,596,848	64.38% 55.91%	\$ 12,372,542	\$ 4,495,088	275.25%
2010		• •		16,134,507	4,607,728	350.16%
	22,493,353	37,746,195	59.59%	15,252,842	4,641,393	328.63%
2011	25,924,840	39,892,647	64.99%	13,967,807	4,563,707	306.06%
2012	24,957,662	45,332,124	55.06%	20,374,462	4,690,761	434.35%
2013	26,078,318	49,148,427	53.06%	23,070,109	4,923,730	468.55%
Employer (Contributions					
Eigen		D1		Annual		
Fiscal		Employer		Required		Percent
<u>Year</u>		Contributions		Contribution		Contributed
2008		\$ 865,936		\$ 863,331		100.30%
2009		849,705		864,215		98.32%
2010		1,081,450		1,112,799		97.18%
2011		1,342,558		1,348,287		99.58%
2012		1,306,414		1,334,737		97.88%
2013		1,079,450		1,097,501		98.36%
				, ,		

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

June 30, 2013

Funding P	rogress					
Actuarial Valuation Date Jun. 30,	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) ÷ (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) ÷ (5)
				χ <i>γ</i> - <i>γ</i>	, 1011	(1) (3)
2008	\$ 17,579,037	\$ 38,081,949	46.16%	\$ 20,502,912	\$ 4,272,897	479.84%
2009	16,340,474	40,461,554	40.39%	24,121,080	4,384,298	550.17%
2010	18,125,580	42,554,529	42.59%	24,428,949	4,022,606	607.29%
2011	20,861,991	45,579,135	45.77%	24,717,144	4,203,879	587.96%
2012	20,836,332	50,026,972	41.65%	29,190,640	4,205,623	694.09%
2013	22,186,069	52,889,722	41.95%	30,703,653	4,270,692	718.94%
Employer (Contributions					
				Annual		
Fiscal		Employer		Required		Percent
Year		Contributions		Contribution		Contributed
2008		\$ 1,373,886		\$ 1,369,761		100.30%
2009		1,500,813		1,526,469		98.32%
2010		1,706,970		1,756,441		98.32% 97.18%
2011		2,001,368		2,009,866		97.18%
2012		2,019,607		2,063,370		99.38% 97.88%
2013		1,807,256		1,837,536		
		1,007,230		1,037,330		98.35%

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

June 30, 2013

Funding Pr	rogress					(6)
						Unfunded
						(Overfunded)
				(4)		Actuarial
		(2)		Unfunded		Accrued
	(1)	Actuarial		(Overfunded)		Liability as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(3)	Actuarial	(5)	Percentage
Valuation	Value	Liability	Funded	Accrued	Annual	of Covered
Date	of Plan	(AAL)	Ratio	Liability	Covered	Payroll
Jun. 30,	Assets	- Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$	(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
2008	\$ -	\$ 29,419,780	0.00%	\$ 29,419,780	\$ 15,227,815	193.20%
2009	₹.	40,419,324	0.00%	40,419,324	15,459,449	261.45%
2010	3	35,870,633	0.00%	35,870,633	15,076,546	237.92%
2011	#	32,360,982	0.00%	32,360,982	13,625,025	237.51%
2012	-	20,805,232	0.00%	20,805,232	13,467,132	154.49%
2013	₽.	21,666,777	0.00%	21,666,777	13,631,798	158.94%
Employer (Contributions			Annual		

		Annual	
Fiscal	Employer	Required	Percent
Year	Contributions	Contribution	Contributed
2008	\$ 740,670	\$ 2,163,129	34.24%
2009	1,108,429	2,271,285	48.80%
2010	1,112,666	2,984,993	37.28%
2011	1,112,666	2,628,440	42.33%
2012	813,475	2,265,382	35.91%
2013	950,439	882,122	107.74%

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The City is required to have an actuarial valuation performed biennially, but has elected to have an annual valuation performed.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 15,831,337	15,831,337	15,607,187
Licenses and Permits	369,662	369,662	483,375
Intergovernmental	9,398,165	9,398,165	9,920,048
Charges for Services	1,667,707	1,667,707	1,601,648
Fines and Forfeitures	657,200	657,200	678,942
Interest	5,300	5,300	67,944
Miscellaneous	325,500	325,500	539,294
Total Revenues	28,254,871	28,254,871	28,898,438
2000 200 100000			
Expenditures			
General Government	4,873,601	4,873,601	5,189,549
Public Safety	18,624,603	18,624,603	18,603,710
Community Development	3,983,677	3,983,677	4,083,703
Total Expenditures	27,481,881	27,481,881	27,876,962
-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	772,990	772,990	1,021,476
Other Firencing Sources (Uses)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	1,636,820	1,636,820	1,713,942
Transfers Out	(2,110,486)	(2,110,486)	(2,251,621)
Transfers Out	(473,666)	(473,666)	(537,679)
		(,)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	299,324	299,324	483,797
Fund Balance - Beginning			4,737,140
Fund Balance - Ending			5,220,937

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

	Budge	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
D			
Revenues			
Intergovernmental State Motor Fuel Tax	\$ 1,150,000	1,150,000	1,098,053
Federal Grants	ψ 1,130,000 -	1,120,000	17,665
	199,000	199,000	240,102
State Grants	2,500	2,500	2,312
Interest	2,300	2,300	7
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	1,351,500	1,351,500	1,358,139
Total Revenues			
Expenditures			
Highways and Streets			
Commodities	390,000	390,000	245,393
Contractual Services	1,255,000	1,255,000	504,681
Capital Outlay			
Permanent Improvements	-		93,258
Total Expenditures	1,645,000	1,645,000	843,332
D C : A A F D A A F D A A F D A A F D A A A A			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(293,500)	(293,500)	514,807
Over (Under) Expenditures	(293,300)	(293,300)	314,007
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(23,639)
	(2.42.500)	(2.42.500)	401 169
Net Change in Fund Balance	(343,500)	(343,500)	491,168
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,514,839
Fund Balance - Ending			2,006,007

Mass Transit - Special Revenue Fund

	Rud	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
_			
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	¢ 1 107 997	1 107 997	890,741
Federal Grants	\$ 1,107,887	1,107,887	2,974,162
State Grants	2,970,268	2,970,268 2,593	2,974,102
Miscellaneous	2,593		3,864,903
Total Revenues	4,080,748	4,080,748	3,804,903
Expenditures			
General Government			
Personal Services	114,828	114,828	116,432
Commodities	7,525	7,525	821
Contractual Services	3,905,466	3,905,466	3,668,087
Equipment	3,900	3,900	23,496
Capital Outlay			
Permanent Improvements	30,063	30,063	30,063
Total Expenditures	4,061,782	4,061,782	3,838,899
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	18,966	18,966	26,004
Over (Chaci) Expenditures	9 		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Disposal of Capital Assets	Y	2006	11,400
Transfers In	1,556	1,556	•
Transfers Out		(E	(37,404)
	1,556	1,556	(26,004)
Net Change in Fund Balance	20,522	20,522	:
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending			<u>,57</u>

Tax Increment Financing #1 - Special Revenue Fund

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	Φ (502.521	6 502 521	6,679,893
Property Taxes	\$ 6,593,531	6,593,531	0,073,073
Intergovernmental	005.864	005 964	1,330,744
Sales Taxes	995,864	995,864	45,181
Interest	50,000	50,000	45,101
Miscellaneous			608
Refunds and Reimbursements		T (20 20 5	
Total Revenues	7,639,395	7,639,395	8,056,426
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay		100.000	222 071
Contractual Services	423,000	423,000	233,971
Permanent Improvements	6,513,672	6,513,672	7,572,242
Total Expenditures	6,936,672	6,936,672	7,806,213
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	702,723	702,723	250,213
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(2,335,299)	(2,335,299)	(2,150,222)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,632,576)	(1,632,576)	(1,900,009)
Fund Balance - Beginning			5,249,495
Fund Balance - Ending			3,349,486

Tax Increment Financing #2 - Special Revenue Fund

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
	·			
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,828,815	1,828,815	1,851,355	
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay				
Contractual Services	451,089	451,089	289,532	
Permanent Improvements	705,000	705,000	179,020	
Total Expenditures	1,156,089	1,156,089	468,552	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	672,726	672,726	1,382,803	
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(146,305)	(146,305)	(146,305)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	526,421	526,421	1,236,498	
Fund Balance - Beginning			5,435,922	
Fund Balance - Ending			6,672,420	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Combining Statements Internal Service Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Internal Service Funds
- Combining Statements Pension Trust Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Pension Trust Funds

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are created to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the operations of street maintenance programs and capital projects as authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided by the City's share of gasoline taxes.

Mass Transit Fund

The Mass Transit Fund is used to account for the tow community mass transit services: Northern Illinois University's Huskies Line and Voluntary Action Center's Trans Vac Service.

Tax Increment Financing #1 Fund

The Tax Increment Financing #1 Fund is used to account for redevelopment activities within another defined area of the community in order to eliminate blighted conditions in that area.

Tax Increment Financing #2 Fund

The Tax Increment Financing #2 Fund is used to account for redevelopment activities within another defined area of the community in order to eliminate blighted conditions in that area.

Foreign Fire Insurance Fund

The Foreign Fire Insurance Fund is used to account for certain fire department related expenditures. Financing is provided by taxes on out-of-state insurance companies.

Housing Rehabilitation Fund

The Housing Rehabilitation Fund is used to account for federal and state grans received through 1983 that were targeted for low interest housing rehabilitation loans to income qualified properties.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - Continued

Community Development Block Grant Fund

The Community Development Block Grant Fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursement of community development grants funds.

Heritage Ridge Special Service Area #3 Fund

The Heritage Ridge Special Service Area #3 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for improvements for Special Service Area #3.

Knolls Special Service Area #4 Fund

The Knolls Special Service Area #4 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for improvements for Special Service Area #4.

Greek Row Special Service Area #6 Fund

The Greek Special Service Area #6 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for improvements for Special Service Area #6.

Economic Development Fund

The Economic Development Fund is used to account for the City's agreements with outside agencies that help provide various economic development functions on behalf of the City.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are created to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Tax Increment Financing Fund

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for accumulation of resources and payment of bond principal and interest on the tax increment financing areas.

General Debt Service Fund

The General Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of bond and principal and interest on debt other that tax increment financing debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Public Safety Building Fund

The Public Safety Building Fund is used for construction, and debt for the new police station and any other public safety building in the future.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the City's general infrastructure improvements including street (re)construction, stormwater management, public buildings, streetlighting, sidewalk repairs, as well as the purchase of vehicles and equipment.

Equipment Fund

The Equipment Fund is used to account for major equipment purchases which cost in excess of \$5,000 and have a useful life expectancy of three years or more.

Fleet Replacement Fund

The Fleet Replacement Fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures associated with the acquisition of City vehicles and major equipment (i.e. trailers and plows).

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purpose.

Water Fund

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water service to the residents of the City. All activity necessary to provide such services is accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operation, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS – Continued

Airport Fund

The Airport Fund is used to account for the operations of the Taylor Municipal Airport. Financing may be provided from a number of sources including user fees as well as property taxes.

Refuse Fund

The Refuse Fund is used to account for the billing, collection and payment of refuse collection.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Workers' Compensation Fund

The Workers' Compensation Fund is used to account for payment of workers' compensation insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from other funds.

Health Insurance Fund

The Health Insurance Fund is used to account for payment of health insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from employees, retirees and other funds.

Liability/Property Insurance Fund

The Liability/Property Insurance Fund is used to account for payment of liability insurance premiums. Financing is provided by contributions from other funds.

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments to employees on the police force at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the City at amounts determined by an annual actuarial study.

Firefighters' Pension Fund

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments to employees on the fire department at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the City at amounts determined by an annual actuarial study.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Taxes	\$ 4,171,652	4,171,652	4,127,823
Property	5,972,603	5,972,603	5,852,867
Home Rule Sales	3,575,791	3,575,791	3,534,755
Utility	469,682	469,682	465,671
Franchise	1,641,609	1,641,609	1,626,071
Restaurant/Bar	15,831,337	15,831,337	15,607,187
	*		
Licenses and Permits			
Licenses	3,825	3,825	2,750
Amusement	161,737	161,737	191,601
Liquor Rooming House	12,500	12,500	12,955
Other	39,000	39,000	42,916
Permits		•	
Building	60,000	60,000	120,084
Electric	20,000	20,000	24,155
HVAC	13,000	13,000	18,904
Parking	2,600	2,600	3,145
Other	57,000	57,000	66,865
	369,662	369,662	483,375
I () and a second of the seco			
Intergovernmental Federal Grant	50,000	50,000	13,260
State Grant	10,000	10,000	20,181
Replacement Tax	135,000	135,000	140,694
State Sales Tax	3,855,086	3,855,086	3,871,872
State Income Tax	3,685,753	3,685,753	4,130,363
State Use Tax	632,000	632,000	705,503
TIF Property Tax Surplus	212,747	212,747	213,176
TIF Sales Tax Surplus	448,945	448,945	466,466
Miscellaneous	368,634	368,634	358,533
1411000110110000	9,398,165	9,398,165	9,920,048

Year Ended June 30, 2013

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Continued

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Charges for Services	\$ 744,957	744,957	758,941
Fire Protection	840,000	840,000	627,277
Ambulance Fees	16,000	16,000	3,040
Police Services	10,000	10,000	22,552
Planning/Zoning Fees	30,000	30,000	6,954
Engineering Plan Review	6,000	6,000	5,380
Zoning Fees	20,000	20,000	16,537
Developmental Inspection Fees	20,000	20,000	158,482
Rents	750	750	2,485
Other	1,667,707	1,667,707	1,601,648
Fines and Forfeitures			
Circuit Court	272,000	272,000	342,774
Police	266,500	266,500	90,406
Abatement	3,000	3,000	34,433
False Fire Alarm	1,000	1,000	900
Other	114,700	114,700	210,429
Outer	657,200	657,200	678,942
Interest			
Investment Income	5,300	5,300	67,944
Miscellaneous			
Refunds/Reimbursements	177,000	177,000	264,556
Miscellaneous	148,500	148,500	274,738
	325,500	325,500	539,294
Total Revenues	28,254,871	28,254,871	28,898,438

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government Legislative Administrative Services City Clerk Legal Counsel General Fund Support Service	\$ 330,316 2,181,713 120,850 255,453 1,985,269 4,873,601	330,316 2,181,713 120,850 255,453 1,985,269 4,873,601	322,041 2,250,033 98,364 259,451 2,259,660 5,189,549
Public Safety Police Protection Fire Protection	9,656,419 8,968,184 18,624,603	9,656,419 8,968,184 18,624,603	9,893,747 8,709,963 18,603,710
Community Development	3,983,677	3,983,677	4,083,703
Total Expenditures	27,481,881	27,481,881	27,876,962

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget			
		Original	Final	Actual
0 10				
General Government				
Legislative Personnel Services	\$	96,766	96,766	96,418
	Φ	2,500	2,500	3,984
Commodities		2,300	231,050	220,346
Contractual Services		231,030	231,030	1,293
Other Services	~	330,316	330,316	322,041
		000,010	220,010	
Administrative Services				
Personnel Services		1,848,151	1,848,151	1,904,492
Commodities		83,750	83,750	83,437
Contractual Services		68,812	68,812	85,471
Other Services		170,000	170,000	165,299
Equipment		11,000	11,000	11,334
		2,181,713	2,181,713	2,250,033
Clarification of the control of the				
City Clerk		117.160	117 160	96,017
Personnel Services		117,150 750	117,150 750	823
Commodities				
Contractual Services		2,700 250	2,700 250	1,048 476
Equipment	+	120,850	120,850	98,364
		120,030	120,030	70,501
Legal				
Personnel Services		77,653	77,653	77,924
Commodities		2,380	2,380	1,005
Contractual Services		2,420	2,420	5,341
Other Services		173,000	173,000	175,181
	-	255,453	255,453	259,451
0 17 10 10				
General Fund Support Services		1 201 010	1 201 010	1 (70)(7
Personnel Services		1,281,919	1,281,919	1,678,267
Commodities		153,650	153,650	167,219
Contractual Services		124,700	124,700	133,455
Other Services	18	425,000	425,000	280,719
	-	1,985,269	1,985,269	2,259,660
Total General Government	-	4,873,601	4,873,601	5,189,549

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget			
	-	Original	Final	Actual
Dublic Cofee				
Public Safety Police Protection				
Personnel Services	\$	9,260,731	9,260,731	9,350,532
	Ф		, ,	• •
Commodities		246,625	246,625	336,572
Contractual Services		119,638	119,638	153,132
Other Services		23,000	23,000	24,092
Equipment		6,425	6,425	29,419
		9,656,419	9,656,419	9,893,747
Fire Protection Fire Administrative Services				
Personnel Services		394,889	394,889	435,690
Commodities		52,757	52,757	55,462
Contractual Services		30,480	30,480	30,252
Fire Service				
Personnel Services		8,129,640	8,079,640	7,899,208
Commodities		166,990	166,990	134,840
Contractual Services		186,468	236,468	150,674
Other Services		6,960	6,960	3,400
Equipment) = (3=3	437
		8,968,184	8,968,184	8,709,963
Total Public Safety	-	18,624,603	18,624,603	18,603,710

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget			
	_	Original	Final	Actual
Community Development				
Public Works				
Personnel Services	\$	2,847,315	2,847,315	2,904,848
Commodities		531,500	531,500	536,655
Contractual Services		548,262	548,262	588,539
Other Services		39,000	39,000	38,325
Equipment		17,600	17,600	15,336
Total Community Development		3,983,677	3,983,677	4,083,703
Total Expenditures		27,481,881	27,481,881	27,876,962

Tax Increment Financing - Debt Service Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ -		18
Expenditures Debt Service Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	1,400,000 325,148 1,725,148	1,400,000 325,148 1,725,148	1,400,000 324,372 1,724,372
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,725,148)	(1,725,148)	(1,724,354)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	1,573,198	1,573,198	1,539,071
Net Change in Fund Balance	(151,950)	(151,950)	(185,283)
Fund Balance - Beginning			185,283
Fund Balance - Ending			-

Public Safety Building - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Actual	Actual	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental				
Local Fuel Tax	\$ 300,000	300,000	278,330	
Hotel/Motel Tax	20,000	20,000	20,000	
Fines and Forfeitures				
Police Fines	±.	<u> </u>	80,000	
Interest	1,000	1,000	5,001	
Total Revenues	321,000	321,000	383,331	
Expenditures				
General Government				
Contractual Services	2	420	92,523	
Capital Outlay	12,000,000	12,000,000	9,418,681	
Total Expenditures	12,000,000	12,000,000	9,511,204	
Total Edipolitica				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,679,000)	(11,679,000)	(9,127,873)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,285,000	
Discount on Debt Issuance	-	1=,1 ₹ 1,1 1 1	(157,296)	
Premium on Debt Issuance	-	U.	245,078	
Tremium on Boot Issuance	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,372,782	
Net Change in Fund Balance	321,000	321,000	3,244,909	
Fund Balance - Beginning			122,762	
Fund Balance - Ending			3,367,671	

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	Special	Debt	Capital	
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Totals
	1 -			
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 158,421		560,221	718,642
Receivables - Net of Allowances	,		,	,
Property Taxes	3,281	-	-	3,281
Other	-	(→ E	9,977	9,977
Due from Other Governments	54,348	(e)	64,830	119,178
Due from Other Funds	2	-	55,000	55,000
Total Assets	216,050		690,028	906,078
201417120000			070,020	700,070
LIABILITIES				
LIADILITIES				
Accounts Payable	15,227	: : ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	176,202	191,429
Due to Other Funds	20,442	-	62,120	82,562
Other Payables	1,700	(#)	103,727	105,427
Total Liabilities	37,369	·*:	342,049	379,418
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	6,588	•	¥	6,588
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	43,957		342,049	386,006
FUND BALANCES				
Post of				4.40.455
Restricted	148,675	•	2.45.050	148,675
Committed	23,418	*	347,979	371,397
Total Fund Balances	172,093	*	347,979	520,072
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	216,050	(**);	690,028	906,078

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Special	Debt	Capital	
		Revenue	Service	Projects	Totals
Revenues					100 101
Taxes	\$	192,421	E	8	192,421
Intergovernmental		301,285	-	792,760	1,094,045
Charges for Services		3 -0 2	: -	125,794	125,794
Interest		64		≅ 0	64
Miscellaneous	_	343		83,228	83,228
Total Revenues	_	493,770	·	1,001,782	1,495,552
Expenditures					
General Government		313,294	-0. 75 -	1,092,511	1,405,805
Public Safety		38,973	9 <u>2</u> 5	:#C	38,973
Capital Outlay		101,103	()=	714,108	815,211
Debt Service		,			
Principal		72	515,000	353,121	868,121
Interest and Fiscal Charges		:(= :	496,680	14,157	510,837
Total Expenditures		453,370	1,011,680	2,173,897	3,638,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	40,400	(1,011,680)	(1,172,115)	(2,143,395)
Other Financine Sources (Head)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Issuance		13	2	625,969	625,969
Transfers In		20,000	1,011,680	828,191	1,859,871
Transfers III Transfers Out		(72,443)	1,011,000	020,151	(72,443)
Transfers Out		(52,443)	1,011,680	1,454,160	2,413,397
					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,043)	5	282,045	270,002
Fund Balances - Beginning		184,136		65,934	250,070
Fund Balances - Ending		172,093		347,979	520,072

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2013

		reign Fire nsurance Tax	Housing Rehabilitation
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$	48,187	57,942
Property Taxes		:: :	(m)
Due from Other Governments		14	
Total Assets	ş	48,187	57,942
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable		462	208
Other Payables		.	.
Due to Other Funds			141
Total Liabilities		462	208
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes		=	20
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		462	208
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted		47,725	57,734
Committed		(14)	*
Total Fund Balances	-	47,725	57,734
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		48,187	57,942

Community	Heritage Ridge	Knolls	Greek Row		
Development	Special Service	Special Service	Special Service	Economic	
Block	Area #3	Area #4	Area #6	Development	Totals
18,143	7,805	4,129	20,547	1,668	158,421
10,110	,,,,,,,,,	.,	,	,	,
(49)		734	2,547	-:	3,281
27,098				27,250	54,348
45,241	7,805	4,863	23,094	28,918	216,050
45,241	7,603	4,003	25,074	20,710	210,050
6,655	50	869	1,483	5,500	15,227
1,700	30	-	1,103	7,500	1,700
20,442		·	-	*	20,442
28,797	50	869	1,483	5,500	37,369
,					
	-	1,488	5,100	25	6,588
28,797	50	2,357	6,583	5,500	43,957
20,777		2,507	3,000	0,000	
1 < 4 4 4	7 755	2,506	16,511		148,675
16,444	7,755	2,300	10,511	23,418	23,418
16,444	7,755	2,506	16,511	23,418	172,093
	1,133	2,500	10,511	23,110	1.2,075
45,241	7,805	4,863	23,094	28,918	216,050

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	Housing Rehabilitation
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Total Revenues	\$ 44,908 - - 44,908	- - 64 64
Expenditures General Government Public Safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	38,973 - 38,973	733 - 12,530 13,263
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,935	(13,199)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,935	(13,199)
Fund Balances - Beginning	41,790	70,933
Fund Balances - Ending	47,725	57,734

Community	Heritage Ridge	Knolls	Greek Row		
Development	Special Service	Special Service	Special Service	Economic	
Block	Area #3	Area #4	Area #6	Development	Totals
Diock					
		1 404	9,965	133,274	192,421
₩.	2,788	1,486	ŕ	130,27	301,285
301,285	-	-			64
		1 496	9,965	133,274	493,770
301,285	2,788	1,486	9,903	133,27	
= 40	07	3,036	6,669	161,000	313,294
141,769	87	3,030	2	3	38,973
:=1			<u> </u>	- ->	101,103
88,573	87	3,036	6,669	161,000	453,370
230,342	87	3,030	•		
50.042	2.701	(1,550)	3,296	(27,726)	40,400_
70,943	2,701	(1,550)			
		; <u>=</u> 1		20,000	20,000
(70.042)	(500)	(500)	(500)		(72,443)
(70,943)	(500)	(500)	(500)	20,000	(52,443)
(70,943)	(300)				
	2,201	(2,050)	2,796	(7,726)	(12,043)
200	2,201	(-,)			
16,444	5,554	4,556	13,715	31,144	184,136
10,444	3,331				
16,444	7,755	2,506	16,511	23,418	172,093
10,444	13,30				

Foreign Fire Insurance - Special Revenue Fund

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	\$ 42,000	42,000	44,908
Expenditures			
Public Safety			
Commodities	14,600	14,600	13,008
Contractual Services	4,675	4,675	3,035
Equipment	22,000	22,000	22,930
Total Expenditures	41,275	41,275	38,973
Net Change in Fund Balance	725	725	5,935
Fund Balance - Beginning			41,790
Fund Balance - Ending			47,725

Housing Rehabilitation - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest Miscellaneous Refunds and Reimbursements Total Revenues	\$ 150 20,000 20,150	20,000 20,150	64 - 64
Total Revenues	(
Expenditures			
General Government Contractual Services	1,250	1,250	733
Other Services	5,500	5,500	=
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,000	12,530
Permanent Improvements	26,750	26,750	13,263
Total Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,600)	(6,600)	(13,199)
Fund Balance - Beginning			70,933
Fund Balance - Ending			57,734

Community Development Block Grant - Special Revenue Fund

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental				
Grants	\$ 412,064	412,064	301,285	
Expenditures				
General Government			1.00	
Commodities	200	200	183	
Contractual Services	143,000	143,000	123,592	
Other Services	25,000	25,000	17,365	
Equipment	1,000	1,000	629	
Capital Outlay				
Permanent Improvements	175,000	175,000	88,573	
Total Expenditures	344,200	344,200	230,342	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	67,864	67,864	70,943	
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(67,864)	(67,864)	(70,943)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	3#	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning			16,444	
Fund Balance - Ending			16,444	

Heritage Ridge Special Service Area #3 - Special Revenue Fund

	Budge	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 2,788	2,788	2,788	
Expenditures General Government				
Commodities	1,500	1,500		
Contractual Services	538	538	87_	
Total Expenditures	2,038	2,038	87_	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	750	750	2,701	
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out	(500)	(500)	(500)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	250	250	2,201	
Fund Balance - Beginning			5,554	
Fund Balance - Ending			7,755	

Knolls Special Service Area #4 - Special Revenue Fund

		Budget		
	0	riginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$	1,486	1,486	1,486
Expenditures				
General Government		736	736	3,036
Contractual Services		730	750	5,050
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		750	750	(1,550)
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out	-	(500)	(500)	(500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	250	250	(2,050)
Fund Balance - Beginning				4,556
Fund Balance - Ending				2,506

Greek Row Special Service Area #6 - Special Revenue Fund

	Budge	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 10,101	10,101	9,965	
Expenditures General Government Contractual Services	9,601	9,601	6,669	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	500	500	3,296	
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out	(500)	(500)	(500)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2 -	2,796	
Fund Balance - Beginning			13,715	
Fund Balance - Ending			16,511	

Economic Development - Special Revenue Fund

	Budge	et	
	Original	Actual	Actual
Revenues Taxes Hotel/Motel	\$ 128,000	128,000	133,274
Expenditures General Government Contractual Services	161,000	161,000	161,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(33,000)	(33,000)	(27,726)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In			20,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(33,000)	(33,000)	(7,726)
Fund Balance - Beginning			31,144
Fund Balance - Ending			<u>23,418</u>

General Debt Service - Debt Service Fund

	Budg	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Interest	\$ -		2 X
Expenditures			
Debt Service			
Principal	515,000	515,000	515,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	496,680	496,680	496,680
Total Expenditures	1,011,680	1,011,680	1,011,680
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,011,680)	(1,011,680)	(1,011,680)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	1,011,680	1,011,680	1,011,680
Net Change in Fund Balance		Ĕ.	Di <u>a</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning			1) 📆
Fund Balance - Ending			

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental - Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2013

	Capital		Fleet	
	Projects	Equipment	Replacement	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ 234,557	165,332	160,332	560,221
Other	1,977	8,000	/5,	9,977
Due from Other Governments	64,830		16	64,830
Due from Other Funds	55,000	(=)	-	55,000
Total Assets	356,364	173,332	160,332	690,028
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	憲	16,422	159,780	176,202
Due to Other Funds	7,120	55,000	<u>=</u>	62,120
Other Payables	1,977	101,750	π ₀	103,727
Total Liabilities	9,097	173,172	159,780	342,049
FUND BALANCES				
Committed	347,267	160	552	347,979
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances	356,364	173,332	160,332	690,028

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental - Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Capital		Fleet	
	Projects	Equipment	Replacement	Totals
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 789,671	3,089	¥	792,760
Charges for Services	125,794	:: :: :	-	125,794
Miscellaneous	-	71,654	11,574	83,228
Total Revenues	915,465	74,743	11,574	1,001,782
Expenditures				
General Government	10,726	555,057	526,728	1,092,511
Capital Outlay	714,108	·=		714,108
Debt Service	,			
Principal	227,798	125,323	: - :	353,121
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,157	:=:		14,157
Total Expenditures	966,789	680,380	526,728	2,173,897
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(51,324)	(605,637)	(515,154)	(1,172,115)
Other Financing Sources				
Debt Issuance	-	375,969	250,000	625,969
Transfers In	398,500	164,000	265,691	828,191
A LUMBACA IA	398,500	539,969	515,691	1,454,160
Net Change in Fund Balances	347,176	(65,668)	537	282,045
Fund Balances - Beginning	91	65,828	15	65,934
Fund Balances - Ending	347,267	160	552	347,979

Capital Projects - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg	zet	
	Original	Actual	Actual
D			
Revenues			
Intergovernmental Local Fuel Tax	\$ 400,000	400,000	373,085
State Grants	ψ 1 00,000	-100,000	416,586
Charges for Services			110,500
Rental Income	115,000	115,000	125,544
Traffic Impact Fees	115,000	113,000	250
Total Revenues	515,000	515,000	915,465
Expenditures			
General Government			
Contractual Services	18,500	18,500	10,726
Capital Outlay			
Permanent Improvements	445,000	445,000	714,108
Debt Service			
Principal	227,798	227,798	227,798
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,122	15,122	14,157
Total Expenditures	706,420	706,420	966,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(191,420)	(191,420)	(51,324)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	398,500	398,500	398,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	207,080	207,080	347,176
Fund Balance - Beginning			91
Fund Balance - Ending			347,267

Equipment - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg	et	
	Original	Actual	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
State Grants	\$ -	-	3,089
Miscellaneous	·		
Refunds and Reimbursements	76,000	76,000	71,654
Total Revenues	76,000	76,000	74,743
Expenditures			
General Government			
Commodities	28,000	28,000	44,922
Contractual Services	14,700	14,700	26,840
Equipment	125,000	125,000	483,295
Debt Service			
Principal			125,323
Total Expenditures	167,700	167,700	680,380
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(91,700)	(91,700)	(605,637)
Other Financing Sources			
Debt Issuance	-	:₩:	375,969
Transfers In	2,000	2,000	164,000
	2,000	2,000	539,969
Net Change in Fund Balance	(89,700)	(89,700)	(65,668)
Fund Balance - Beginning			65,828
Fund Balance - Ending			160

Fleet Replacement - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Actual	Actual
Revenues Miscellaneous Refunds and Reimbursements	\$ 18,000	18,000	11,574
Expenditures General Government	402.000	100.000	507.700
Equipment	102,000	102,000	526,728
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(84,000)	(84,000)	(515,154)
Other Financing Sources			
Debt Issuance	and the state of t	•	250,000
Transfers In	155,000	155,000	265,691
	155,000	155,000	515,691
Net Change in Fund Balance	71,000	71,000	537
Fund Balance - Beginning			15
Fund Balance - Ending			552

Water Fund Department Accounts - Enterprise Fund

	Oper	ations and Maintenar	nce
	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Water Sales	\$ 4,973,456	4,973,456	5,340,253
Permits	13,000	13,000	23,648
Miscellaneous	23,000	23,000	66,216
Total Operating Revenues	5,009,456	5,009,456	5,430,117
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Personal Services	1,709,181	1,709,181	1,745,756
Commodities	408,600	408,600	420,379
Contractual Services	596,400	596,400	283,824
Other Services/Expenses	1,558,298	1,558,298	45,153
Equipment	272,000	272,000	147,123
Permanent Improvements	422,300	422,300	, E
Depreciation and Amortization			994,129
Total Operating Expenses	4,966,779	4,966,779	3,636,364
Operating Income (Loss)	42,677	42,677	1,793,753
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	150	150	4,318
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	150	(3,286)
Grants	_	1-	99,000
Interest Expense	(196,915)	(196,915)	(190,676)
1	(196,765)	(196,765)	(90,644)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(154,088)	(154,088)	1,703,109
Capital Contributions	y .		15,960
Transfers Out	(500,000)	(500,000)	(550,000)
Change in Net Position	(654,088)	(654,088)	1,169,069
Net Position - Beginning			23,107,591
Net Position - Ending			24,276,660

S	System Construction			Totals	
Bud			Buc	dget	
Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual
¥	<u>u</u>	4	4,973,456	4,973,456	5,340,253
50,000	50,000	72,932	63,000	63,000	96,580
a)		2	23,000	23,000	66,216
50,000	50,000	72,932	5,059,456	5,059,456	5,503,049
	ā		1,709,181	1,709,181	1,745,756
27	=	=	408,600	408,600	420,379
	*		596,400	596,400	283,824
₹×	鼍	<u> </u>	1,558,298	1,558,298	45,153
	<u>.</u>		272,000	272,000	147,123
700,000	700,000	254,342	1,122,300	1,122,300	254,342
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	# # #	954949	-	5.666.550	994,129
700,000	700,000	254,342	5,666,779	5,666,779	3,890,706
(650,000)	(650,000)	(181,410)	(607,323)	(607,323)	1,612,343
		() () () () () () () () () ()			
2	2	-	150	150	4,318
-	-	=	·	=	(3,286)
-	<u> </u>	9		≝	99,000
<u>=</u>	-	-	(196,915)	(196,915)	(190,676)
			(196,765)	(196,765)	(90,644)
(650,000)	(650,000)	(181,410)	(804,088)	(804,088)	1,521,699
2	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	<u>~</u>	<u> 2</u> 0	15,960
<u> </u>	-	-	(500,000)	(500,000)	(550,000)
(650,000)	(650,000)	(181,410)	(1,304,088)	(1,304,088)	987,659
		853,304	14-		23,960,895
		671,894			24,948,554
		10	ıO		=======================================

Water - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Capital Assets and Depreciation Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Ass		
	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
	Balances	Additions	Transfers	Balances
Land	\$ 528,648	-	-	528,648
Buildings and Improvements	2,544,389	ä	(<u>#</u>	2,544,389
Water System	39,166,351	432,755	Œ	39,599,106
Vehicles	616,258	40,900	ħ	657,158
Equipment	403,783	129,450	78,863	454,370
	43,259,429	603,105	78,863	43,783,671
	Beginning		Depreciation Retirements/	Ending Balances
	Beginning Balances	Accumulated Additions		Ending Balances
Buildings and Improvements	-		Retirements/	Balances
Buildings and Improvements Water System	Balances	Additions	Retirements/	Balances 804,33
-	Balances	Additions 50,888	Retirements/	804,33 16,105,33
•	753,451 15,208,378	Additions 50,888 896,956	Retirements/	804,33 16,105,33 585,05
Water System Vehicles	Balances 753,451 15,208,378 554,896	Additions 50,888 896,956 30,160	Retirements/ Transfers	•
Water System Vehicles	Balances 753,451 15,208,378 554,896 347,858	Additions 50,888 896,956 30,160 20,457	Retirements/ Transfers 75,577	804,33 16,105,33 585,05 292,73

Year Ended June 30, 2013

Airport - Enterprise Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

	Bud	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Rents/Taxes	\$ 360,000	360,000	340,175
Fuel Sales	393,750	393,750	710,593
Airport Operators	11,280	11,280	=
Miscellaneous	5,500	5,500	43,359
Total Operating Revenues	770,530	770,530	1,094,127
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Personal Services	279,612	279,612	297,085
Commodities	407,700	407,700	638,350
Contractual Services	137,850	137,850	191,980
Other Services	80,989	80,989	65,269
Equipment	32,000	32,000	17,968
Permanent Improvements	375,000	375,000	25,287
Depreciation and Amortization	9	20	349,405
Total Operating Expenses	1,313,151	1,313,151	1,585,344
Operating Income (Loss)	(542,621)	(542,621)	(491,217)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	·	⇒ ā	20
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	(4)	(2,752)
Grants	318,925	318,925	15,698
Interest Expense	(53,752)	(53,752)	(56,196)
merost Emperior	265,173	265,173	(43,230)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(277,448)	(277,448)	(534,447)
Transfers In	328,750	328,750	328,750
Change in Net Position	51,302	51,302	(205,697)
Net Position - Beginning			28,083,610
Net Position - Ending			27,877,913

Refuse - Enterprise Fund

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,871,579	1,871,579	1,748,670 25,000
Total Operating Revenues	1,871,579	1,871,579	1,773,670
Operating Expenses Operations Contractual Services	1,730,606	1,730,606	1,756,850
5 -17,10-5		1,750,000	1,700,000
Income Before Transfers	140,973	140,973	16,820
Transfers Out	(260,000)	(260,000)	(273,000)
Change in Net Position	(119,027)	(119,027)	(256,180)
Net Position - Beginning			258,093
Net Position - Ending			1,913

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds June 30,2013

	Workers' Compensation	Health Insurance	Liability/ Property Insurance	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,093,205	34,258	7,633	1,135,096
Receivables - Net of Allowances				
Accrued Interest	4,958			4,958
Due from Other Funds	165,000	: <u>€</u>	=	165,000
Prepaids	431,004	136,844	3 0 1	567,848
Total Current Assets	1,694,167	171,102	7,633	1,872,902
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	5,917	2,797	2,733	11,447
Accrued Payroll		3,082	:=:	3,082
Claims Payable	576,194	2	1,000	577,194
Due to Other Funds		165,000		165,000
Total Current Liabilities	582,111	170,879	3,733	756,723
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	1,112,056	223	3,900	1,116,179

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Internal Service Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Workers'	Health Insurance	Liability/ Property Insurance	Totals
	-	-			***
Operating Revenues	Φ.	024.000	5 456 560	107.000	(51 (5 ((
Charges for Services	\$	934,998	5,456,568	125,000	6,516,566
Miscellaneous	-	1,669	5 A5C 5CO	17,350	19,019
Total Operating Revenues		936,667	5,456,568	142,350	6,535,585
Operating Expenses					
Administration		882,240	5,613,246	138,917	6,634,403
Administration	8	002,240	3,013,240	150,717	0,054,405
Operating Income (Loss)		54,427	(156,678)	3,433	(98,818)
Name and a Description					
Nonoperating Revenues		2 120	200		2.500
Interest Income	9	3,129	380		3,509
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		57,556	(156,298)	3,433	(95,309)
m . c . x		54.500	0.500		(2,000
Transfers In	lo .	54,500	8,500		63,000
Change in Net Position		112,056	(147,798)	3,433	(32,309)
Change in 1100 I obtain		112,000	(11,,,,,,,,,)	5,155	(52,50)
Net Position - Beginning	6 <u></u>	1,000,000	148,021	467	1,148,488
Net Position - Ending	9	1,112,056	223	3,900	1,116,179

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Workers' Compensation	Health Insurance	Liability/ Property Insurance	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Interfund Services Provided Payment to Suppliers	\$ 738,130 (865,026) (126,896)	5,381,224 (5,449,230) (68,006)	142,350 (146,947) (4,597)	6,261,704 (6,461,203) (199,499)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers In	54,500	8,500	¥	63,000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received	3,129	380	-	3,509
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(69,267)	(59,126)	(4,597)	(132,990)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	1,162,472	93,384	12,230	1,268,086
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	1,093,205	34,258	7,633	1,135,096
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	54,427	(156,678)	3,433	(98,818)
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(198,537) 17,214	(75,344) 164,016	(8,030)	(273,881) 173,200
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(126,896)	(68,006)	(4,597)	(199,499)

Workers' Compensation Insurance - Internal Service Fund

		Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Contributions	\$ 935,000	935,000	934,998	
Miscellaneous	<u>2</u> 0	121	1,669	
Total Operating Revenues	935,000	935,000	936,667	
Operating Expenses Administration			40 7 00	
Contractual Services	55,600	55,600	60,799	
Claims	1,336,807	1,336,807	821,441	
Total Operating Expenses	1,392,407	1,392,407	882,240	
Operating Income (Loss)	(457,407)	(457,407)	54,427	
Nonoperating Revenues Interest Income	-	-	3,129	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(457,407)	(457,407)	57,556	
Transfers In	213,000	213,000	54,500	
Change in Net Position	(244,407)	(244,407)	112,056	
Net Position - Beginning			1,000,000	
Net Position - Ending			1,112,056	

Health Insurance - Internal Service Fund

	Budg	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Contributions	\$ 5,472,456	5,472,456	5,420,867
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	35,701
Total Operating Revenues	5,474,456	5,474,456	5,456,568
Operating Expenses			
Administration	10.000	10.000	10 120
Contractual Services	18,000	18,000	18,138
Claims	5,732,538	5,732,538	5,595,108 5,613,246
Total Operating Expenses	5,750,538	5,750,538	3,013,240
Operating Income (Loss)	(276,082)	(276,082)	(156,678)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Income	20	20	380
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(276,062)	(276,062)	(156,298)
Transfers In	(#.	3 8	8,500
Change in Net Position	(276,062)	(276,062)	(147,798)
Net Position - Beginning			148,021
Net Position - Ending			223

Liability/Property Insurance - Internal Service Fund

	Budge	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues Charges for Services			
Contributions	\$ 130,000	130,000	125,000
Miscellaneous	35,000	35,000	17,350
Total Operating Revenues	165,000	165,000	142,350
Operating Expenses Administration			
Contractual Services	60,000	60,000	29,987
Claims	86,500	86,500	108,878
Other	•	<u> </u>	52
Total Operating Expenses	146,500	146,500	138,917
Change in Net Position	18,500	18,500	3,433
Net Position - Beginning			467
Net Position - Ending			3,900

Pension Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

-	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 615,890	945,304	1,561,194
Investments U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities Corporate Bonds Certificates of Deposit Money Market Mutual Funds Mutual Funds	10,129,339 625,302 - 465,410 14,896,362	9,704,932 - 102,810 279,335 12,144,477	19,834,271 625,302 102,810 744,745 27,040,839
Receivables Accrued Interest	46,302	55,280	101,582
Prepaids	5,710		5,710
Total Assets	26,784,315	23,232,138	50,016,453
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	14,051	3,520	17,571
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	691,944	1,042,549	1,734,493
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	705,995	1,046,069	1,752,064
NET POSITION			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	26,078,320	22,186,069	48,264,389

Pension Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Totals
Additions Contributions - Employer	\$	1,079,450	1,807,256	2,886,706
Contributions - Plan Members Total Contributions	-	501,405 1,580,855	411,770 2,219,026	913,175 3,799,881
Investment Income		514,945	533,261	1,048,206
Interest Income Net Change in Fair Value	_	1,303,960 1,818,905	1,469,087 2,002,348	2,773,047 3,821,253
Less Investment Expenses Net Investment Income	_	(54,297) 1,764,608	(48,440) 1,953,908	(102,737 3,718,516
Total Additions		3,345,463	4,172,934	7,518,397
Deductions Administration		34,448	39,943 2,783,254	74,391 4,973,612
Benefits and Refunds Total Deductions	_	2,190,358 2,224,806	2,823,197	5,048,003
Change in Net Position		1,120,657	1,349,737	2,470,39
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits Beginning		24,957,663	20,836,332	45,793,99
Ending	-	26,078,320	22,186,069	48,264,38

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2011

	Bud	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Additions			
	Ф 1 007 501	1 007 501	1 070 450
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,097,501	1,097,501	1,079,450
Contributions - Plan Members	498,750	498,750	501,405
Total Contributions	1,596,251	1,596,251	1,580,855
Investment Income			
Interest Income	643,750	643,750	514,945
Net Change in Fair Value	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,303,960
-	2,443,750	2,443,750	1,818,905
Less Investment Expenses	(58,504)	(58,504)	(54,297)
Net Investment Income	2,385,246	2,385,246	1,764,608
Total Additions	3,981,497	3,981,497	3,345,463
Deductions			
Administration	30,250	30,250	34,448
Benefits and Refunds	1,934,710	1,934,710	2,190,358
Total Deductions	1,964,960	1,964,960	2,224,806
Change in Net Position	2,016,537	2,016,537	1,120,657
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits			
Beginning			24,957,663
Ending			26,078,320

Firefighters' Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	
Additions				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,837,536	1,837,536	1,807,256	
Contributions - Plan Members	447,840	447,840	411,770	
Total Contributions	2,285,376	2,285,376	2,219,026	
Investment Income				
Interest Income	300,000	300,000	533,261	
Net Change in Fair Value	100,000	100,000	1,469,087	
The change in I am 1 am	400,000	400,000	2,002,348	
Less Investment Expenses	(60,000)	(60,000)	(48,440)	
Net Investment Income	340,000	340,000	1,953,908	
Total Additions	2,625,376	2,625,376	4,172,934	
Deductions				
Administration	40,000	40,000	39,943	
Benefits and Refunds	2,418,245	2,418,245	2,783,254	
Total Deductions	2,458,245	2,458,245	2,823,197	
Change in Net Position	167,131	167,131	1,349,737	
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits				
Beginning			20,836,332	
Ending			22,186,069	

COMPONENT UNIT – DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS COMPONENT UNIT - DEKALB PUBLIC LIBRARY

Statement of Net Position and Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position and Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	General
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 13,613,865
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Taxes	896,577
Accrued Interest Prepaids	458 11,132
Capital Assets	11,100
Nondepreciable	-
Depreciable	B
Accumulated Depreciation	
Total Assets	14,522,032
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	71,245
Accrued Payroll	21,598
Compensated Absences Payable	2
Net Pension Obligation Payable Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Payable	
General Obligations Bonds Payable	
Loans Payable	=
Debt Certificates Payable	92,843
Total Liabilities	72,043
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	1,798,552_
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,891,395
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION	
Fund Balances	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,132
Nonspendable Restricted - Culture and Recreation	12,619,505
Restricted - Endowments	<u>.</u>
Assigned	10.600.605
Total Fund Balances	12,630,637
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	14,522,032
122	

Capital Projects	Permanent	Totals	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
86,003	227,313	13,927,181	ā	13,927,181
303	- 801 -	896,577 1,562 11,132	- - -	896,577 1,562 11,132
# #	:#: :#:	:- :- :-	1,608,428 820,335 (438,863)	1,608,428 820,335 (438,863)
86,306	228,114	14,836,452	1,989,900	16,826,352
9) 		71,245 21,598	36,128 27,236 24,403 6,685,000 3,000,000 888,889 10,661,656	71,245 21,598 36,128 27,236 24,403 6,685,000 3,000,000 888,889 10,754,499
	•	1,798,552	10.661.656	1,798,552
		1,891,395	10,661,656	12,553,051
86,306 86,306	228,114 - 228,114	11,132 12,619,505 228,114 86,306 12,945,057	1,101,011 (11,132) (9,761,635) - - (8,671,756)	1,101,011 2,857,870 228,114 86,306 4,273,301
86,306	228,114	14,836,452	1,989,900	16,826,352
9				

Statement of Activities and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General
Revenues	
Taxes	
Property Taxes	\$ 1,767,397
TIF Surplus	2,091,351
Replacement Taxes	35,337
Intergovernmental	55,557
State Grants	45,247
Federal Grants	25,500
Charges for Services	32,193
Interest	6,514
Miscellaneous	269,799
Total Revenues	4,273,338
	1,273,330
Expenditures	
Current	
Culture and Recreation	2,047,740
Debt Service	_,,
Principal Retirement	111,111
Interest and Fiscal Charges	79,448
Total Expenditures	2,238,299
•	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,035,039
	<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Debt Issuance	9,685,000
Transfers In	59,030
Transfers Out	*
	9,744,030
Net Change in Fund Balances/Net Position	11,779,069
Fund Balances/Net Position - Beginning	851,568
Fund Balances/Net Position - Ending	12,630,637

Capital				Statement
Projects	Permanent	Totals	Adjustments	of Activities
5.	=	1,767,397	臣	1,767,397
발	-	2,091,351	Ħ	2,091,351
(3)	.	35,337	-	35,337
		45.047		45 247
* 0		45,247	# 3	45,247
#0		25,500	-	25,500
(0.0.1)	(475)	32,193	(=):	32,193
(294)	(475)	5,745	a /	5,745
(0.0.1)	(455)	269,799	-	269,799
(294)	(475)	4,272,569	(4 .)	4,272,569
:		2,047,740	(6,660)	2,041,080
		_,,.	、 , ,	,
# 0	¥	111,111	(111,111)	=
	-	79,448	-	79,448
- (+)	<u> </u>	2,238,299	(117,771)	2,120,528
(294)	(475)	2,034,270	117,771	2,152,041
		0.695.000	(0.695.000)	
¥	*	9,685,000	(9,685,000)	59,030
(T.C. 001)	(2.140)	59,030		
(56,881)	(2,149)	(59,030)	(0 (05 000)	(59,030)
(56,881)	(2,149)	9,685,000	(9,685,000)	
(57.175)	(2 (24)	11 710 270	(0.567.220)	2 152 041
(57,175)	(2,624)	11,719,270	(9,567,229)	2,152,041
1/12 //01	220 729	1,225,787	895,473	2,121,260
143,481	230,738	1,223,707	0/0,470	2,121,200
86 306	228,114	12,945,057	(8,671,756)	4,273,301
86,306	220,117	12,773,037	(0,0,1,700)	1,270,001

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of General Long-Term Debt

Long-Term Debt Payable from Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

See Following Page

Schedule of General Long-Term Debt

Long-Term Debt Payable from Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	Compensated Absences	Net Pension Obligation	Net Other Post- Employment Benefits Obligation	Capital Lease	General Obligation Bonds of 2002A (TIF)
AMOUNT AVAILABLE AND TO BE PROVIDED FOR THE RETIREMENT OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT					
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of General Long-Term Debt	\$ 4,874,112	200,591	7,137,959	851,150	215,000
GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE					
Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Obligation Net Other Post-Employment	4,874,112	200,591	*	-	(#) (#)
Benefits Obligation	960	3₩	7,137,959	*	960
Capital Lease Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable	₩ ₩	(#)		851,150 =	215,000
	4,874,112	200,591	7,137,959	851,150	215,000

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2003A (TIF)	General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004	General Obligation Bonds of 2010A (TIF)	General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010B	General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010C	General Obligation Bonds of 2012A	General Obligation Bonds of 2013B	Totals
75,000	1,475,000	8,455,000	3,905,000	4,840,000	9,905,000	2,380,000	44,313,812
-	; -	era Car		:		-	4,874,112 200,591
- 75,000		8,455,000	3,905,000	- - 4,840,000	- - 9,905,000	2,380,000	7,137,959 851,150 31,250,000

4,840,000

9,905,000 2,380,000 44,313,812

8,455,000 3,905,000

75,000

1,475,000

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 2002A June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

December 1, 2002
December 30, 2013
\$2,050,000
\$5,000
1.30% to 3.85%
December 30 and June 30
December 30

Northern Trust Company, Chicago IL

Tax Levy		Requirements			Interest	Due on	
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Dec. 30	Amount	Jun. 30	Amount
2012	\$ 215,000	4,300	219,300	2013	4,300	2014	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2003A June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

October 1, 2003
December 1, 2013
\$2,665,000
\$5,000
1.00% to 3.625%
December 1 and June 1

December 1

Depository Trust Company, New York NY

Tax Levy			Requirements			Interest	Due on	
Year	F	Principal	Interest	Totals	Dec. 1	Amount	Jun. 1	Amount
2012	<u>\$</u>	75,000	1,329	76,329	2013	1,329	2014	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2004 June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

December 1, 2004
January 1, 2021
\$8,355,000
\$5,000
2.00% to 4.50%
July 1 and January 1
January 1

Depository Trust Company, New York NY

Tax								
Levy	92	Requirements			Interest Due on			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount	

2012	\$ 580,000	177,225	757,225	2013	88,613	2014	88,612	
2013	655,000	154,025	809,025	2014	77,012	2015	77,013	
2014	695,000	124,550	819,550	2015	62,276	2016	62,274	
2015	720,000	93,275	813,275	2016	46,637	2017	46,638	
2016	運	60,875	60,875	2017	30,437	2018	30,438	
2017	695,000	60,875	755,875	2018	30,438	2019	30,437	
2018	360,000	33,075	393,075	2019	16,538	2020	16,537	
2019	375,000	16,875	391,875	2020	8,437	2021	8,438	
					:			
	4,080,000	720,775	4,800,775		360,388		360,387	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Taxable Bonds of 2005 June 30, 2013

July 1, 2005 Date of Issue January 1, 2015 Date of Maturity \$800,000 **Authorized Issue** \$5,000 Denomination of Bonds 5.70% Interest Rate July 1 and January 1 Interest Dates January 1 Principal Maturity Date Depository Trust Company, New York NY Payable at

Tax Levy			Requirements			Inter	est Due on	
Year	Pri	incipal	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount
2012 2013	\$	30,000 575,000	34,057 32,347	64,057 607,347	2013 2014	,	2014 2015	16,815 15,960
		605,000	66,404	671,404		33,629	=	32,775

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010A June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

May 27, 2010
December 1, 2021
\$10,800,000
\$5,000
2.00% to 4.00%
December 1 and June 1
December 1
Northern Trust Company, Chicago IL

Tax								
Levy		Requirements			Interest Due on			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Dec. 1	Amount	Jun. 1	Amount	
2012	\$ 785,000	281,826	1,066,826	2013	144,838	2014	136,988	
2013	800,000	263,974	1,063,974	2014	136,987	2015	126,987	
2014	825,000	243,663	1,068,663	2015	126,988	2016	116,675	
2015	845,000	220,675	1,065,675	2016	116,675	2017	104,000	
2016	870,000	190,600	1,060,600	2017	104,000	2018	86,600	
2017	1,020,000	152,800	1,172,800	2018	86,600	2019	66,200	
2018	1,060,000	111,200	1,171,200	2019	66,200	2020	45,000	
2019	1,105,000	67,900	1,172,900	2020	45,000	2021	22,900	
2020	1,145,000	22,900	1,167,900	2021	22,900	2022		
					-			
	8,455,000	1,555,538	10,010,538		850,188		705,350	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010B June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

December 1, 2010
January 1, 2028
\$3,905,000
\$5,000
4.25% to 4.75%
July 1 and January 1
January 1
Northern Trust Company, Chicago IL

Tax								
Levy		Requirements		Interest Due on				
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount	
2012	\$	175,968	175,968	2013	87,984	2014	87,984	
2013	E	175,968	175,968	2014	87,984	2015	87,984	
2014	: : :::	175,968	175,968	2015	87,984	2016	87,984	
2015	<u>:</u>	175,968	175,968	2016	87,984	2017	87,984	
2016	***	175,968	175,968	2017	87,984	2018	87,984	
2017	3 0 0	175,968	175,968	2018	87,984	2019	87,984	
2018	:	175,968	175,968	2019	87,984	2020	87,984	
2019		175,968	175,968	2020	87,984	2021	87,984	
2020	? € 2	175,968	175,968	2021	87,984	2022	87,984	
2021		175,968	175,968	2022	87,984	2023	87,984	
2022	150,000	169,592	319,592	2023	84,796	2024	84,796	
2023	840,000	133,052	973,052	2024	66,526	2025	66,526	
2024	875,000	94,115	969,115	2025	47,058	2026	47,057	
2025	915,000	52,482	967,482	2026	26,241	2027	26,241	
2026	955,000	8,070	963,070	2027	4,038	2028	4,032	
2027	170,000	-	170,000	2028		2029	<u> </u>	
	3,905,000	2,216,991	6,121,991		1,108,499		1,108,492	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2010C June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

T--

December 1, 2010
January 1, 2023
\$3,415,000
\$5,000
1.90% to 5.90%
July 1 and January 1
January 1
Northern Trust Company, Chicago IL

Tax								
Levy		Requirements		Interest Due on				
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount	
-								
2012	\$ 185,000	237,402	422,402	2013	118,701	2014	118,701	
2013	190,000	232,316	422,316	2014	116,158	2015	116,158	
2014	195,000	226,520	421,520	2015	113,260	2016	113,260	
2015	205,000	219,792	424,792	2016	109,896	2017	109,896	
2016	620,000	211,900	831,900	2017	105,950	2018	105,950	
2017	650,000	184,930	834,930	2018	92,465	2019	92,465	
2018	680,000	154,380	834,380	2019	77,190	2020	77,190	
2019	715,000	119,700	834,700	2020	59,850	2021	59,850	
2020	755,000	81,090	836,090	2021	40,545	2022	40,545	
2021	645,000	38,056	683,056	2022	19,028_	2023	19,028_	
	4,840,000	1,706,086	6,546,086		<u>853,043</u>		<u>853,043</u>	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 2012A June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date

Payable at

Tay

October 25, 2012 January 1, 2030 \$9,905,000 \$5,000 2.00% to 2.50% July 1 and January 1 January 1

Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Chicago IL

1 ax									
Levy		Requirements		Interest Due on					
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount		
2012	\$ 590,000	204,882	794,882	2013	102,441	2014	102,441		
2013	625,000	193,082	818,082	2014	96,541	2015	96,541		
2014	635,000	180,582	815,582	2015	90,291	2016	90,291		
2015	650,000	167,882	817,882	2016	83,941	2017	83,941		
2016	660,000	154,882	814,882	2017	77,441	2018	77,441		
2017	550,000	141,682	691,682	2018	70,841	2019	70,841		
2018	8	130,682	130,682	2019	65,341	2020	65,341		
2019	-	130,682	130,682	2020	65,341	2021	65,341		
2020	=	130,682	130,682	2021	65,341	2022	65,341		
2021	765,000	130,682	895,682	2022	65,341	2023	65,341		
2022	780,000	115,382	895,382	2023	57,691	2024	57,691		
2023	795,000	99,782	894,782	2024	49,891	2025	49,891		
2024	810,000	82,682	892,682	2025	41,341	2026	41,341		
2025	830,000	67,682	897,682	2026	33,841	2027	33,841		
2026	845,000	50,044	895,044	2027	25,022	2028	25,022		
2027	865,000	32,088	897,088	2028	16,044	2029	16,044		
2028	505,000	12,624	517,624	2029	6,312	2030	6,312		
		·							
	9,905,000	2,026,004	11,931,004		1,013,002		_1,013,002		
	8.								

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 2013B June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

June 18, 2013
January 1, 2022
\$2,380,000
\$5,000
0.80% to 3.00%
July 1 and January 1
January 1
Castle Bank, Chicago IL

Tax											
Levy		J	Requirements			Interest Due on					
Year	Princip	al	Interest	Totals	Jul. 1	Amount	Jan. 1	Amount			
2012	\$ 30,0	000	69,944	99,944	2013	34,972	2014	34,972			
2013	10,0	000	69,704	79,704	2014	34,852	2015	34,852			
2014	10,0	000	69,615	79,615	2015	34,807	2016	34,808			
2015	10,0	000	69,506	79,506	2016	34,753	2017	34,753			
2016	15,0	000	69,376	84,376	2017	34,688	2018	34,688			
2017	135,0	000	69,150	204,150	2018	34,575	2019	34,575			
2018	700,0	000	65,100	765,100	2019	32,550	2020	32,550			
2019	725,0	000	44,100	769,100	2020	22,050	2021	22,050			
2020	745,0	000	22,350	767,350	2029	11,175	2030	11,175			
			-								
	2,380,0	000	548,845	2,928,845		274,422	_	274,423			

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan #L17133700 Contract Payable of 1999 June 30, 2013

Date of Contract
Date of Maturity
Amount of Loan
Interest Rate
Interest Dates
Payable at

October 22, 1999
January 8, 2021
\$4,072,711
2.535%
July 8 and January 8
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Fiscal	Requirements						
<u>Year</u>	P ₁	rincipal	Interest	Totals			
2014	ď	210 222	47.056	266 479			
	\$	219,222	47,256	266,478			
2015		224,814	41,664	266,478			
2016		230,549	35,929	266,478			
2017		236,431	30,047	266,478			
2018		242,462	24,016	266,478			
2019		248,648	17,830	266,478			
2020		254,991	11,487	266,478			
2021	-	261,496	4,982	266,478			
		1,918,613	213,211	2,131,824			

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan #L17133700 Contract Payable of 2000 June 30, 2013

Date of Contract Date of Maturity Amount of Loan Interest Rate Interest Dates Payable at April 24, 2000 May 30, 2021 \$3,344,932 2.535% November 30 and May 30 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Fiscal	Requirements						
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals				
	× 						
2014	\$ 180,008	38,804	218,812				
2015	184,600	34,212	218,812				
2016	189,311	29,501	218,812				
2017	194,139	24,673	218,812				
2018	199,094	19,718	218,812				
2019	204,170	14,642	218,812				
2020	209,379	9,433	218,812				
2021	214,720	4,092	218,812				
2021							
	1,575,421	175,075	1,750,496				

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan #L174045 Contract Payable of 2012 June 30, 2013

Date of Contract Date of Maturity Amount of Loan Interest Rate Interest Dates Payable at August 9, 2013 October 26, 2032 \$396,000 2.295% October 26 and April 26 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Fiscal		Requirements					
<u>Year</u>	Princ	cipal	Interest		Totals		
2014	\$	7,411	4,44	14	11,855		
2015		7,582	3,91	7	11,499		
2016		7,757	3,74	12	11,499		
2017		7,936	3,56	53	11,499		
2018		8,120	3,38	30	11,500		
2019		8,307	3,19	2	11,499		
2020		8,499	3,00	00	11,499		
2021		8,695	2,80)4	11,499		
2022		8,895	2,60)3	11,498		
2023		9,100	2,39	8	11,498		
2024		9,311	2,18	38	11,499		
2025		9,526	1,97	'3	11,499		
2026		9,746	1,75	3	11,499		
2027		9,971	1,52	.9	11,500		
2028	1	10,201	1,29	8	11,499		
2029	1	10,436	1,06	53	11,499		
2030	1	10,677	82	.1	11,498		
2031	1	0,924	57	'5	11,499		
2032	1	1,176	32	.3	11,499		
2033		5,684	6	55	5,749		
	1			_			
	17	79,954	44,63	1	224,585		

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 2013 June 30, 2013

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rate
Interest Date
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

June 18, 2013
January 1, 2033
\$6,685,000
\$5,000
3.00% to 4.00%
July 1 and January 1
January 1
Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Chicago IL

Fiscal		Requirements						
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals					
2014	\$ -	121,201	121,201					
2015	265,000	226,076	491,076					
2016	270,000	218,126	488,126					
2017	280,000	210,026	490,026					
2018	285,000	201,626	486,626					
2019	295,000	193,076	488,076					
2020	305,000	184,226	489,226					
2021	315,000	175,076	490,076					
2022	325,000	165,626	490,626					
2023	335,000	155,876	490,876					
2024	345,000	145,826	490,826					
2025	355,000	135,476	490,476					
2026	365,000	124,826	489,826					
2027	375,000	112,962	487,962					
2028	390,000	99,838	489,838					
2029	405,000	86,188	491,188					
2030	420,000	71,000	491,000					
2031	435,000	54,200	489,200					
2032	450,000	36,800	486,800					
2033	470,000	18,800	488,800					
	6 607 000	2.726.051	0.421.951					
	6,685,000	2,736,851	9,421,851					

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Loan Payable of 2013 June 30, 2013

Date of Loan
Date of Maturity
Amount of Loan
Interest Rate
Interest Dates
Payable at

June 18, 2013 June 18, 2015 \$3,000,000 3.25% July 18 First National Bank of Omaha

Fiscal	Requirements						
<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Totals				
2014	\$ -	97,500	97,500				
2015	3,000,000	97,500	3,097,500				
	3,000,000	195,000	3,195,000				

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Debt Certificates of 2011 June 30, 2013

Date of Issue	December 16, 2011
Date of Maturity	July 1, 2020
Authorized Issue	\$1,000,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rate	2.960%
Interest Date	July 1
Principal Maturity Date	July 1
Payable at	Castle Bank

Fiscal		Requirements	
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2014	\$ 111,111	26,311	137,422
2015	111,111	23,022	134,133
2016	111,111	19,733	130,844
2017	111,111	16,444	127,555
2018	111,111	13,156	124,267
2019	111,111	9,867	120,978
2020	111,111	6,578	117,689
2021	111,112	3,289	114,401
	000 000	110 400	1 007 280
	888,889	118,400	1,007,289

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2004	2005	2006	2007
Covernmental Astivities					
Governmental Activities	Φ.	50 501 550	104100 #60	105.000.101	100 000 001
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	79,281,779	104,193,560	107,038,191	109,228,834
Restricted		3,395,377	1,524,630	3,295,898	3,159,513
Unrestricted		(14,013,207)	(10,463,117)	(12,063,288)	(10,790,695)
Total Governmental					
Activities Net Position		68,663,949	95,255,073	98,270,801	101,597,652
Business-Type Activities					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		34,483,474	37,052,275	39,392,443	45,585,845
Restricted		2 .,	-	-	, e, e de , e
Unrestricted		1,631,020	1,273,772	(279,115)	(805,537)
Total Business-Type				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Activities Net Position		36,114,494	38,326,047	39,113,328	44,780,308
Primary Government					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		113,765,253	141,245,835	146,430,634	154,814,679
Restricted		3,395,377	1,524,630	3,295,898	3,159,513
Unrestricted		(12,382,187)	(9,189,345)	(12,342,403)	(11,596,232)
Total Primary Government					
Net Position		104,778,443	133,581,120	137,384,129	146,377,960

^{*} Accrual Basis of Accounting

\ <u></u>						
200	8	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
112.04	7.661	116 250 547	116 154 024	110 410 502	120,169,717	118,266,115
113,94	•	116,350,547	116,154,934 15,569,514	119,410,592 11,857,498	12,358,010	12,182,850
,	1,297	10,401,769 (14,726,824)	(20,131,463)	(17,715,142)	(15,138,497)	(13,241,757)
(10,00	0,106)	(14,720,824)	(20,131,403)	(17,713,142)	(13,136,477)	(13,241,737)
107,41	8,752	112,025,492	111,592,985	113,552,948	117,389,230	117,207,208
						·
46,84	0,204	48,402,014	48,482,070	48,222,651	48,123,532	47,928,816
	*	(t)	: 		#I	4.000.564
(98	5,741)	(724,236)	(463,724)	2,919,291	4,179,066	4,899,564
45 85	4,463	47,677,778	48,018,346	51,141,942	52,302,598	52,828,380
13,03	1, 105	17,077,770	10,010,010	V 2,12,12,5 1.2		
160,78	7,765	164,752,561	164,637,004	167,633,243	168,293,249	166,194,931
10,13	1,297	10,401,769	15,569,514	11,857,498	12,358,010	12,182,850
(17,64	5,847)	(15,451,060)	(20,595,187)	(14,795,851)	(10,959,431)	(8,342,193)
153,27	3,215	159,703,270	159,611,331	164,694,890	169,691,828	170,035,588

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
),										
Expenses											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	3,800,583	6,565,079	6,505,926	8,553,164	9,084,220	10,441,675	9,268,403	10,647,791	8,859,145	11,865,375
Public Safety		13,161,608	14,495,797	14,009,805	16,371,735	17,889,697	19,020,552	19,606,432	19,660,618	20,989,072	19,017,122
Highways and Streets		5,880,017	5,455,783	7,706,447	6,133,081	7,844,631	6,074,929	9,415,300	4,465,186	2,207,978	1,449,053
Community Development		4,872,446	10,481,051	4,743,859	4,888,810	4,068,000	6,022,846	5,083,380	7,929,922	10,738,364	13,208,902
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,049,120	1,026,539	1,154,903	960,500	1,010,059	902,204	723,651	857,764	1,016,815	1,080,709
Total Governmental											
Activities Expenses		28,763,774	38,024,249	34,120,940	36,907,290	39,896,607	42,462,206	44,097,166	43,561,281	43,811,374	46,621,161
Business-Type Activities											
Water and Sewer		3,830,129	3,876,880	4,131,341	4,206,023	4,146,713	4,347,248	4,222,070	4,438,481	4,159,836	4,081,382
Airport		692,739	766,597	839,450	1,039,450	994,597	1,111,227	914,295	1,154,982	1,318,730	1,641,540
Refuse		(40	1,199,238	1,313,885	1,403,778	1,466,215	1,656,645	1,671,915	1,736,937	1,670,364	1,756,850
Developmental Services		1,256,963	194,977	294,791	249,295	365,050	378,497	380,574	1,700,701	.,0.0,00.	1,700,000
Total Business-Type	-		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	2,70,12,7				
Activities Expenses		5,779,831	6,037,692	6,579,467	6,898,546	6,972,575	7,493,617	7,188,854	7,330,400	7,148,930	7,479,772
Total Primary Government Expenses		34,543,605	44,061,941	40,700,407	43,805,836	46,869,182	49,955,823	51,286,020	50,891,681	50,960,304	54,100,933
Program Revenues											
Governmental Activities											
Charges for Services											
General Government		248,199	266,806	337,340	259,887	303,453	292,071	340,015	325,169	238,190	330,222
Public Safety		2,021,775	4,961,170	2,281,500	2,325,586	2,440,715	2,631,448	2,710,546	2,739,272	2,462,313	2,090,752
Highways and Streets		1,147,291	791,567	555,022	433,385	333,154	325,866	210,319	496,852	212,232	125,794
Community Development		196,922	667,701	333,022	455,505	75,291	403,355	402,209	395,147	237,838	422,991
Operating Grants/Contributions		2,521,542	3,378,028	2,867,194	2,148,087	2,481,892	3,656,334	2,488,211	3,257,775	1,143,618	1,131,494
Capital Grants/Contributions		537,433	2,197,952	3,036,831	1,609,289	2,083,090	2,013,494	2,471,003	4,144,333	6,075,050	4,843,630
Total Governmental	-	001,100	2,17,7,502	5,050,051	1,000,200	2,000,070	2,015,151	2,171,005	1,111,555	0,075,050	4,045,050
Activities Program Revenues		6,673,162	12,263,224	9,077,887	6,776,234	7,717,595	9,322,568	8,622,303	11,358,548	10,369,241	8,944,883
Business-Type Activities											
Charges for Services											
Water and Sewer		4,634,512	4,284,036	4,446,444	4,185,161	4,387,320	4,788,391	5,136,193	5,454,296	5,367,480	5,503,049
Airport		245,688	264,547	280,532	235,999	262,783	261,655	247,364	405,332	846,375	1,094,127
Refuse		1,277,131	1,318,513	1,407,499	1,501,041	1,584,288	1,623,529	1,625,213	1,696,646	1,757,410	1,773,670
Developmental Services		1,277,131	81,349	249,957	230,060	96,580	88,319	38,835	1,020,040	1,757,410	1,775,070
Operating Grants and Contributions		-	2,515	219,957	250,000	611	00,517	30,033		, -	-
Capital Grants and Contributions		18,015	1,521,358	257,211	2,865,831	359,444	2,673,502	760,930	392,373	562,770	130,658
Total Business-Type		,	-,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	227,111	2,010,002	.00,550	ر ، د. د. د.	202,770	150,050
Activities Program Revenues	_	6,175,346	7,469,803	6,641,643	9,018,092	6,691,026	9,435,396	7,808,535	7,948,647	8,534,035	8,501,504
Total Primary Government											
Program Revenues		12,848,508	19,733,027	15,719,530	15,794,326	14.408.621	18,757,964	16.430.838	19.307.195	18.903.276	17,446,387
		-,1 - 1,0 00	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	101, 10100	22,771,020	1.,.50,021	10,101,001	10,100,000	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,703,210	17,110,507

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(22,090,612)	(25,761,025)	(25,043,053)	(30,131,056)	(32,179,012)	(33,139,638)	(35,474,863)	(32,202,733)	(33,442,133)	(37,676,278)
Business-Type Activities	395,515	1,432,111	62,176	2,119,546	(281,549)	1,941,779	619,681	618,247	1,385,105	1,021,732
Business Type Henvilles	575,515	1,152,111	02,170	2,117,510	(201,515)	2,5 (12,775	013,001	0.10,2.17	1,500,100	1,021,122
Total Primary Government										
Net (Expense) Revenue	(21,695,097)	(24,328,914)	(24,980,877)	(28,011,510)	(32,460,561)	(31,197,859)	(34,855,182)	(31,584,486)	(32,057,028)	(36,654,546)
	X 2 2 2 2									
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Taxes										
Property	6,506,752	6,907,239	7,408,007	8,799,430	10,366,305	12,446,812	13,371,039	13,405,653	12,733,599	12,673,310
Sales	8,008,678	8,738,221	9,630,952	10,160,582	10,251,569	11,297,335	11,413,254	11,426,292	11,132,604	11,078,544
Utility	3,740,234	3,933,220	4,032,927	4,077,785	4,230,240	4,012,575	3,739,824	4,449,288	3,788,953	3,534,755
Income	2,322,932	3,023,210	3,362,748	3,689,547	4,274,684	3,954,000	3,472,035	3,561,130	3,745,298	4,130,363
Other	1,513,142	2,008,060	2,252,273	2,469,560	2,695,564	2,575,341	2,484,759	3,426,431	4,775,612	4,835,868
Interest	106,229	169,202	340,505	428,938	347,511	189,302	75,779	71,691	37,782	124,029
Miscellaneous	12,757,264	12,581,513	1,357,565	2,677,000	5,618,738	2,972,237	188,830	157,306	839,167	623,137
Transfers	227,600	122,958	172,713	168,837	232,052	229,413	296,836	(2,453,290)	225,400	494,250
Total Governmental Activities	35,182,831	37,483,623	28,557,690	32,471,679	38,016,663	37,677,015	35,042,356	34,044,501	37,278,415	37,494,256
Business-Type Activities										
Property Taxes	75,539	74,674	75,194	:∰):		:#0:		*	-	<u></u>
Interest	30,607	30,356	9,214	1. - 11	132	300	16	16	380	4,338
Miscellaneous	5,048,831	766,846	813,410	3,245,071	1,452,830	110,649	42,707	28,384	571	(6,038)
Transfers	(227,600)	(122,958)	(172,713)	(168,837)	(232,052)	(229,413)	(321,836)	2,453,290	(225,400)	(494,250)
Total Business-Type Activities	4,927,377	748,918	725,105	3,076,234	1,220,910	(118,464)	(279,113)	2,481,690	(224,449)	(495,950)
				753 11		77 17	7. 7. 7.			
Total Primary Government	40,110,208	38,232,541	29,282,795	35,547,913	39,237,573	37,558,551	34,763,243	36,526,191	37,053,966	36,998,306
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	13,092,219	11,722,598	3,514,637	2,340,623	5,837,651	4,537,377	(432,507)	1,841,768	3,836,282	(182,022)
Business-Type Activities	5,322,892	2,181,029	787,281	5,195,780	939,361	1,823,315	340,568	3,099,937	1,160,656	525,782
	3,344,094	2,101,029	101,201	3,173,780	737,301	1,043,313	240,208	3,077,731	1,100,030	323,102
Total Primary Government	18,415,111	13,903,627	4,301,918	7,536,403	6,777,012	6,360,692	(91,939)	4,941,705	4,996,938	343,760

^{*} Accrual Basis of Accounting

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	10	2004	2005	2006
General Fund				
Reserved	\$	105,452	58,705	70,296
Unreserved		3,155,369	3,532,201	3,755,347
Nonspendable		1 40 1	0940	-
Restricted		:= :	? ::	-
Unassigned	HG.			
Total General Fund	1	3,260,821	3,590,906	3,825,643
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved		4,323,494	3,345,268	4,643,715
Unreserved, Reported in,				
Special Revenue Funds		(22,476)	(20,788)	(18,120)
Debt Service Funds		:	8	2
Capital Projects Funds		(2,446,767)	(1,991,201)	(1,346,797)
Nonspendable		:=:	10 -1	=
Restricted			3.7	=
Committed	03		-	=
Total All Other Governmental Funds		1,854,251	1,333,279	3,278,798

^{*} Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
		2 0 6 7 0 6 7	2 177 002	6.055		
147,508	738,577	2,067,865	2,177,003	6,257	2	:(■:
3,155,669	2,161,911	1,633,753	1,331,219	(=)	-	9€
<u> ~</u>	-	*	<u>/</u> €	50,934	61,660	37,161
:-:	-	=	3 ,	323	6,262	6,262
		=	% <u>⊕</u>	2,692,928	4,669,218	5,177,514
3,303,177	2,900,488	3,701,618	3,508,222	2,750,119	4,737,140	5,220,937
2.177.101	1 000 174	2 (52 120	2 792 402			
3,166,191	1,808,174	2,653,139	2,783,493		<i>a</i>	155
(8,808)	(445)	(362)	(383)	*	**	C <u>u</u>
-	2	2	·	9#3	: ₩ 0	(€
(1,076,165)	9,104,021	8,552,208	13,352,510	3 . €0	.	i (,
		-	:=:	3,650	1,500	: 5
-	-	-		11,725,897	12,537,031	12,176,588
	_	<u></u>	=	340,327	219,840	3,739,068
=======================================		89		2.0,227		
2,081,218	10,911,750	11,204,985	16,135,620	12,069,874	12,758,371	15,915,656

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years*
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2004	2005	2006
	39	2001	2003	2000
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	22,032,400	24,548,569	26,710,135
Intergovernmental		3,061,974	5,522,101	4,558,814
Licenses, Permits and Fees		846,571	618,029	598,657
Charges for Services		1,840,495	4,613,201	1,796,958
Fines and Forfeitures		638,815	654,353	696,551
Interest		106,229	169,202	340,505
Miscellaneous		351,754	399,324	2,794,723
Total Revenues	_	28,878,238	36,524,779	37,496,343
Expenditures				
General Government		4,088,975	5,619,515	5,990,453
Public Safety		12,432,869	13,915,879	14,990,271
Highways and Streets		3,928,040	3,432,725	3,780,017
Community Development		763,579	3,609,518	2,821,395
Capital Outlay		6,432,217	8,157,674	8,835,397
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement		1,545,000	1,810,000	2,220,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,071,575	1,032,874	1,085,767
Total Expenditures	_	30,262,255	37,578,185	39,723,300
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,384,017)	(1,053,406)	(2,226,957)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance		5,337,498	5,623,102	4,101,958
Premium (Discount) on Debt Issuance		46,962	191,795	= 2
Payment to Escrow Agent		(4,871,180)	(5,145,695)	
Disposal of Capital Assets		7,744	112,517	18,309
Transfers In		3,242,930	3,282,821	4,631,683
Transfers Out		(3,015,330)	(3,202,021)	(4,458,970
		748,624	862,519	4,292,980
Net Change in Fund Balances		(635,393)	(190,887)	2,066,023
Debt Service as a Percentage				
of Noncapital Expenditures		9.39%	7.82%	8.48%

^{*} Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

3,724,715 448,192 1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200	2008 31,898,673 4,347,447 364,103 1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400	2009 34,305,038 6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263 44,156,958	2010 34,305,038 6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263 44,156,958	2011 36,266,887 6,576,584 499,938 2,137,997 639,450 71,691 517,485 46,710,032	24,753,767 18,750,569 396,095 2,149,403 605,075 37,681 839,167	24,330,856 17,863,890 483,375 1,727,442 758,942 120,520 623,137
29,097,231 3 3,724,715 448,192 1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	31,898,673 4,347,447 364,103 1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400	34,305,038 6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	34,305,038 6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	36,266,887 6,576,584 499,938 2,137,997 639,450 71,691 517,485	18,750,569 396,095 2,149,403 605,075 37,681	17,863,890 483,375 1,727,442 758,942 120,520
3,724,715 448,192 1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 1 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	4,347,447 364,103 1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400	6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	6,576,584 499,938 2,137,997 639,450 71,691 517,485	18,750,569 396,095 2,149,403 605,075 37,681	17,863,890 483,375 1,727,442 758,942 120,520
3,724,715 448,192 1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 1 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	4,347,447 364,103 1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400	6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	6,070,086 354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	6,576,584 499,938 2,137,997 639,450 71,691 517,485	18,750,569 396,095 2,149,403 605,075 37,681	483,375 1,727,442 758,942 120,520
448,192 1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	364,103 1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400	354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	354,375 1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	499,938 2,137,997 639,450 71,691 517,485	2,149,403 605,075 37,681	1,727,442 758,942 120,520
1,685,991 672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	1,721,234 766,504 347,511 734,928 10,180,400 6,925,455	1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	1,772,322 728,572 189,302 737,263	639,450 71,691 517,485	605,075 37,681	758,942 120,520
672,403 428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 1 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	766,504 347,511 734,928 40,180,400 6,925,455	728,572 189,302 737,263	189,302 737,263	71,691 517,485	37,681	120,520
428,938 515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	734,928 40,180,400 6,925,455	737,263	737,263	517,485	•	
515,750 36,573,220 4 6,740,822 15,719,852 1 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	6,925,455				839,167	623.137
6,740,822 15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	6,925,455	44,156,958	44,156,958	46 710 032		. == ; == ,
15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214				70,710,034	47,531,757	45,908,162
15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214						
15,719,852 4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214		8,604,319	8,604,319	9,582,025	8,981,636	10,496,713
4,425,779 1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	6,666,201	17,407,054	17,407,054	18,267,633	19,371,392	18,642,683
1,843,360 6,647,200 2,835,214	4,529,707	3,930,979	3,930,979	2,933,330	609,488	750,074
6,647,200 2,835,214	2,322,976	1,797,965	1,797,965	1,045,409	3,185,002	4,083,703
2,835,214	6,843,723	8,163,413	8,163,413	12,011,245	10,359,355	18,631,978
906.585	4,465,000	2,605,000	2,605,000	5,940,000	2,129,920	2,268,121
, , , , , , , ,	882,467	859,247	859,247	808,239	938,679	835,209
39,118,812 4	12,635,529	43,367,977	43,367,977	50,587,881	45,575,472	55,708,481
(2,545,592)	(2,455,129)	788,981	788,981	(3,877,849)	1,956,285	(9,800,319
1,079,114 1	10,607,240	121	349	9,320,000	-	12,910,969
= , ,	•	()	:=:	(41,304)	-	87,782
(=)	: = :	(=)	: 	(7,158,799)	를	42
36,433	60,231	6,608	6,608	2,050	26,533	11,400
4,054,351	4,032,407	5,679,484	5,679,484	5,461,545	5,113,090	5,138,884
	(3,800,355)	(5,450,071)	(5,450,071)	(8,529,492)	(4,420,390)	(4,707,63
	10,899,523	236,021	236,021	(946,000)	719,233	13,441,40
(1,261,208)	8,444,394	1,025,002	1,025,002	(4,823,849)	2,675,518	3,641,08
\-,=-,=-,	- 3 3	- 9 - 10 - 10 9 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1			***************************************	
11.25%		13.44%	8.70%	14.62%	7.38%	6.99

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Taxable Sales by Category - Last Ten Calendar Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2003	2004	2005	2006
General Merchandise	\$	142,530,983	160,665,590	163,641,647	170,225,753
Food		43,870,967	37,275,809	43,927,833	47,170,335
Drinking and Eating Places		49,213,644	52,351,156	52,849,443	60,927,328
Apparel		8,578,046	8,087,885	8,247,873	10,754,613
Furniture & H.H. & Radio		13,100,491	25,392,698	28,350,657	29,988,920
Lumber, Building Hardware		27,609,867	28,061,388	26,795,706	27,977,040
Automobile and Filling Stations		76,853,556	79,773,554	85,140,723	91,978,172
Drugs and Miscellaneous Retail		65,747,938	67,637,829	70,477,891	81,006,583
Agriculture and All Others		48,715,480	47,817,252	48,845,881	48,715,922
Manufacturers	_	1,500,600	6,481,064	11,253,745	12,975,167
Total	_	477,721,572	513,544,225	539,531,399	581,719,833
City Direct Sales Tax Rate		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Data Source: Illinois Department of Revenue

The data presents taxable sales subject to the Municipal Retailer's Occupation Tax.

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2013
171,985,064	164,736,328	154,138,547	161,257,806	129,818,177	149,564,784
53,207,066	60,740,900	55,760,959	56,012,687	67,456,918	65,852,747
65,260,253	67,402,498	64,478,308	66,461,264	66,649,641	68,587,766
9,626,133	7,332,715	6,235,098	5,912,150	30,582,619	7,128,112
33,834,022	28,883,333	24,677,414	25,081,450	22,181,422	20,684,998
26,936,010	24,505,165	22,566,265	21,682,737	21,563,108	22,120,923
93,408,943	94,746,090	76,117,806	81,678,462	84,369,200	90,624,448
83,283,571	84,314,769	81,599,087	79,606,161	76,036,417	74,197,724
41,446,148	39,136,195	28,154,513	28,623,247	29,011,979	29,448,085
15,254,811	18,224,889	13,889,966	15,507,914	7,289,300	1,546,592
594,242,021	590,022,882	527,617,963	541,823,878	534,958,781	529,756,179
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Taxable Sales by Category - Home Rule - Last Ten Calendar Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	 2003	2004	2005	2006
General Merchandise	\$ 91,964,969	103,347,408	107,910,203	111,235,234
Food	14,016,749	11,255,490	12,926,058	14,228,867
Drinking and Eating Places	48,265,899	51,038,005	51,883,076	59,524,764
Apparel	8,576,497	8,081,341	8,247,458	10,750,251
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	13,071,912	25,258,574	28,326,789	29,956,258
Lumber, Building Hardware	27,609,659	27,928,079	26,795,221	27,950,165
Automobile and Filling Stations	26,521,109	30,939,395	34,610,098	38,130,323
Drugs and Miscellaneous Retail	48,469,493	49,234,368	50,940,432	58,390,055
Agriculture and All Others	44,057,392	42,983,219	44,282,933	41,914,235
Manufacturers	 1,099,009	5,952,384	11,013,882	12,663,868
Total	323,652,688	356,018,263	376,936,150	404,744,020
City Direct Sales Tax Rate	0.75%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%

Data Source: Illinois Department of Revenue

The data presents taxable sales subject to the City's Home Rule Sales Tax.

^{*} The City raised its Home Rule Sales tax to 1.75% on July 1, 2008.

2007	2008*	2009	2010	2011	2012
110,641,629	105,718,900	99,635,725	106,361,293	87,558,389	99,024,929
16,220,246	17,771,292	16,039,202	18,341,512	30,104,054	29,741,123
63,696,181	65,892,248	63,016,745	64,921,928	65,295,493	67,176,678
9,619,122	7,316,764	6,230,748	5,911,746	19,317,301	7,046,287
33,782,135	28,777,827	24,555,874	24,340,125	21,984,344	20,503,154
26,884,766	24,259,864	22,394,973	21,589,323	21,526,692	22,070,597
43,057,278	44,642,599	36,573,132	42,992,984	46,695,364	47,519,288
58,432,889	59,739,818	58,394,357	57,668,525	56,027,770	56,447,398
37,826,626	35,885,916	26,970,847	27,405,131	28,250,729	28,487,957
14,914,125	17,841,691	13,412,811	15,166,169	6,981,465	1,250,597
415,074,997	407,846,919	367,224,414	384,698,736	383,741,601	379,268,008
1.25%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates - Last Ten Calendar Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	City Home Rule Rate	Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax	County Rate	State Rate	Total Sales Tax Rate
2004	1.25%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	7.50%
2005	1.25%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	7.50%
2006	1.25%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	7.50%
2007	1.25%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	7.50%
2008*	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%
2009	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%
2010	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%
2011	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%
2012	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%
2013	1.75%	1.00%	0.25%	5.00%	8.00%

Data Source: City, County and State Records

^{*} The City raised its Home Rule Sales Tax to 1.75% on July 1, 2008.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property		
2003	\$ 269,635,069	\$ 133,004,731		
2004	283,926,434	137,737,281		
2005	325,079,355	145,545,712		
2006	369,659,572	155,565,480		
2007	407,662,378	163,615,149		
2008	420,413,802	172,166,813		
2009	413,507,993	176,052,268		
2010	389,625,409	167,457,427		
2011	365,267,969	167,604,810		
2012	331,382,501	156,902,473		

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Note: The City only reports the rate setting EAV.

^{*} This includes the City of DeKalb and the DeKalb Public Library.

Industrial	Farm]	Railroad		Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate*
\$ 31,995,654	\$ 585,425	\$	553,020	\$	435,773,899	0.8097
33,506,906	548,207		623,213		456,342,041	0.8135
37,922,484	488,038		587,227		509,622,816	0.8040
43,514,766	494,098		572,356		569,806,272	0.8091
51,250,520	666,539		628,255		623,822,841	0.8437
51,905,133	686,727		682,620		645,855,095	0.8509
52,801,237	721,404		833,695		643,916,597	0.9293
49,380,638	825,082		1,044,391		608,332,947	0.9856
47,742,181	782,590		1,107,165		582,504,715	1.0293
43,536,967	731,665		1,252,297		533,805,903	1.1321

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2002	2004	2005
	2003	2004	2005
City Direct Rates			
City of DeKalb	0.5967	0.6000	0.5930
Library	0.2130	0.2135	0.2110
Total Direct Rates	0.8097	0.8135	0.8040
Overlapping Rates			
DeKalb County	0.8622	0.8679	0.8547
DeKalb Township	0.1275	0.1284	0.1216
DeKalb Road & Bridge	0.2219	0.2197	0.2145
Forest Preserve District	0.0274	0.0276	0.0269
Sanitary District	0.1079	0.1078	0.1015
School Districts	5.0477	5.0648	4.9847
Park District	0.5723	0.5569	0.5295
	0.6235	0.6106	0.5826
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	8.4001	8.3970	8.2199
Share of Total Tax Rate Levied by City of DeKalb			
and the DeKalb Library	9.64%	9.69%	9.78%
and the Denait Littary	9.0470	9.03 70	9.70%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Note: Rates are per \$100 of Assessed Value and are applied to the total rate setting EAV amounts listed in the schedule of EAV by property class.

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
!						
0.5967	0.6000	0.6000	0.6500	0.6899	0.7205	0.7952
0.2124	0.2437	0.2509	0.2793	0.2957	0.3088	0.3369
0.8091	0.8437	0.8509	0.9293	0.9856	1.0293	1.1321
0.8668	0.8449	0.8495	0.8539	0.9052	0.9694	1.0892
0.1151	0.1116	0.1130	0.1149	0.1260	0.1350	0.1508
0.1933	0.1874	0.1808	0.1839	0.1477	0.1548	0.1768
0.0548	0.0677	0.0678	0.0663	0.0700	0.0740	0.0797
0.0952	0.0913	0.0927	0.0944	0.1036	0.1110	0.1244
4.8927	0.5497	5.2079	5.2606	5.7414	6.2148	7.0275
0.5435	4.7288	0.5468	0.5638	0.5601	0.5758	0.6416
0.5494	0.5247	0.5131	0.5208	0.5606	0.5987	0.6745
8.1198	7.9498	8.4224	8.5879	9.2003	9.8628	11.0967
8						
9.96%	10.61%	10.10%	10.82%	10.71%	10.44%	10.20%

Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago

June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2	2013		2004					
:=			Percentage				Percentage		
			of Total City				of Total City		
	Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value		
3M	\$ 11,357,544	1	2.13%	\$	5,065,863	4	1.16%		
Target	11,061,281	2	2.07%						
Panduit	7,321,367	3	1.37%		5,390,908	3	1.24%		
Goodyear	6,847,508	4	1.28%		7,597,611	1	1.74%		
Nestle	6,622,065	5	1.24%						
Northland Plaza	5,584,704	6	1.05%		3,737,456	7	0.86%		
DeKalb Area Retirement Center	5,423,203	7	1.02%		3,066,453	8	0.70%		
Faiview MSFP II, LLC	4,137,780	8	0.78%		7,427,618	2	1.70%		
Dream Fund LLC	4,028,781	9	0.75%		3,815,368	6	0.88%		
JLAR	3,412,711	10	0.64%						
Walmart Stores					2,744,124	9	0.63%		
University Village I & II					4,086,593	5	0.94%		
Herbert Katz			(<u>-</u>		2,541,095	10	0.58%		
	65,796,944		12.33%	8	45,473,089		10.43%		

Data Sources: County Assessors Office (not adjusted for unreported title transfers) and City of DeKalb records

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

					City of DeKalb										b Library
Tax	Rates	Total		Collections v Levy Y		Collections in		Total Collecti	ons to Date	Rates		Total		Collections v Levy Y	
Levy Year	per \$100	Tax Levy Requested	-	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	•		Percentage of Levy	per \$100		Tax Levy Requested		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2003	0.5967	\$ 2,599,938	\$	2,599,938	100.00%		\$	2,599,938	100.00%	0.2130	s	928,000	\$	928,000	100.00%
2004	0.6000	2,861,055		2,740,571	95.79%	9		2,740,571	95.79%	0.2135		974,400		974,400	100,00%
2005	0.5930	3,022,052		3,022,052	100.00%	9		3,022,052	100.00%	0.2110		1,075,498		1,075,498	100.00%
2006	0.5967	3,400,000		3,400,000	100.00%			3,400,000	100.00%	0.2124		1,210,003		1,210,003	100.00%
2007	0,6000	3,742,937		3,679,970	98.32%	2		3,679,970	98.32%	0.2437		1,520,000		1,492,137	98.17%
2008	0.6000	3,889,007		3,765,927	96.84%			3,765,927	96.84%	0.2509		1,620,420		1,574,213	97.15%
2009	0.6500	4,185,332		4,160,967	99.42%			4,160,967	99.42%	0.2793		1,798,500		1,796,093	99.87%
2010	0.6899	4,196,805		4,107,807	97.88%	¥		4,107,807	97.88%	0.2957		1,798,523		1,760,288	97.87%
2011	0.7205	4,196,890		4,127,590	98.35%	*		4,127,590	98.35%	0.3088		1,798,536		1,767,397	98.27%
2012	0.7952	4,244,648		2,245,680	52,91%	9		2,245,680	52.91%	0.3369		1,798,552		901,975	50.15%

Data Sources: Office of the County Clerk, Office of the County Treasurer

^{*} Amount reflects collections through June 30, 2013.

									Totals				
Collections								Collections v		Collections		T-4-1 (7-11	D.t.
in	-	Total Collecti		Rates Total per Tax Levy		_	Levy Year Percentage		in		Total Collections to Date		
Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	per \$100		Requested		Amount	of Levy	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
•	\$	928,000	100.00%	0.8097	\$	3,527,938	\$	3,527,938	100.00%		\$	3,527,938	100.00%
370		974,400	100.00%	0.8135		3,835,455		3,714,971	96.86%	2		3,714,971	96.86%
9		1,075,498	100.00%	0.8040		4,097,550		4,097,550	100.00%			4,097,550	100.00%
(*		1,210,003	100.00%	1608.0		4,610,003		4,610,003	100.00%	1		4,610,003	100.00%
•		1,492,137	98.17%	0.8437		5,262,937		5,172,107	98.27%	9		5,172,107	98.27%
1645		1,574,213	97.15%	0.8509		5,509,427		5,340,140	96.93%	*		5,340,140	96.93%
3.5		1,796,093	99.87%	0.9293		5,983,832		5,957,060	99.55%	Ä		5,957,060	99,55%
72g		1,760,288	97.87%	0.9856		5,995,328		5,868,095	97.88%	7.		5,868,095	97.88%
0≆5		1,767,397	98.27%	1.0293		5,995,426		5,894,987	98.32%	3.5		5,894,987	98.32%
		901,975	50.15%	1.13211		6,043,200		3,147,655	• 52.09%	74		3,147,655	52.09%

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities												
	General	G.O. Bond	Due to	Tax	Increment	Tax Increment							
Fiscal	Obligation	Anticipation	Other	Fi	nancing	Financing		Capital					
Year	Bonds	Notes	Governme	nts Reve	nue Bonds	Note		Leases					
2004	\$ 20,252,332	\$ -	\$ 2,998,9	98 \$	4,350,000 \$	-	\$	647,252					
2005	19,008,122	∺	2,498,9	98	4,240,000	**		948,115					
2006	17,211,725	2,000,000	1,998,9	98	3,790,000	1,450,000		1,259,669					
2007	15,355,328	3,000,000	1,498,9	98	3,365,000	-		1,028,621					
2008	13,433,931	10,500,000	998,99	98	2,795,000			1,888,540					
2009	11,452,534	10,500,000	498,99	98	2,145,000	<u>#</u>		1,583,900					
2010	20,952,108	4,000,000	1,337,0	55	1,430,000	-		1,245,095					
2011	21,869,785				655,000	=		892,257					
2012	20,434,460	æ	2		345,000	=		578,302					
2013	31,285,714				*	-		851,150					

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City abates the entire property tax levied to pay general obligation bond debt each year.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

			Business-Typ	oe Ac	tivities		Percentage						
	General		G.O. Bond		IEPA				Total	0	\mathbf{f}		
	Obligation	Δ	nticipation		Loan		Capital		Primary	Pers	onal		Per
	Bonds	-	Notes		Payable		Leases		Government		ne (1)	C	apita (1)
-	Dollas		Notes		1 ayaut		Leases		Government	IIICOII	10 (1)		ipita (1)
\$	5,225,000	\$	400,000	\$	6,668,591	\$	# #	\$	40,542,173	4	5.78%	\$	939.08
	4,710,000		400,000		6,350,346		95,975		38,251,556	4	5.32%		864.91
	4,780,000		×		6,023,982		297,825		38,812,199	5	5.30%		862.44
	4,590,000		<u> </u>		5,689,292		252,789		34,780,028	4	4.68%		760.24
	4,395,000		-		5,346,065		245,519		39,603,053	5	5.31%		862.87
	4,180,000				4,994,081		188,714		35,543,227	4	4.76%		774.16
	3,950,000		¥		4,633,118		128,674		37,676,050	4	4.84%		858.97
	3,710,000		*		4,262,947		66,093		31,456,082	2	4.04%		717.08
	3,537,172				3,883,332		25,516		28,804,206	3	3.54%		654.20
	3,269,269		=		3,673,988		13,786		39,093,907	4	4.64%		887.89

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Av	s: Amounts vailable in obt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value of Property (1)	C	Per apita (2)
2004	\$ 25,477,332	\$	627,244	\$ 24,850,088	5.70%	\$	575.61
2005	23,718,122		467,946	23,250,176	5.09%		525.71
2006	21,991,725		709,533	21,282,192	4.18%		472.91
2007	19,945,328		648,125	19,297,203	3.39%		421.81
2008	17,828,931		524,966	17,303,965	2.77%		377.02
2009	15,632,534		578,835	15,053,699	2.33%		327.88
2010	24,902,108		560,413	24,341,695	3.78%		554.96
2011	25,579,785		231,049	25,348,736	4.17%		577.85
2012	23,971,632		185,283	23,786,349	4.08%		540.23
2013	34,554,983		<u>u</u>	34,554,983	6.47%		784.81

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See the Schedule of Demographics and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit		Gross Debt	Percentage of Debt Applicable to City (1)	City's Share of Debt
City	\$	32,136,864	100.000%	\$ 32,136,864
Overlapping Debt DeKalb County		15,050,000	28.669%	4,314,723
DeKalb Community Unit School District #428		104,916,360	76.684%	80,453,548
Kishwaikee College #523		52,688,730	26.053%	13,727,239
Sycamore School District #427		sec.	98.228%	(a)
DeKalb Park District	8	1,855,000	100.000%	1,855,000
Total Overlapping Debt	-	174,510,089		100,350,510
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	_	206,646,953		132,487,374

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

⁽¹⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the City to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Tax Increment Financing Bonds and Notes Less: Net Incremental Incremental Fiscal Property Sales Contractual Available for Debt Service **Obligations Debt Service** Principal Interest Taxes Coverage Year Taxes 1,000,678 \$ 500,000 \$ 3,748,880 \$ \$ 167,439 \$ 22.39 2004 \$ 3,248,202 \$ 2005 500,000 3,864,019 110,000 174,964 13.56 3,421,773 942,246 5.98 2006* 3,727,681 1,329,249 500,000 4,556,930 450,000 312,377 5.01 2007** 4,596,145 1,506,288 500,000 5,602,433 1,005,214 112,592 9.79 2008 5,360,771 1,576,559 500,000 6,437,330 570,000 87,629 2009 6,597,332 1,645,810 498,998 7,744,144 650,000 87,122 10.51 7,024,011 715,000 76,212 8.88 2010 6,883,479 1,477,587 1,337,055 2011 1,400,702 8,338,366 775,000 48,464 10.13 6,937,664 8,059,609 310,000 9,831 25.20 2012 6,691,097 1,368,512 345,000 9,212 22.62 2013 6,679,893 1,330,744 8,010,637

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} The City issued Tax Increment Financing Notes in the amount of \$1,450,000 which were paid off in FY07.

^{**} The City issued Tax Increment Financing Notes in the amount of \$1,000,000 which were paid off in FY11.

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Equalized Assessed Value	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Family Income	Unemployment Rate
2004	43,172	435,773,899	\$ 702,017,982	\$ 16,261	53,017	5.00%
2005	44,226	456,342,041	719,158,986	16,261	53,017	5.10%
2006	45,003	509,622,816	731,793,783	16,261	53,017	3.80%
2007	45,749	569,806,272	743,924,489	16,261	53,017	4.10%
2008	45,897	623,822,841	746,331,117	16,261	53,017	5.30%
2009	45,912	645,855,095	746,575,032	16,261	53,017	9.80%
2010	43,862	643,916,597	777,673,260	17,730	60,571	9.80%
2011	43,867	608,332,947	777,761,910	17,730	60,571	10.00%
2012	44,030	582,504,715	814,026,640	18,488	60,571	9.60%
2013	44,030	533,805,903	841,853,600	19,120	60,571	10.30%

Data Sources: City Records, U.S. Census Bureau, Illinois Department of Employment Security and Office of the County Clerk

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2013				2004	4	
			Percentage	12		Percentage	
			of Total			of Total	
			City			City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Population	Employees	Rank	Population	
Northern Illinois University	3,596	1	8.17%	4,000	1	9.08%	
Kishwaukee Community Hospital	1,200	2	2.73%	490	2	1.11%	
3M	480	3	1.09%	250	8	0.57%	
Walmart	475	4	1.08%	450	3	1.02%	
Target Distribution Center	494	5	1.12%				
Tegrant	325	7	0.74%				
American Marketing	358	6	0.81%				
Nestle Distribution	250	8	0.57%	300	7	0.68%	
CST Storage	120	9	0.27%				
CVG DeKalb	120	10	0.27%				
Alloyd Company				436	4	0.99%	
Monsanto				400	5	0.91%	
AGCO				320	6	0.73%	
A.O. Smith				210	9	0.48%	
Good Year	·	-		180	10 _	0.41%	
	7,418	=	16.85%	7,036	=	15.98%	

Data Sources: Illinois Manufacturers Directory, Illinois Services Directory, DeKalb County Economic Development Corporation, City Records

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years* June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2004	2005	2006
General Government			
Legislative**	9.00	9.00	9.00
Administrative Services	20.00	28.00	28.00
City Clerk	2.50	2.50	2.50
Legal	= 3	1=1	-
Public Safety			
Police			
Officers	57.00	60.00	60.00
Civilians	21.57	20.32	20.57
Fire			
Firefighters	56.00	56.00	59.00
Staff	2.00	2.00	2.00
Community Improvement			
Community Development	18.65	15.65	16.15
Engineering Services	3 1	3.50	3.50
Public Works			
Administration	2.00	1.50	1.50
Public Facilities	2.00	2.00	2.00
Engineering	5.00	:=::	150
Information & Technology	6.00		
Streets	23.80	24.80	24.80
Water and Sewer	18.00	18.00	17.00
Airport Division	1.50	2.50	2.50
Development Services	· ·	3.00	3.50
Mass Transit	0.35	1.35	1.85
Total	_245.37	250.12	253.87

Data Source: City Budget Records

^{*} This schedule lists positions budgeted but not necessarily filled.

^{**} These positions are part-time.

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
25.00	25.00	23.00	23.00	21.25	16.50	20.00
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	3.20	2.00	:=:
61.00	63.00	63.00	61.00	60.00	61.00	63.00
22.57	21.07	20.07	20.07	19.07	19.07	23.07
60.00	60.00	60.00	58.00	54.00	53.00	53.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
16.15	17.15	13.65	10.00	4.50	7.00	7.00
3.50	3.50	3.83	4.10	1.85	2.00	2.00
1.50	1.50	0.59	1.50	1.26	1.50	1.50
2.50	2.50	1.00	1.00	-	9€	90
:=	; = 3	æ:	₩ E	-	8.	
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25.80	25.80	23.25	22.08	19.08	19.00	19.00
16.50	16.50	15.75	15.58	11.08	10.00	10.00
3.00	3.00	2.08	1.83	2.08	5.00	5.00
3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00	8	*	*
1.85	1.85	1.85	1.90	1.65	1.50	1.50
260.57	262.07	249.27	240.76	210.52	209.07	216.57

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2004	2005	2006
General Government			
Community Development			
Building Permits Issued			
Residential Permits Issued:			
New Construction	332	293	205
Remodel	77	71	78
Industrial/Commercial Permits Issued:			
New Construction	33	18	24
Remodel	31	42	26
Other Permits	835	698	779
Total Number of Permits	1,308	1,122	1,112
Total Building Permit Valuation (\$)	82,646,830	67,271,969	62,775,315
Public Safety			
Police			
Physical Arrests	2,212	2,524	2,339
Traffic Violations	6,468	6,557	6,235
Parking Violations	17,774	16,150	17,418
Fire			
Fire Responses (Fire & Non-Fire)	2,050	2,275	2,397
Emergency Medical Services Responses	3,029	3,197	3,284
Public Works			
Vehicles Maintained by Dept.	119	121	124
Street Construction (Miles)	1.94	3.68	1.49
Street Reconstruction (Miles)	0.32	0.74	0.70
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	2.80	0.85	0.75
Water			
Average Daily Consumption 12/31			
Industrial/Commercial	527,834	546,530	564,799
Residential	2,279,568	2,259,132	2,363,354
Government/Church/School	737,971	776,828	705,612
Water Billing Accounts on 12/31			
Industrial/Commercial	701	719	728
Residential	8,599	9,005	9,384
Government/Church/School	195	206	206

N/A - Data is not available

Data Source: Various City Departments

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
76 84	43 58	3 82	8 69	2 55	1 63	N/A N/A
27 23 700 910 22,371,977	33 60 726 920 28,965,290	9 25 681 800 9,917,109	10 31 745 863 8,455,270	20 12 764 853 30,110,627	16 21 647 748 11,637,858	N/A N/A N/A N/A
2,396 6,149 17,405 2,333 4,035	2,359 6,102 13,386 2,908 4,091	3,023 10,530 12,986 2,641 4,018	2,480 8,273 13,965 3,129 4,334	2,689 4,829 13,967 3,199 4,476	2,799 6,136 12,211 3,516 5,005	2,917 4,729 9,733 3,437 5,236
126 0.43 0.92	130 = 1.30 1.48	132 0.45 1.48	131 - 1.15 1.70	0.65 1.73	0.16 2.86	133 0.51 2.17
567,998 2,372,037 690,318 747 9,838	531,537 2,284,357 677,174 774 9,993	488,491 2,275,385 702,852 787 10,007	431,992 2,171,686 636,183 761 10,011	417,353 2,185,873 561,908 767 10,020	395,288 2,114,983 615,165 756 10,104	402,758 2,117,781 589,752 753 10,015
210	230	239	221	224	224	225

CITY OF DEKALB, ILLINOIS

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations/Municipal Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Vehicles	26	28	29	26	26	28	27	27	26	28
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ambulances	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6
Fire Trucks	5	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works										
Residential Streets (Miles)	116	119	124	125	125	126	128	128	128	128
Traffic Signals	19	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	24	24
Water										
Water Towers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Storage Capacity (MG)	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Water Wells	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Water Mains (Miles)	155	159	167	170	172	175	175	177	177	177

Data Source: Various City Departments